

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 54.182, 277.458)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(65, 54.182, 277.458)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(65, 54.223, 277.537)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	599FFE
RGB	89, 159, 254
RGB Percent	35%, 62%, 100%
CMY	0.6512, 0.3767, 0.0042
CMYK	0.65, 0.37, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	215°, 99%, 67%
HSV	215°, 65%, 100%
XYZ	34.3790, 34.0472, 98.4702
YIQ	148.9000, -72.2150, 14.7050

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

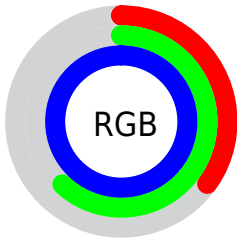
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	89, 138, 254
Decimal	5873662
CIE Lab	65.00, 7.11, -53.75
CIE LCh	65, 54.223, 277.537
Yxy	34.0472, 0.2060, 0.2040
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284063742 (0xFF599FFE)
YUV	148.9000, 51.8143, -52.5323
Hunter-Lab	58.3500, 3.0574, -59.2116

# Details

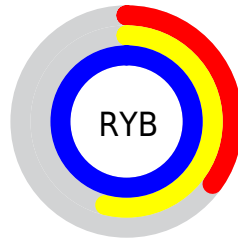
The CIELCh color **65, 54.223, 277.537** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **3399FF**. The color can be described as light muted azure. A complement of this color would be **80, 59.227, 74.145**, and the grayscale version is **61, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 27.968, 251.705**, and **45, 54.144, 279.143** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60, 62.769, 281.227**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70, 45.802, 274.276**.

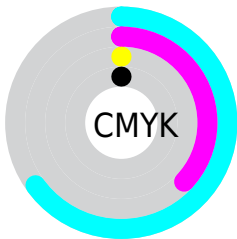
# Distribution



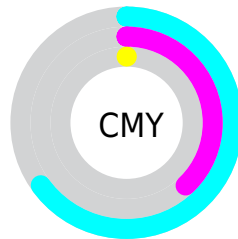
- Red (35%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 54.223, 277.537 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 54.223, 277.537 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 65, 54.223,  
277.537


 65, 54.223,  
277.537


 100, 54.223,  
277.537


 55, 54.223,  
277.537


 85, 54.223,  
277.537

 45, 54.223,  
277.537

 95, 54.223,  
277.537

 35, 54.223,  
277.537

 25, 54.223,  
277.537

 15, 54.223,  
277.537

 5, 54.223, 277.537

 0, 54.223, 277.537

■ 65, 54.223,  
277.537

■ 65, 54.223,  
277.537

■ 60, 62.769,  
281.227

■ 70, 45.802,  
274.276

■ 56, 71.516,  
285.257

■ 75, 37.443,  
271.456

■ 51, 80.498,  
289.448

■ 81, 29.104,  
269.052

■ 49, 85.091,  
291.484

■ 86, 20.770,  
267.016

■ 91, 12.443,  
265.297

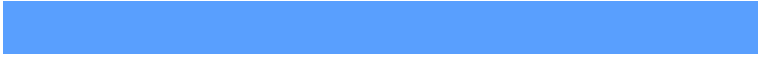
■ 97, 4.134, 263.885

100, 0.529,  
109.992

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



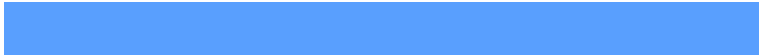
65, 54.223, 277.537



80, 59.227, 74.145

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 54.223, 277.537



65, 54.223, 327.537



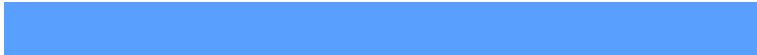
65, 54.223, 97.537



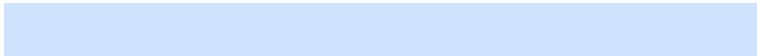
65, 54.223, 147.537

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 54.222, 277.538



90, 15.844, 265.953



90, 62.717, 159.565



46, 10.908, 266.448



0, 0.000, 0.000

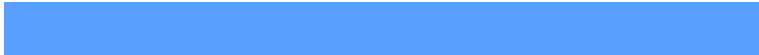


53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 54.222, 277.538



59, 65.610, 282.422



48, 95.225, 302.031



50, 4.737, 264.480



37, 67.515, 290.746



10, 27.177, 284.819





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 68.230, 357.125



58, 77.447, 0.892



96, 78.019, 107.543



50, 6.078, 348.750



41, 68.095, 9.443



10, 31.367, 2.734



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 54.223, 277.537 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

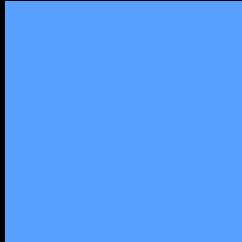
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 65, 54.223, 277.537 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

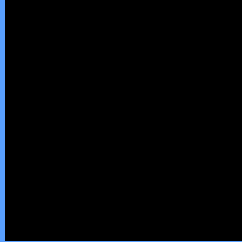
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

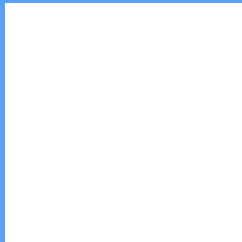
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 65, 54.223, 277.537

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 54.223, 277.537.



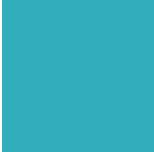
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 54.223, 277.537.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

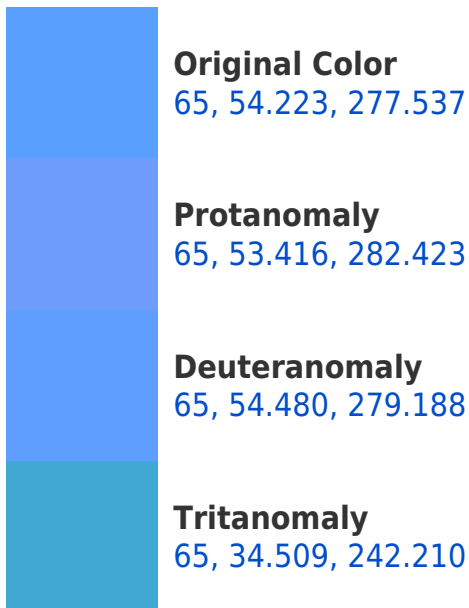




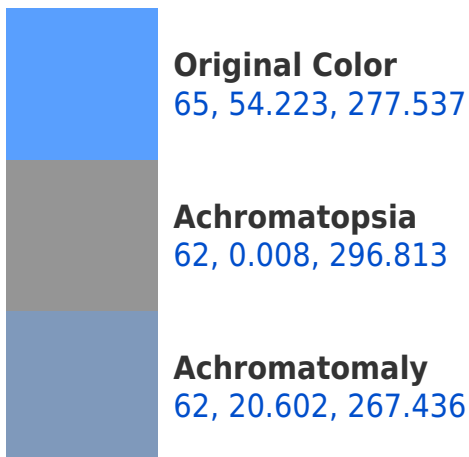
**Tritanopia**  
65, 32.800, 210.825



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 54.223, 277.537 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 159, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 159, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 159, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 159, 254) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 54.223, 277.537 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 159, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 159, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 159, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 159, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 159, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 159,  
254) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 54.223, 277.537 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 159, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 159,  
254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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