

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 42.161, 325.684)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(65, 42.161, 325.684)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(65, 42.344, 325.738)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C888C9
RGB	200, 136, 201
RGB Percent	78%, 53%, 79%
CMY	0.2162, 0.4671, 0.2123
CMYK	0.00, 0.32, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	299°, 38%, 66%
HSV	299°, 32%, 79%
XYZ	43.1000, 34.0472, 59.4805
YIQ	162.5460, 17.2790, 33.7830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

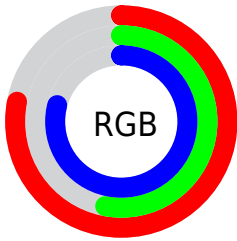
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	200, 136, 201
Decimal	13142217
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	65.00, 35.00, -23.84
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	65, 42.344, 325.738
Yxy	34.0472, 0.3155, 0.2492
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291332297 (0xFFC888C9)
YUV	162.5460, 18.9578, 32.8472
Hunter-Lab	58.3500, 29.7359, -19.5938

# Details

The CIELCh color  $65, 42.344, 325.738$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be  $75, 42.324, 141.789$ , and the grayscale version is  $67, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $85, 40.756, 325.838$ , and  $45, 42.286, 325.675$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $61, 54.888, 326.227$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $70, 29.327, 325.218$ .

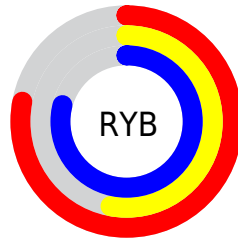
# Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (53%)

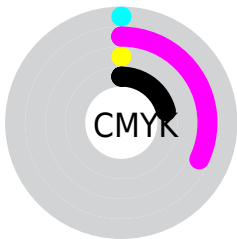
Blue (79%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (79%)

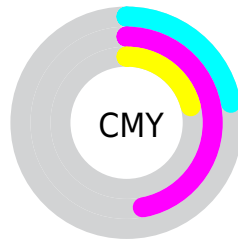


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (47%)


Yellow (21%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 42.344, 325.738 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 42.344, 325.738 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 65, 42.344,  
325.738


 65, 42.344,  
325.738


 100, 42.344,  
325.738


 55, 42.344,  
325.738


 85, 42.344,  
325.738

 45, 42.344,  
325.738

 95, 42.344,  
325.738

 35, 42.344,  
325.738

 25, 42.344,  
325.738

 15, 42.344,  
325.738

 5, 42.344, 325.738

 0, 42.344, 325.738

65, 42.344,  
325.738

65, 42.344,  
325.738

61, 54.888,  
326.227

70, 29.327,  
325.218

57, 66.555,  
326.666

75, 16.160,  
324.678

53, 76.852,  
327.038

80, 3.064, 324.075

51, 85.274,  
327.325

85, 9.816, 143.658

49, 91.410,  
327.515

90, 22.387,  
143.133

48, 95.091,  
327.604

95, 33.751,  
142.664

47, 96.621,  
327.620

95, 33.688,  
142.522

95, 33.625,  
142.379

■ 95, 33.563,  
142.236

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 42.344, 325.738



75, 42.324, 141.789

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 42.344, 325.738



65, 42.344, 15.738



65, 42.344, 145.738



65, 42.344, 195.738

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 42.342, 325.738



94, 15.858, 324.555



59, 36.212, 293.601



49, 10.828, 324.634



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 42.342, 325.738



77, 61.564, 326.094



64, 30.762, 345.747



39, 7.347, 324.513



38, 82.813, 327.629



4, 26.569, 326.414



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 26.806, 21.027



74, 40.181, 22.078



76, 29.670, 159.759



39, 4.278, 18.674



34, 74.022, 39.155

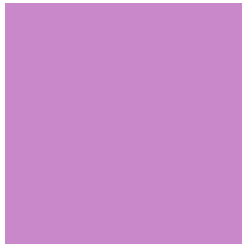


3, 15.889, 18.604



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 42.344, 325.738 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

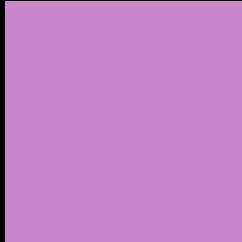
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 42.344, 325.738 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

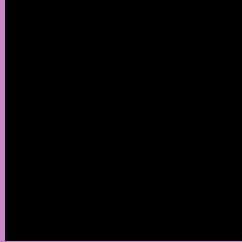
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 65, 42.344, 325.738

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 42.344, 325.738.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 42.344, 325.738.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
65, 20.211, 4.082

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
65, 42.344, 325.738



**Protanomaly**  
65, 34.364, 300.830



**Deuteranomaly**  
65, 29.017, 308.247



**Tritanomaly**  
65, 26.282, 343.123

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
65, 42.344, 325.738



**Achromatopsia**  
67, 0.008, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
66, 15.428, 325.133

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 42.344, 325.738 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 136, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 136, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 136, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 136, 201) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 42.344, 325.738 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 136, 201) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 136, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 136, 201)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 136, 201); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 136, 201);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 136,  
201) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 42.344, 325.738 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 136, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
136, 201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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