

Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 7.644, 107.833)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(65, 7.644, 107.833) contains.

CIELCh(65, 7.740, 109.344)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(65, 7.740, 109.344)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9F9F91
RGB	159, 159, 145
RGB Percent	62%, 62%, 57%
CMY	0.3778, 0.3778, 0.4327
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.09, 0.38
HSL	60°, 7%, 59%
HSV	60°, 9%, 62%
XYZ	31.6531, 34.0472, 31.5546
YIQ	157.4040, 4.4940, -4.3540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

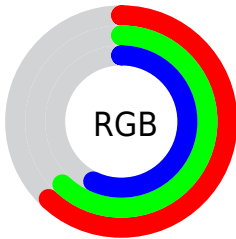
Format	Color
RYB	145, 159, 145
Decimal	10461073
CIELab	65.00, -2.56, 7.30
CIELCh	65, 7.740, 109.344
Yxy	34.0472, 0.3255, 0.3501
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288651153 (0xFF9F9F91)
YUV	157.4040, -6.1152, 1.3997
Hunter-Lab	58.3500, -5.2814, 8.7820

Details

The CIELCh color $65, 7.740, 109.344$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $60, 7.901, 291.077$, and the grayscale version is $65, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $85, 7.848, 109.498$, and $45, 7.704, 109.082$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $65, 16.478, 108.408$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $65, 1.044, 290.350$.

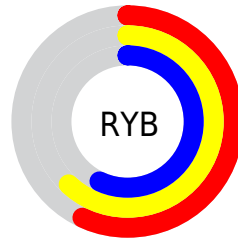
Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (62%)

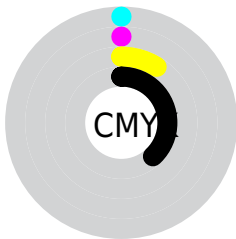
Blue (57%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (57%)

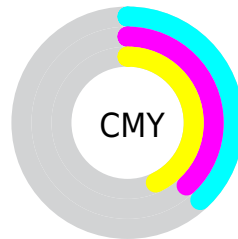


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 7.740, 109.344 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 7.740, 109.344 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 65, 7.740, 109.344

■ 65, 7.740, 109.344

■ 100, 7.740,
109.344

■ 55, 7.740, 109.344

■ 85, 7.740, 109.344

■ 45, 7.740, 109.344

■ 95, 7.740, 109.344

■ 35, 7.740, 109.344

■ 25, 7.740, 109.344

■ 15, 7.740, 109.344

■ 5, 7.740, 109.344

■ 0, 7.740, 109.344

■ 65, 7.740, 109.344

■ 65, 7.740, 109.344

■ 65, 16.478,

■ 65, 1.044, 290.350

108.408

66, 9.842, 291.219

64, 25.107,
107.461

66, 18.626,
292.103

64, 33.540,
106.533

67, 27.378,
292.954

64, 41.642,
105.645

68, 36.084,
293.766

64, 49.207,
104.826

68, 44.733,
294.538

64, 55.937,
104.109

69, 52.927,
295.235

63, 61.453,
103.532

69, 52.927,
295.236

63, 65.366,
103.131

69, 52.927,
295.237

63, 67.715,
102.894

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 7.740, 109.344



60, 7.901, 291.077

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 7.740, 109.344



65, 7.740, 159.344



65, 7.740, 289.344



65, 7.740, 339.344

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 7.742, 109.353



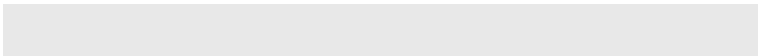
83, 3.260, 109.883



61, 5.522, 19.867



44, 2.492, 109.814



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 7.742, 109.353



82, 11.963, 109.129



64, 8.249, 128.700



33, 4.947, 109.314



57, 62.932, 102.868



4, 6.504, 110.189

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 7.901, 291.077



75, 12.269, 291.338



61, 8.355, 309.441



30, 5.054, 291.123



15, 86.896, 306.288



0, 6.505, 290.187

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 7.740, 109.344 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

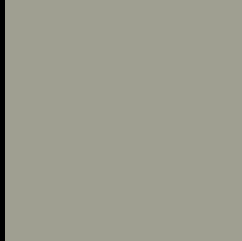
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 65, 7.740, 109.344 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

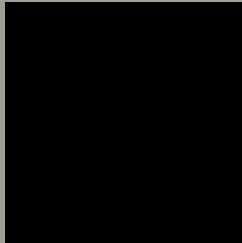
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

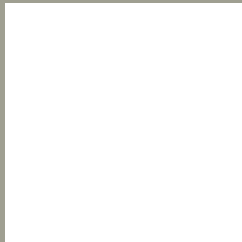
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 65, 7.740, 109.344

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 7.740, 109.344.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 7.740, 109.344.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

65, 7.740, 109.344

Protanopia

65, 7.705, 88.240

Deuteranopia

65, 10.565, 38.479



Tritanopia
65, 7.731, 310.713

Trichromacy



Original Color
65, 7.740, 109.344

Protanomaly
65, 7.897, 97.759

Deuteranomaly
65, 7.760, 54.560

Tritanomaly
65, 2.951, 330.627

Monochromacy



Original Color
65, 7.740, 109.344

Achromatopsia
65, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
65, 2.765, 109.863

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 7.740, 109.344 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 159, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 159, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 159, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 159, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 7.740, 109.344 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 159, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 159, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 159, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 159, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 159, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 159,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 7.740, 109.344 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 159, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
159, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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