

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 62.724, 31.639)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(65, 62.724, 31.639) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(65, 62.674, 31.711)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF7166
RGB	255, 113, 102
RGB Percent	100%, 44%, 40%
CMY	0.0000, 0.5567, 0.5999
CMYK	0.00, 0.56, 0.60, 0.00
HSL	4°, 100%, 70%
HSV	4°, 60%, 100%
XYZ	49.5657, 34.0472, 16.5388
YIQ	154.2040, 88.1630, 26.6830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

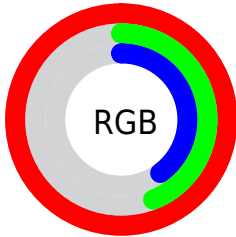
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 114, 102
Decimal	16740710
CIE Lab	65.00, 53.32, 32.94
CIE LCh	65, 62.674, 31.711
Yxy	34.0472, 0.4949, 0.3400
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294930790 (0xFFFF7166)
YUV	154.2040, -25.7366, 88.3981
Hunter-Lab	58.3500, 49.5155, 24.0397

# Details

The CIELCh color **65, 62.674, 31.711** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6666**. A complement of this color would be **89, 38.710, 205.674**, and the grayscale version is **64, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77, 36.615, 35.527**, and **45, 62.335, 31.693** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61, 74.876, 33.977**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70, 50.598, 29.910**.

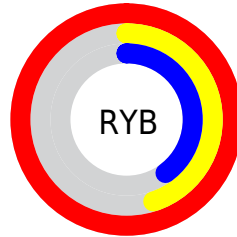
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (44%)

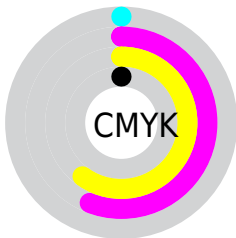
Blue (40%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (40%)

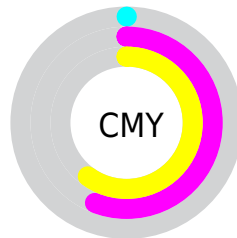


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (60%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (60%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 62.674, 31.711 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 62.674, 31.711 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 65, 62.674, 31.711

 65, 62.674, 31.711

 100, 62.674,  
31.711

 55, 62.674, 31.711

 85, 62.674, 31.711

 45, 62.674, 31.711

 95, 62.674, 31.711

 35, 62.674, 31.711

 25, 62.674, 31.711

 15, 62.674, 31.711

 5, 62.674, 31.711

 0, 62.674, 31.711

 65, 62.674, 31.711

 65, 62.674, 31.711

 61, 74.876, 33.977

 70, 50.598, 29.910

■ 57, 86.699, 36.585

■ 75, 39.033, 28.531

■ 55, 96.929, 39.042

■ 81, 28.141, 27.502

■ 54, 103.618,  
40.561

■ 87, 18.003, 26.740

■ 94, 8.630, 26.161

■ 54, 103.626,  
40.564

100, 0.012,  
296.813

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 62.674, 31.711



89, 38.710, 205.674

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 62.674, 31.711



65, 62.674, 81.711



65, 62.674, 211.711



65, 62.674, 261.711

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 62.653, 31.714



89, 16.081, 26.614



68, 86.480, 329.597



45, 11.310, 26.802



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 62.653, 31.714



60, 77.315, 34.483



81, 54.512, 74.078



50, 4.904, 26.135



40, 83.222, 40.748



10, 31.969, 30.698





# Inverse Universe

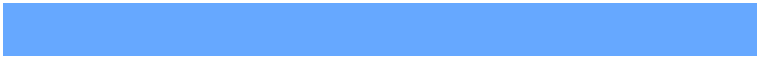
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89, 38.710, 205.674



88, 42.541, 206.285



68, 49.512, 275.019



52, 4.609, 205.664



66, 36.854, 208.756



22, 17.110, 207.134



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 62.674, 31.711 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 62.674, 31.711 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 65, 62.674, 31.711

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 62.674, 31.711.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 62.674, 31.711.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
65, 62.674, 31.711

**Protanopia**  
65, 20.909, 95.252

**Deuteranopia**  
65, 36.189, 76.585



**Tritanopia**  
65, 60.174, 22.810



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
65, 62.674, 31.711

**Protanomaly**  
64, 30.081, 51.888

**Deuteranomaly**  
64, 42.045, 52.128

**Tritanomaly**  
65, 60.780, 26.166

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
65, 62.674, 31.711

**Achromatopsia**  
64, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
63, 21.668, 27.354

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 62.674, 31.711 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 113, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 113, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 113, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 113, 102) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 62.674, 31.711 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 113, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 113, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 113, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 113, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 113, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 113,  
102) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 62.674, 31.711 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 113, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
113, 102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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