

Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 9.529, 319.177)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(65, 9.529, 319.177) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(65, 9.529, 319.177)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A69AA9
RGB	166, 154, 169
RGB Percent	65%, 60%, 66%
CMY	0.3493, 0.3964, 0.3375
CMYK	0.02, 0.09, 0.00, 0.34
HSL	288°, 8%, 63%
HSV	288°, 9%, 66%
XYZ	34.4076, 34.0472, 42.2569
YIQ	159.2980, 2.3370, 7.2090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

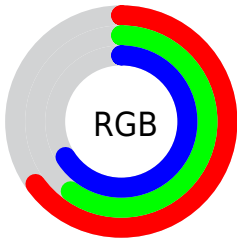
Format	Color
RYB	166, 154, 169
Decimal	10918569
CIELab	65.00, 7.21, -6.23
CIELCh	65, 9.529, 319.177
Yxy	34.0472, 0.3108, 0.3075
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289108649 (0xFFA69AA9)
YUV	159.2980, 4.7831, 5.8777
Hunter-Lab	58.3500, 3.1448, -2.0927




Details

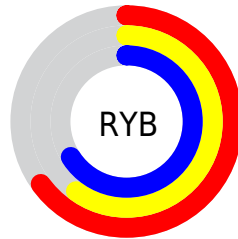
The CIELCh color $65, 9.529, 319.177$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $68, 9.476, 138.429$, and the grayscale version is $66, 0.008, 296.813$.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is $85, 9.666, 319.478$, and $45, 9.493, 318.866$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60, 20.417, 319.627$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $70, 1.184, 138.920$.

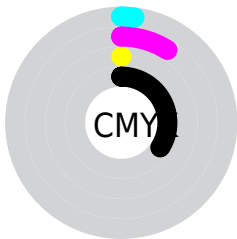
Distribution







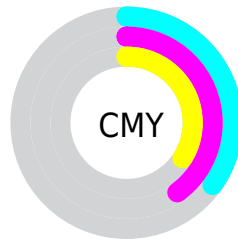
-  Red (65%)
-  Green (60%)
-  Blue (66%)






-  Red (65%)
-  Yellow (60%)
-  Blue (66%)



-  Cyan (2%)
-  Magenta (9%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (34%)



-  Cyan (35%)
-  Magenta (40%)
-  Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 9.529, 319.177 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 9.529, 319.177 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 65, 9.529, 319.177

■ 65, 9.529, 319.177

■ 100, 9.529,
319.177

■ 55, 9.529, 319.177

■ 85, 9.529, 319.177

■ 45, 9.529, 319.177

■ 95, 9.529, 319.177

■ 35, 9.529, 319.177

■ 25, 9.529, 319.177

■ 15, 9.529, 319.177

■ 5, 9.529, 319.177

■ 0, 9.529, 319.177

■ 65, 9.529, 319.177

■ 65, 9.529, 319.177

■ 60, 20.417,

■ 70, 1.184, 138.920

319.627

75, 11.652,
138.368

56, 31.377,
320.068

79, 21.844,
137.971

51, 42.238,
320.487

84, 31.744,
137.606

47, 52.747,
320.860

89, 41.352,
137.269

44, 62.553,
321.156

94, 50.508,
136.947

40, 71.210,
321.335

94, 49.897,
135.843

38, 78.229,
321.354

94, 49.300,
134.697

36, 83.186,
321.171

94, 48.719,
133.510

34, 86.180,
320.793

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 9.529, 319.177



68, 9.476, 138.429

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 9.529, 319.177



65, 9.529, 9.177



65, 9.529, 139.177



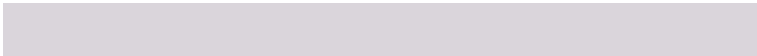
65, 9.529, 189.177

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 9.527, 319.176



86, 3.964, 318.886



65, 6.622, 280.457



45, 3.002, 318.932



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 9.527, 319.176



81, 14.627, 319.282



65, 8.294, 334.171



33, 6.057, 319.195



29, 78.421, 320.825



1, 10.779, 316.944

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65, 6.052, 3.989



81, 9.329, 4.235



68, 8.256, 153.054



33, 3.850, 4.032



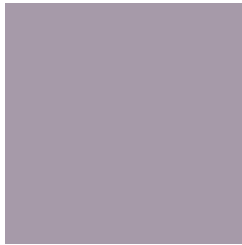
30, 61.360, 28.394



1, 6.796, 5.394

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 9.529, 319.177 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 65, 9.529, 319.177 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

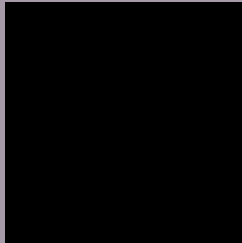
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 65, 9.529, 319.177

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 9.529, 319.177.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 9.529, 319.177.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

65, 9.529, 319.177

Protanopia

65, 7.787, 291.005

Deuteranopia

65, 10.588, 323.209



Tritanopia
65, 8.112, 324.803

Trichromacy



Original Color
65, 9.529, 319.177

Protanomaly
65, 7.954, 301.748

Deuteranomaly
65, 10.392, 321.425

Tritanomaly
65, 8.574, 322.715

Monochromacy



Original Color
65, 9.529, 319.177

Achromatopsia
65, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
65, 3.859, 319.913

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 9.529, 319.177 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 154, 169)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 154, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 154, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 154, 169) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 9.529, 319.177 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

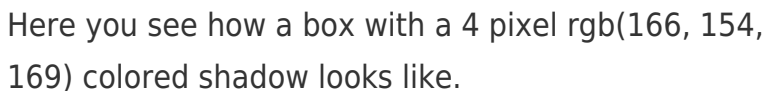
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 154, 169) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 154, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 154, 169)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 154, 169); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 154, 169); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 154, 169) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 9.529, 319.177 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 154, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
154, 169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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