

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 8.352, 131.581)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(65, 8.352, 131.581) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(65, 8.381, 131.176)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	98A092
RGB	152, 160, 146
RGB Percent	60%, 63%, 57%
CMY	0.4026, 0.3713, 0.4262
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.09, 0.37
HSL	94°, 7%, 60%
HSV	94°, 9%, 63%
XYZ	30.8506, 34.0472, 32.2715
YIQ	156.0120, -0.2740, -6.0500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

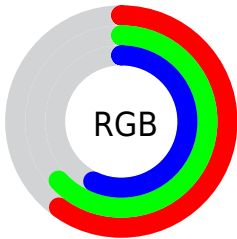
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	146, 160, 154
Decimal	10002578
CIELab	65.00, -5.52, 6.31
CIELCh	65, 8.381, 131.176
Yxy	34.0472, 0.3175, 0.3504
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288192658 (0xFF98A092)
YUV	156.0120, -4.9359, -3.5185
Hunter-Lab	58.3500, -7.7364, 8.0536

# Details

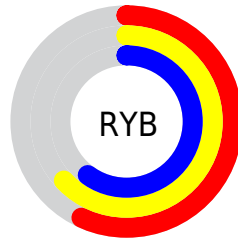
The CIELCh color  $65, 8.381, 131.176$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $62, 8.474, 311.875$ , and the grayscale version is  $65, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $85, 8.556, 132.211$ , and  $45, 8.445, 132.528$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $64, 18.016, 130.725$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $66, 1.217, 311.479$ .

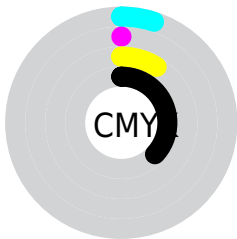
# Distribution



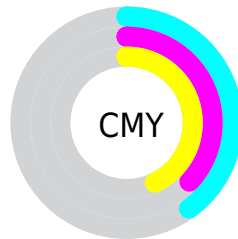
- Red (60%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (43%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 8.381, 131.176 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 8.381, 131.176 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 65, 8.381, 131.176

■ 65, 8.381, 131.176

■ 100, 8.381,  
131.176

■ 55, 8.381, 131.176

■ 85, 8.381, 131.176

■ 45, 8.381, 131.176

■ 95, 8.381, 131.176

■ 35, 8.381, 131.176

■ 25, 8.381, 131.176

■ 15, 8.381, 131.176

■ 5, 8.381, 131.176

■ 0, 8.381, 131.176

■ 65, 8.381, 131.176

■ 65, 8.381, 131.176

■ 64, 18.016,

■ 66, 1.217, 311.479

130.725

67, 10.732,  
311.940

63, 27.608,  
130.251

69, 20.124,  
312.281

62, 37.058,  
129.770

70, 29.369,  
312.582

61, 46.218,  
129.313

71, 38.448,  
312.847

61, 54.882,  
128.931

73, 47.351,  
313.081

60, 62.761,  
128.703

74, 54.331,  
313.932

59, 69.484,  
128.740

75, 55.211,  
317.014

59, 74.658,  
129.164

76, 56.229,  
320.042

59, 78.271,  
129.954



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 8.381, 131.176



62, 8.474, 311.875

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 8.381, 131.176



65, 8.381, 181.176



65, 8.381, 311.176



65, 8.381, 1.176

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 8.383, 131.179



83, 3.561, 131.445



64, 5.001, 81.145



44, 2.696, 131.404



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 8.383, 131.179



82, 11.917, 131.115



65, 9.096, 145.798



33, 5.365, 131.157



52, 72.183, 129.887



4, 7.058, 132.270



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 8.474, 311.875



78, 12.063, 311.939



62, 9.114, 326.743



31, 5.426, 311.897



23, 79.650, 313.875



1, 6.973, 310.522



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 8.381, 131.176 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

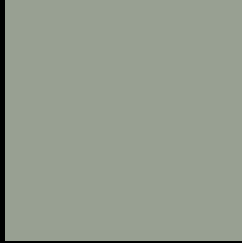
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 8.381, 131.176 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

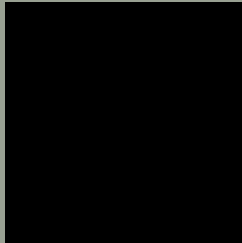
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 65, 8.381, 131.176**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 8.381, 131.176.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 8.381, 131.176.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

65, 8.381, 131.176


### Protanopia

65, 7.045, 89.750

### Deuteranopia

65, 9.819, 33.202





**Tritanopia**  
65, 6.680, 287.719

# Trichromacy



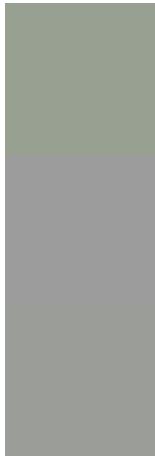
**Original Color**  
65, 8.381, 131.176

**Protanomaly**  
65, 7.203, 106.263

**Deuteranomaly**  
65, 6.490, 62.642

**Tritanomaly**  
65, 2.004, 256.026

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
65, 8.381, 131.176

**Achromatopsia**  
64, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
65, 3.531, 128.936

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 8.381, 131.176 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 160, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 160, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 160, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 160, 146) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 8.381, 131.176 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 160, 146) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 160, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 160, 146)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 160, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 160, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 160,  
146) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 8.381, 131.176 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 160, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
160, 146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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