

Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 42.264, 293.223)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(65, 42.264, 293.223)
contains.

CIELCh(65, 42.264, 293.223)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(65, 42.264, 293.223)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9497E3
RGB	148, 151, 227
RGB Percent	58%, 59%, 89%
CMY	0.4190, 0.4072, 0.1092
CMYK	0.35, 0.33, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	238°, 59%, 74%
HSV	238°, 35%, 89%
XYZ	37.2195, 34.0472, 77.4011
YIQ	158.7670, -26.1840, 23.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

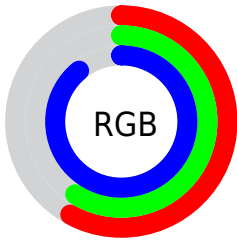
Format	Color
R_{YB}	148, 151, 227
Decimal	9738211
CIE _{Lab}	65.00, 16.67, -38.84
CIE _{LCh}	65, 42.264, 293.223
Yxy	34.0472, 0.2504, 0.2290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287928291 (0xFF9497E3)
YUV	158.7670, 33.6389, -9.4427
Hunter-Lab	58.3500, 11.7468, -37.8031

Details

The CIELCh color $65, 42.264, 293.223$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $88, 38.979, 105.133$, and the grayscale version is $65, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $84, 26.413, 291.704$, and $45, 42.321, 293.354$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $58, 55.573, 295.079$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $72, 29.494, 291.628$.

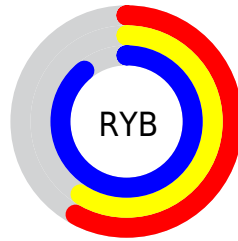
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (59%)

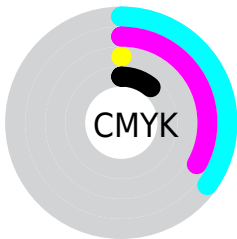
Blue (89%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (89%)

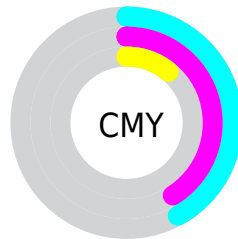


Cyan (35%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (42%)


Magenta (41%)


Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 42.264, 293.223 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 42.264, 293.223 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 65, 42.264,
293.223

 65, 42.264,
293.223


 100, 42.264,
293.223


 55, 42.264,
293.223


 85, 42.264,
293.223

 45, 42.264,
293.223

 95, 42.264,
293.223

 35, 42.264,
293.223

 25, 42.264,
293.223

 15, 42.264,
293.223

 5, 42.264, 293.223

 0, 42.264, 293.223

■ 65, 42.264,
293.223

■ 65, 42.264,
293.223

■ 58, 55.573,
295.079

■ 72, 29.494,
291.628

■ 51, 69.385,
297.192

■ 80, 17.243,
290.272

■ 44, 83.491,
299.501

■ 87, 5.475, 289.130

■ 38, 97.296,
301.848

■ 94, 5.849, 108.120

■ 99, 14.085,
109.113

■ 33, 109.534,
303.954

■ 30, 118.320,
305.480

■ 29, 121.056,
305.935

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 42.264, 293.223



88, 38.979, 105.133

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 42.264, 293.223



65, 42.264, 343.223



65, 42.264, 113.223



65, 42.264, 163.223

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 42.263, 293.223



92, 12.700, 289.707



85, 25.660, 192.996



48, 8.688, 289.872



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 42.263, 293.223



66, 56.946, 294.588



67, 45.318, 309.162



44, 6.615, 289.638



22, 100.639, 305.812



3, 32.789, 296.047

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 32.020, 19.702



73, 43.461, 20.924



86, 42.872, 125.615



45, 4.818, 16.868



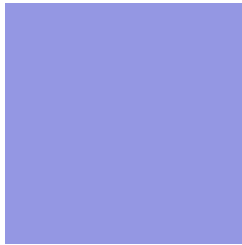
37, 78.335, 38.422



6, 26.982, 20.198

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 42.264, 293.223 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

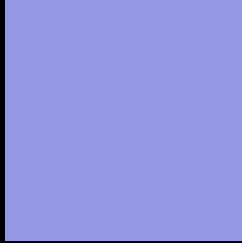
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 42.264, 293.223 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

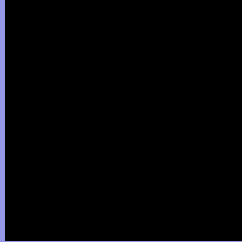
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 65, 42.264, 293.223

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 42.264, 293.223.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 42.264, 293.223.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

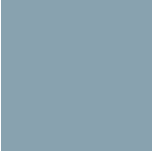
Dichromacy



Original Color
65, 42.264, 293.223

Protanopia
65, 41.893, 285.529

Deuteranopia
65, 39.274, 283.255



Tritanopia
65, 11.478, 237.999

Trichromacy



Original Color
65, 42.264, 293.223

Protanomaly
65, 41.738, 288.240

Deuteranomaly
65, 40.159, 286.957

Tritanomaly
65, 20.709, 275.322

Monochromacy



Original Color
65, 42.264, 293.223

Achromatopsia
65, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
65, 15.574, 290.509

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 42.264, 293.223 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 151, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 151, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 151, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 151, 227) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 42.264, 293.223 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 151, 227) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 151, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 151, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 151, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 151, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 151,  
227) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 42.264, 293.223 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 151, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148,  
151, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor