

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 67.470, 84.534)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(65, 67.470, 84.534) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(65, 67.459, 84.525)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C5970E
RGB	197, 151, 14
RGB Percent	77%, 59%, 5%
CMY	0.2273, 0.4077, 0.9448
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.93, 0.23
HSL	45°, 87%, 41%
HSV	45°, 93%, 77%
XYZ	34.1837, 34.0472, 5.1875
YIQ	149.1360, 71.3930, -32.8550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

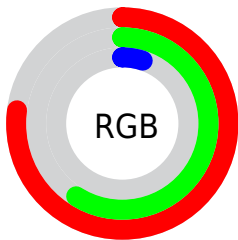
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">75, 197, 14</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12949262</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">65.00, 6.44, 67.15</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">65, 67.459, 84.525</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">34.0472, 0.4656, 0.4637</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291139342 (0xFFC5970E)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">149.1360, -66.6220, 41.9767</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">58.3500, 2.4600, 35.5739</a>

# Details

The CIELCh color **65, 67.459, 84.525** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9900**. The color can be described as dark washed orange. A complement of this color would be **33, 84.429, 298.611**, and the grayscale version is **62, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85, 66.951, 85.593**, and **45, 52.917, 82.329** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64, 68.987, 83.185**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66, 63.760, 86.239**.

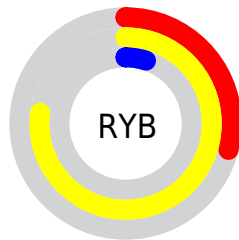
# Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (59%)

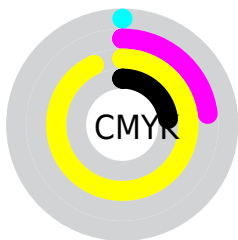
Blue (5%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (77%)

Blue (5%)

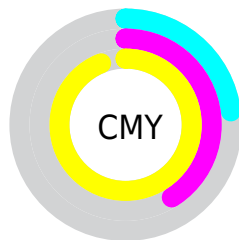


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (93%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (94%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 67.459, 84.525 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 67.459, 84.525 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 65, 67.459, 84.525

 65, 67.459, 84.525

 100, 67.459,  
84.525

 55, 67.459, 84.525

 85, 67.459, 84.525

 45, 67.459, 84.525

 95, 67.459, 84.525

 35, 67.459, 84.525

 25, 67.459, 84.525

 15, 67.459, 84.525

 5, 67.459, 84.525

 0, 67.459, 84.525

 65, 67.459, 84.525

 65, 67.459, 84.525

 64, 68.987, 83.185

 66, 63.760, 86.239

68, 58.050, 87.755

69, 51.026, 89.166

71, 43.266, 90.521

72, 35.147, 91.841

74, 26.891, 93.130

76, 18.625, 94.387

77, 10.415, 95.604

79, 2.296, 96.726

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 67.459, 84.525



33, 84.429, 298.611

# Rectangle

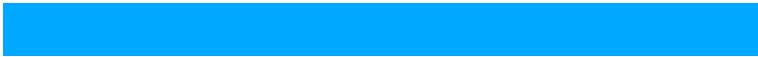
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 67.459, 84.525



65, 67.459, 134.525



65, 67.459, 264.525



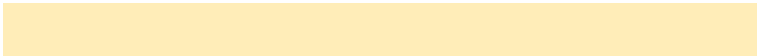
65, 67.459, 314.525

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 67.458, 84.528



94, 28.200, 93.691



42, 70.560, 20.515



49, 19.502, 93.136



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 67.458, 84.528



81, 83.672, 82.831



74, 80.827, 116.000



41, 4.616, 96.013



54, 60.053, 83.498



10, 15.134, 87.616





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33, 84.429, 298.611



39, 112.183, 301.138



27, 104.356, 307.457



39, 4.651, 278.319



24, 78.137, 300.261



3, 17.812, 284.215



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 67.459, 84.525 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 67.459, 84.525 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 65, 67.459, 84.525

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 67.459, 84.525.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 67.459, 84.525.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

65, 67.459, 84.525

### Protanopia

65, 66.005, 95.060

### Deuteranopia

65, 67.525, 82.901



**Tritanopia**  
65, 26.205, 8.913



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
65, 67.459, 84.525

**Protanomaly**  
65, 66.128, 90.936

**Deuteranomaly**  
65, 67.514, 83.293

**Tritanomaly**  
64, 35.421, 62.140

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
65, 67.459, 84.525

**Achromatopsia**  
62, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
62, 28.568, 92.940

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 67.459, 84.525 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 151, 14)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 151, 14)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 151, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 151, 14) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 67.459, 84.525 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 151, 14) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 151, 14) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 151, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 151, 14); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 151, 14);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 151,  
14) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 67.459, 84.525 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 151, 14) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
151, 14) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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