

Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 47.054, 210.760)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(65, 47.054, 210.760)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(66, 36.869, 215.419)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00B1C6
RGB	0, 177, 198
RGB Percent	0%, 69%, 78%
CMY	1.0000, 0.3072, 0.2250
CMYK	1.00, 0.11, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	186°, 100%, 39%
HSV	186°, 100%, 78%
XYZ	25.7192, 35.3238, 58.6688
YIQ	126.4710, -112.2330, -30.9930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

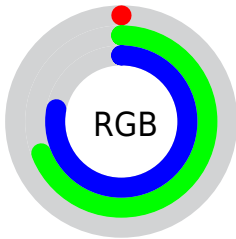
Format	Color
RYB	0, 93, 198
Decimal	45510
CIELab	66.00, -30.05, -21.37
CIELCh	66, 36.869, 215.419
Yxy	35.3238, 0.2148, 0.2951
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278235590 (0xFF00B1C6)
YUV	126.4710, 35.2638, -110.9151
Hunter-Lab	59.4338, -26.7656, -16.9231

Details

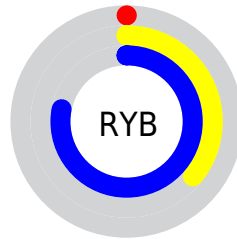
The CIELCh color **66, 36.869, 215.419** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **42, 84.673, 41.212**, and the grayscale version is **53, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86, 36.797, 215.755**, and **48, 28.580, 221.695** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66, 36.665, 215.539**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67, 36.283, 213.752**.

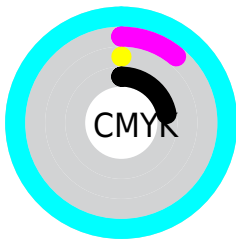
Distribution



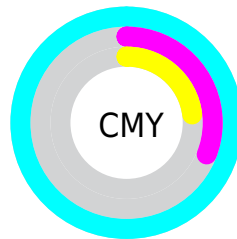
- Red (0%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (23%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 36.869, 215.419 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 36.869, 215.419 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 66, 36.869,
215.419


 66, 36.869,
215.419


 100, 36.869,
215.419


 56, 36.869,
215.419


 86, 36.869,
215.419

 46, 36.869,
215.419

 96, 36.869,
215.419

 36, 36.869,
215.419

 26, 36.869,
215.419

 16, 36.869,
215.419

 6, 36.869, 215.419

 0, 36.869, 215.419

■ 66, 36.869,
215.419

■ 66, 36.869,
215.419

■ 66, 36.665,
215.539

■ 67, 36.283,
213.752

■ 68, 35.272,
212.275

■ 69, 33.440,
211.135

■ 70, 30.751,
210.290

■ 71, 27.227,
209.700

■ 73, 22.933,
209.324

■ 74, 17.960,
209.126

■ 76, 12.411,

209.078

■ 78, 6.391, 209.171

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 36.869, 215.419



42, 84.673, 41.212

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 36.869, 215.419



66, 36.869, 265.419



66, 36.869, 35.419



66, 36.869, 85.419

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 36.665, 215.539



93, 22.048, 209.132



70, 96.862, 136.860



49, 14.778, 209.200



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 36.665, 215.539



83, 44.371, 215.868



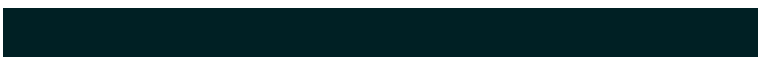
37, 72.492, 292.610



41, 3.649, 209.183



55, 31.842, 215.240



10, 11.738, 210.648

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 87.739, 332.991



59, 106.160, 333.072



57, 68.371, 69.223



39, 6.864, 327.975



38, 76.207, 332.918



4, 24.396, 330.820

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 66, 36.869, 215.419 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

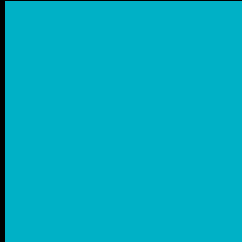
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 36.869, 215.419 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

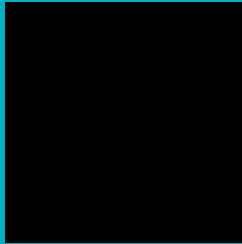
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 66, 36.869, 215.419

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 36.869, 215.419.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 36.869, 215.419.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



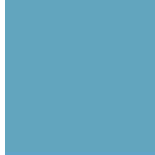


Tritanopia
66, 36.736, 209.933

Trichromacy



Original Color
66, 36.718, 215.521



Protanomaly
64, 24.243, 233.386



Deuteranomaly
64, 27.409, 245.737



Tritanomaly
66, 36.695, 211.794

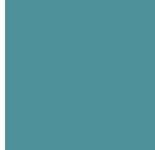
Monochromacy



Original Color
66, 36.718, 215.521



Achromatopsia
53, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
56, 21.148, 210.180

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 36.869, 215.419 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 177, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 177, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 177, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 177, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 36.869, 215.419 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 177, 198) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 177, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 177, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 177, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 177, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 177,  
198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 36.869, 215.419 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 177, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 177,  
198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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