

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 86.656, 56.332)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(65, 86.656, 56.332) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(65, 86.666, 56.219)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF7505
RGB	255, 117, 5
RGB Percent	100%, 46%, 2%
CMY	0.0000, 0.5407, 0.9794
CMYK	0.00, 0.54, 0.98, 0.00
HSL	27°, 100%, 51%
HSV	27°, 98%, 100%
XYZ	47.6946, 34.0472, 4.2084
YIQ	145.4940, 118.2000, -5.5760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

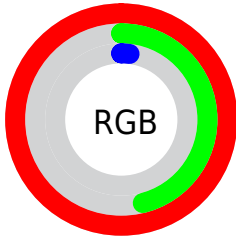
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 208, 5
Decimal	16741637
CIE Lab	65.00, 48.19, 72.03
CIE LCh	65, 86.666, 56.219
Yxy	34.0472, 0.5549, 0.3961
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294931717 (0xFFFF7505)
YUV	145.4940, -69.2635, 96.0368
Hunter-Lab	58.3500, 43.7915, 36.5688

# Details

The CIELCh color **65, 86.666, 56.219** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6600**. The color can be described as dark saturated orange. A complement of this color would be **59, 64.873, 278.521**, and the grayscale version is **61, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77, 64.954, 70.195**, and **45, 74.331, 49.248** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64, 87.773, 55.705**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68, 80.229, 58.769**.

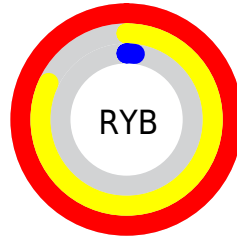
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (46%)

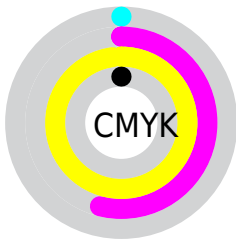
Blue (2%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (82%)

Blue (2%)

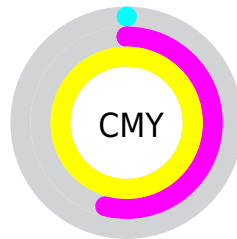


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (98%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (98%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 86.666, 56.219 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 86.666, 56.219 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 65, 86.666, 56.219

 65, 86.666, 56.219

 100, 86.666,  
56.219

 55, 86.666, 56.219

 85, 86.666, 56.219

 45, 86.666, 56.219

 95, 86.666, 56.219

 35, 86.666, 56.219

 25, 86.666, 56.219

 15, 86.666, 56.219

 5, 86.666, 56.219

 0, 86.666, 56.219

 65, 86.666, 56.219

 65, 86.666, 56.219

 64, 87.773, 55.705

 68, 80.229, 58.769

71, 71.426, 60.497

74, 61.481, 61.813

78, 51.301, 62.973

81, 41.344, 64.092

85, 31.807, 65.214

89, 22.759, 66.347

93, 14.203, 67.485

97, 6.112, 68.591

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 86.666, 56.219



59, 64.873, 278.521

# Rectangle

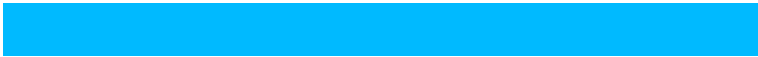
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 86.666, 56.219



65, 86.666, 106.219



65, 86.666, 236.219



65, 86.666, 286.219

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 86.615, 56.241



88, 23.692, 66.227



56, 85.898, 355.881



45, 16.458, 65.743



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 86.615, 56.241



64, 87.773, 55.705



93, 91.969, 98.442



51, 4.395, 68.425



49, 70.354, 56.411



15, 27.151, 56.707





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 64.873, 278.521



58, 66.167, 279.494



34, 129.811, 305.508



51, 4.262, 250.824



44, 52.449, 278.592



13, 21.616, 271.656



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 86.666, 56.219 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 86.666, 56.219 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 65, 86.666, 56.219

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 86.666, 56.219.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 86.666, 56.219.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

65, 86.666, 56.219

### Protanopia

65, 64.823, 95.492

### Deuteranopia

65, 69.788, 83.291



**Tritanopia**  
65, 60.313, 23.313



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
65, 86.666, 56.219

**Protanomaly**  
64, 68.025, 77.886

**Deuteranomaly**  
64, 73.599, 71.448

**Tritanomaly**  
65, 69.363, 41.582

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
65, 86.666, 56.219

**Achromatopsia**  
61, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
60, 32.627, 63.229

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 86.666, 56.219 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 117, 5)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 117, 5)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 117, 5) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 117, 5) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 86.666, 56.219 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 117, 5) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 117, 5) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 117, 5) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 117, 5); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 117, 5);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 117,  
5) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 86.666, 56.219 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 117, 5) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
117, 5) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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