

Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 82.418, 141.165)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(65, 82.418, 141.165)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(65, 82.537, 141.129)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	01B737
RGB	1, 183, 55
RGB Percent	0%, 72%, 22%
CMY	0.9963, 0.2833, 0.7852
CMYK	0.99, 0.00, 0.70, 0.28
HSL	138°, 99%, 36%
HSV	138°, 99%, 72%
XYZ	17.5794, 34.0472, 9.2301
YIQ	113.9900, -67.3840, -78.3920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

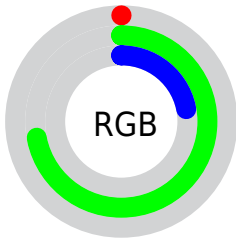
Format	Color
RYB	1, 141, 183
Decimal	112439
CIELab	65.00, -64.26, 51.80
CIELCh	65, 82.537, 141.129
Yxy	34.0472, 0.2889, 0.5595
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278302519 (0xFF01B737)
YUV	113.9900, -29.0821, -99.0922
Hunter-Lab	58.3500, -48.3347, 31.4662

Details

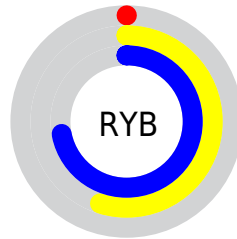
The CIELCh color **65, 82.537, 141.129** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC33**. A complement of this color would be **41, 72.035, 344.486**, and the grayscale version is **48, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85, 82.592, 141.135**, and **46, 71.852, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65, 82.774, 141.042**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65, 77.553, 143.005**.

Distribution



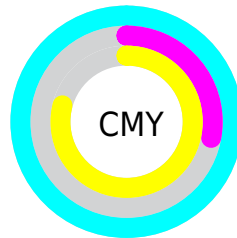
- Red (0%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Black (28%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (79%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 82.537, 141.129 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 82.537, 141.129 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 65, 82.537,
141.129


 65, 82.537,
141.129


 100, 82.537,
141.129


 55, 82.537,
141.129


 85, 82.537,
141.129

 45, 82.537,
141.129

 95, 82.537,
141.129

 35, 82.537,
141.129

 25, 82.537,
141.129

 15, 82.537,
141.129

 5, 82.537, 141.129

 0, 82.537, 141.129

■ 65, 82.537,
141.129

■ 65, 82.537,
141.129

■ 65, 82.774,
141.042

■ 65, 77.553,
143.005

■ 66, 71.554,
144.875

■ 66, 64.530,
146.606

■ 67, 56.597,
148.163

■ 68, 47.916,
149.538

■ 69, 38.670,
150.740

■ 70, 29.045,
151.785

■ 71, 19.214,

152.697

■ 73, 9.324, 153.504

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 82.537, 141.129



41, 72.035, 344.486

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 82.537, 141.129



65, 82.537, 191.129



65, 82.537, 321.129



65, 82.537, 11.129

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 82.537, 141.129



88, 36.504, 151.686



68, 79.052, 119.009



47, 25.056, 151.258



97, 0.011, 296.813



50, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 82.537, 141.129



82, 101.427, 140.697



66, 49.341, 169.300



38, 5.588, 153.515



56, 73.037, 141.307



8, 16.234, 151.113

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 72.035, 344.486



53, 87.334, 344.940



38, 71.306, 27.879



36, 5.616, 334.722



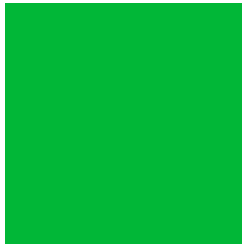
34, 64.132, 344.313



3, 14.111, 339.100

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 82.537, 141.129 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 82.537, 141.129 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 65, 82.537, 141.129

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 82.537, 141.129.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 82.537, 141.129.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
65, 82.568, 141.153

Protanopia
65, 56.552, 95.688

Deuteranopia
64, 49.292, 80.471



Tritanopia
65, 28.584, 213.236

Trichromacy



Original Color
65, 82.568, 141.153



Protanomaly
62, 63.417, 125.074



Deuteranomaly
62, 53.917, 121.824



Tritanomaly
64, 44.004, 167.901

Monochromacy



Original Color
65, 82.568, 141.153



Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
53, 37.156, 149.616

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 82.537, 141.129 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 183, 55)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 183, 55)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 183, 55) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 183, 55) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 82.537, 141.129 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 183, 55) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 183, 55) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 183, 55)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 183, 55); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 183, 55);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 183, 55)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 82.537, 141.129 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 183, 55) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 183,  
55) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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