

Converting Colors

CIELCh(65, 9.771, 12.177)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(65, 9.771, 12.177) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(65, 9.884, 13.906)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B1989A
RGB	177, 152, 154
RGB Percent	69%, 60%, 60%
CMY	0.3066, 0.4046, 0.3968
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.13, 0.31
HSL	355°, 14%, 64%
HSV	355°, 14%, 69%
XYZ	35.1026, 34.0472, 35.2119
YIQ	159.7030, 14.2580, 5.9220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

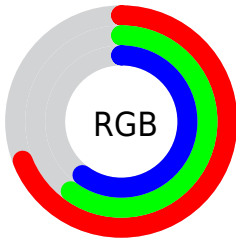
Format	Color
RYB	177, 152, 154
Decimal	11638938
CIELab	65.00, 9.59, 2.38
CIELCh	65, 9.884, 13.906
Yxy	34.0472, 0.3364, 0.3262
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289829018 (0xFFB1989A)
YUV	159.7030, -2.8116, 15.1695
Hunter-Lab	58.3500, 5.2710, 5.0658

Details

The CIELCh color $65, 9.884, 13.906$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $70, 9.159, 191.820$, and the grayscale version is $66, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $85, 10.054, 14.154$, and $45, 9.835, 13.750$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60, 17.439, 14.994$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $70, 2.795, 12.928$.

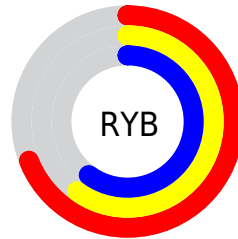
Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (60%)

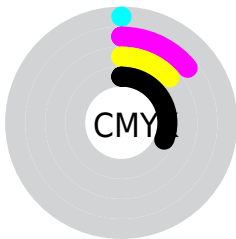
Blue (60%)



Red (69%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (60%)

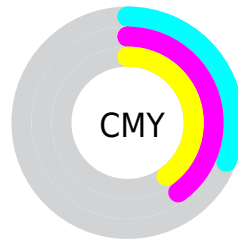


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (31%)


Magenta (40%)

Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 65, 9.884, 13.906 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 65, 9.884, 13.906 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 65, 9.884, 13.906  65, 9.884, 13.906

 100, 9.884, 13.906  55, 9.884, 13.906

 85, 9.884, 13.906  45, 9.884, 13.906

 95, 9.884, 13.906  35, 9.884, 13.906

 25, 9.884, 13.906

 15, 9.884, 13.906

 5, 9.884, 13.906

 0, 9.884, 13.906

 65, 9.884, 13.906  65, 9.884, 13.906

 60, 17.439, 14.994  70, 2.795, 12.928

■ 55, 25.431, 16.321

■ 75, 3.827, 192.520

■ 51, 33.767, 17.992

■ 80, 10.010,
191.843

■ 47, 42.282, 20.118

■ 85, 15.791,
191.316

■ 43, 50.736, 22.824

■ 40, 58.849, 26.205

■ 91, 21.211,
190.869

■ 38, 66.334, 30.231

■ 95, 25.186,
193.636

■ 37, 72.830, 34.549

■ 37, 76.099, 36.680

■ 95, 24.884,
197.883

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65, 9.884, 13.906



70, 9.159, 191.820

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65, 9.884, 13.906



65, 9.884, 63.906



65, 9.884, 193.906



65, 9.884, 243.906

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65, 9.882, 13.915



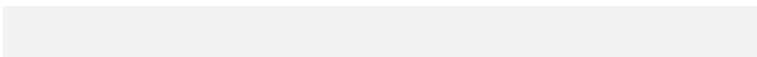
89, 3.343, 12.920



65, 16.344, 322.858



47, 2.379, 13.006



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65, 9.882, 13.915



81, 14.850, 14.235



68, 8.117, 64.371



35, 3.926, 13.453



31, 68.000, 36.187



2, 9.204, 14.283

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65, 9.882, 13.915



81, 14.850, 14.235



67, 7.689, 247.635



35, 3.926, 13.453



31, 68.000, 36.187



2, 9.204, 14.283

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 65, 9.884, 13.906 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 65, 9.884, 13.906 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

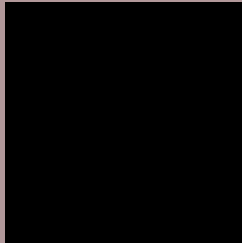
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 65, 9.884, 13.906

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 9.884, 13.906.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 65, 9.884, 13.906.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

65, 9.884, 13.906

Protanopia

65, 1.536, 19.246

Deuteranopia

65, 8.648, 16.519



Tritanopia
65, 12.694, 349.089

Trichromacy



Original Color
65, 9.884, 13.906

Protanomaly
65, 4.687, 12.969

Deuteranomaly
65, 9.048, 16.723

Tritanomaly
65, 11.391, 357.662

Monochromacy



Original Color
65, 9.884, 13.906

Achromatopsia
66, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
66, 3.517, 10.556

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 65, 9.884, 13.906 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(177, 152, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(177, 152, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 152, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(177, 152, 154) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 65, 9.884, 13.906 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(177, 152, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(177, 152, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(177, 152, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(177, 152, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 152, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 152,  
154) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 65, 9.884, 13.906 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(177, 152, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(177,  
152, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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