

Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 42.819, 139.169)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(65, 42.819, 139.169)
contains.

CIELCh(65, 42.859, 139.153)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(65, 42.859, 139.153)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	71AC6A
RGB	113, 172, 106
RGB Percent	44%, 67%, 42%
CMY	0.5569, 0.3256, 0.5844
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 0.38, 0.33
HSL	114°, 28%, 55%
HSV	114°, 38%, 67%
XYZ	24.1569, 34.0472, 18.9295
YIQ	146.8350, -13.9780, -33.0340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

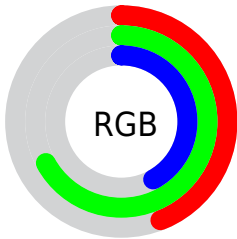
Format	Color
RYB	106, 172, 165
Decimal	7449706
CIELab	65.00, -32.42, 28.03
CIELCh	65, 42.859, 139.153
Yxy	34.0472, 0.3132, 0.4414
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285639786 (0xFF71AC6A)
YUV	146.8350, -20.1317, -29.6733
Hunter-Lab	58.3500, -28.2132, 21.6105

Details

The CIELCh color $65, 42.859, 139.153$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669966 . A complement of this color would be $53, 43.160, 323.332$, and the grayscale version is $61, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $85, 42.964, 139.107$, and $45, 43.009, 139.076$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $64, 53.486, 138.339$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $66, 31.819, 139.899$.

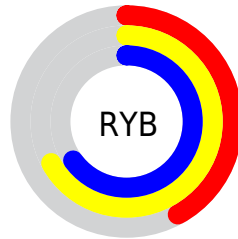
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (67%)

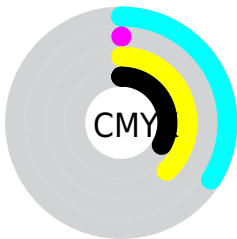
Blue (42%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (65%)

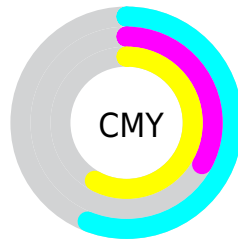


Cyan (34%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (38%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (56%)


Magenta (33%)


Yellow (58%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 42.859, 139.153 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 42.859, 139.153 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 65, 42.859,
139.153


 65, 42.859,
139.153


 100, 42.859,
139.153


 55, 42.859,
139.153


 85, 42.859,
139.153

 45, 42.859,
139.153

 95, 42.859,
139.153

 35, 42.859,
139.153

 25, 42.859,
139.153

 15, 42.859,
139.153

 5, 42.859, 139.153

 0, 42.859, 139.153

■ 65, 42.859,
139.153

■ 65, 42.859,
139.153

■ 64, 53.486,
138.339

■ 66, 31.819,
139.899

■ 63, 63.402,
137.492

■ 68, 20.588,
140.562

■ 62, 72.232,
136.682

■ 69, 9.338, 141.148

■ 62, 79.529,
136.018

■ 71, 1.808, 321.504

■ 62, 84.842,
135.627

■ 72, 12.762,
322.025

■ 61, 88.073,
135.522

■ 74, 23.466,
322.392

■ 61, 88.512,
135.483

■ 76, 33.885,
322.700

■ 78, 43.998,
322.961

■ 80, 51.320,
324.946

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 42.859, 139.153



53, 43.160, 323.332

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 42.859, 139.153



65, 42.859, 189.153



65, 42.859, 319.153



65, 42.859, 9.153

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 42.860, 139.154



87, 16.651, 140.930



67, 31.822, 100.880



46, 11.037, 140.858



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 42.860, 139.154



82, 63.274, 138.469



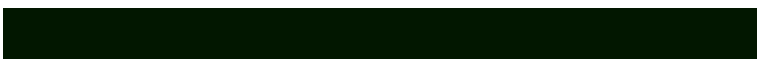
65, 33.428, 154.430



36, 6.358, 141.095



54, 80.142, 135.416



6, 13.479, 142.094

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 43.160, 323.332



64, 63.696, 323.678



53, 34.173, 341.028



34, 6.380, 321.966



33, 78.519, 324.192



2, 13.217, 320.261

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 42.859, 139.153 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 65, 42.859, 139.153 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 65, 42.859, 139.153

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 42.859, 139.153.

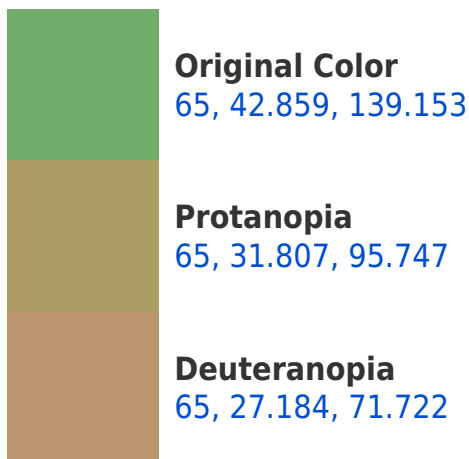



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 42.859, 139.153.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
65, 14.645, 230.823

Trichromacy



Original Color
65, 42.859, 139.153

Protanomaly
64, 33.034, 115.513

Deuteranomaly
64, 26.896, 105.439

Tritanomaly
65, 18.611, 171.101

Monochromacy



Original Color
65, 42.859, 139.153

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
62, 15.805, 140.230

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 42.859, 139.153 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 172, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 172, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 172, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 172, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 42.859, 139.153 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

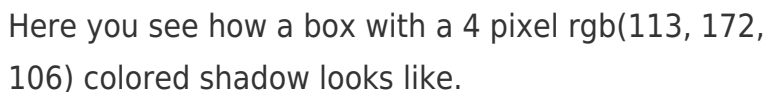
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 172, 106) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 172, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 172, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 172, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 172, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 172,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 42.859, 139.153 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 172, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
172, 106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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