

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 9.521, 68.477)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(65, 9.521, 68.477) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(65, 9.665, 67.681)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AB9B8E
RGB	171, 155, 142
RGB Percent	67%, 61%, 56%
CMY	0.3295, 0.3922, 0.4432
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.17, 0.33
HSL	27°, 15%, 61%
HSV	27°, 17%, 67%
XYZ	33.3922, 34.0472, 30.3976
YIQ	158.3020, 13.7090, -0.6510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

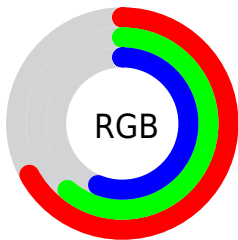
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	171, 166, 142
Decimal	11246478
CIELab	65.00, 3.67, 8.94
CIELCh	65, 9.665, 67.681
Yxy	34.0472, 0.3413, 0.3480
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289436558 (0xFFAB9B8E)
YUV	158.3020, -8.0369, 11.1361
Hunter-Lab	58.3500, 0.0386, 9.9577

# Details

The CIELCh color  $65, 9.665, 67.681$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $64, 9.127, 251.860$ , and the grayscale version is  $65, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $85, 9.611, 64.707$ , and  $45, 9.732, 66.701$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $62, 15.796, 66.585$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $68, 3.859, 68.761$ .

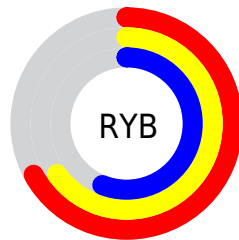
# Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (61%)

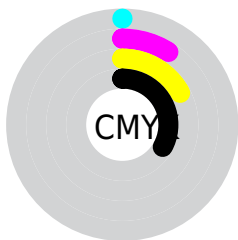
Blue (56%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (56%)

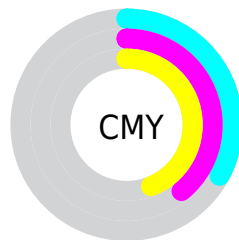


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 9.665, 67.681 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 9.665, 67.681 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 65, 9.665, 67.681       65, 9.665, 67.681

 100, 9.665, 67.681       55, 9.665, 67.681

 85, 9.665, 67.681       45, 9.665, 67.681

 95, 9.665, 67.681       35, 9.665, 67.681


 25, 9.665, 67.681

 15, 9.665, 67.681

 5, 9.665, 67.681

 0, 9.665, 67.681

 65, 9.665, 67.681       65, 9.665, 67.681

 62, 15.796, 66.585       68, 3.859, 68.761

59, 22.271, 65.477

71, 1.651, 250.189

57, 29.093, 64.379

74, 6.895, 251.118

54, 36.227, 63.288

77, 11.903,  
252.166

51, 43.563, 62.172

80, 16.702,  
253.197

49, 50.845, 60.946

47, 57.548, 59.418

83, 21.318,  
254.196

45, 62.940, 57.324

86, 23.233,  
249.260

44, 64.585, 56.775

88, 22.194,  
233.922

91, 22.751,  
218.457

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 9.665, 67.681



64, 9.127, 251.860

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 9.665, 67.681



65, 9.665, 117.681



65, 9.665, 247.681



65, 9.665, 297.681

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 9.665, 67.694



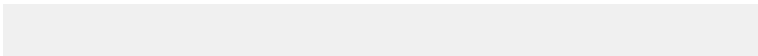
87, 3.408, 68.935



62, 14.495, 341.552



46, 2.348, 68.875



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 9.665, 67.694



81, 14.219, 67.319



69, 14.789, 105.656



35, 3.196, 68.522



39, 58.622, 57.199



4, 6.415, 59.703





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64, 9.127, 251.860



80, 13.254, 252.377



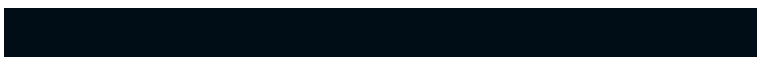
60, 15.283, 289.285



35, 3.105, 250.822



35, 43.239, 277.675



3, 7.077, 259.922



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 9.665, 67.681 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 9.665, 67.681 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

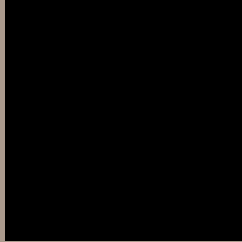
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 65, 9.665, 67.681

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 9.665, 67.681.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 9.665, 67.681.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

65, 9.665, 67.681

### Protanopia

65, 8.226, 89.533

### Deuteranopia

65, 12.027, 44.613



**Tritanopia**  
65, 10.763, 342.259



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
65, 9.665, 67.681

**Protanomaly**  
65, 8.430, 77.979

**Deuteranomaly**  
65, 10.824, 50.709

**Tritanomaly**  
65, 7.974, 8.120

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
65, 9.665, 67.681

**Achromatopsia**  
65, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
65, 3.607, 69.487

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 9.665, 67.681 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 155, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 155, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 155, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 155, 142) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 9.665, 67.681 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 155, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 155, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 155, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 155, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 155, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 155,  
142) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 9.665, 67.681 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 155, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
155, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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