

Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 0.458, 69.178)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(66, 0.458, 69.178) contains.

CIELCh(66, 0.382, 18.216)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	19
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	22
<i>CSS Examples</i>	25

Color

CIELCh(66, 0.382, 18.216)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A1A0A0
RGB	161, 160, 160
RGB Percent	63%, 63%, 63%
CMY	0.3681, 0.3720, 0.3720
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.01, 0.37
HSL	0°, 1%, 63%
HSV	0°, 1%, 63%
XYZ	33.6777, 35.3238, 38.3643
YIQ	160.2990, 0.5960, 0.2120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

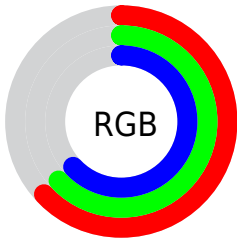
Format	Color
RYB	161, 160, 160
Decimal	10592416
CIELab	66.00, 0.36, 0.12
CIElCh	66, 0.382, 18.216
Yxy	35.3238, 0.3137, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288782496 (0xFFA1A0A0)
YUV	160.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148
Hunter-Lab	59.4338, -2.8635, 3.3323

Details

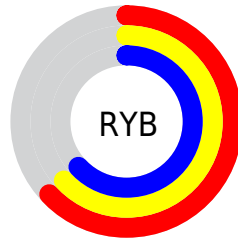
The CIELCh color $66, 0.382, 18.216$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $66, 0.377, 200.853$, and the grayscale version is $66, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $86, 0.362, 17.823$, and $46, 0.409, 18.589$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $61, 6.760, 20.232$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $71, 5.525, 199.276$.

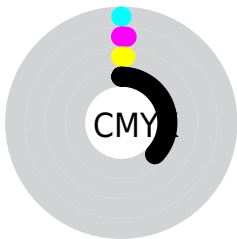
Distribution



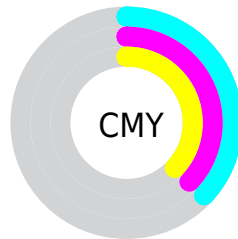
- Red (63%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (37%)




- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 0.382, 18.216 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 0.382, 18.216 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 66, 0.382, 18.216  66, 0.382, 18.216

100, 0.382, 18.216  56, 0.382, 18.216

 86, 0.382, 18.216  46, 0.382, 18.216

 96, 0.382, 18.216  36, 0.382, 18.216

 26, 0.382, 18.216

 16, 0.382, 18.216

 6, 0.382, 18.216

 0, 0.382, 18.216

 66, 0.382, 18.216  66, 0.382, 18.216

 61, 6.760, 20.232  71, 5.525, 199.276

57, 13.643, 21.067

76, 11.000,
198.846

52, 21.033, 22.116

80, 16.088,
198.521

48, 28.893, 23.473

44, 37.126, 25.236

85, 20.836,
198.263

41, 45.557, 27.510

90, 25.284,
198.054

38, 53.934, 30.361

35, 61.898, 33.714

94, 29.097,
197.625

34, 68.801, 37.122

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 0.382, 18.216



66, 0.377, 200.853

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 0.382, 18.216



66, 0.382, 68.216



66, 0.382, 198.216



66, 0.382, 248.216

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 0.381, 18.445



84, 0.010, 296.813



66, 0.682, 324.154



44, 0.006, 296.813



92, 0.011, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 0.381, 18.445



83, 0.759, 18.950



66, 0.327, 74.390



34, 0.351, 18.871



30, 68.024, 39.310



1, 5.449, 19.617

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66, 0.377, 200.853



84, 0.752, 200.344



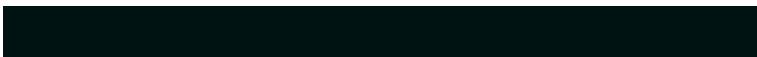
66, 0.339, 256.414



35, 0.348, 200.423



54, 32.836, 196.811



4, 5.443, 199.737

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 66, 0.382, 18.216 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 0.382, 18.216 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

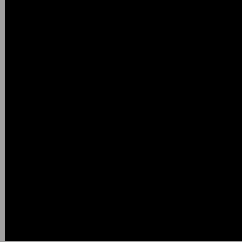
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

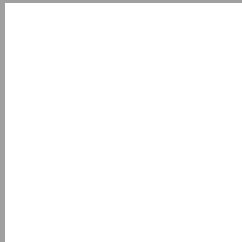
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 66, 0.382, 18.216

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 0.382, 18.216.

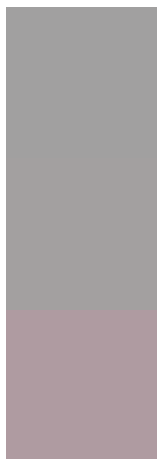


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 0.382, 18.216.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


66, 0.382, 18.216

Protanopia

66, 1.147, 19.102

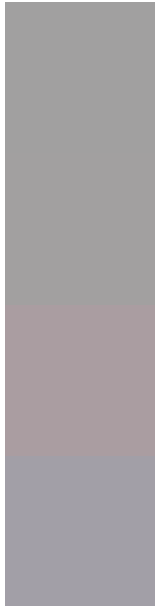
Deuteranopia

66, 8.416, 356.995



Tritanopia
66, 7.479, 305.314

Trichromacy



Original Color

66, 0.382, 18.216

Protanomaly

66, 0.764, 18.863

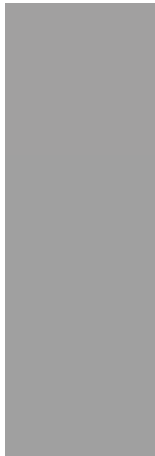
Deuteranomaly

66, 5.480, 356.059

Tritanomaly

66, 4.597, 304.814

Monochromacy



Original Color

66, 0.382, 18.216

Achromatopsia

66, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly

66, 0.008, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 0.382, 18.216 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 160, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 160, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 160, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 160, 160) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 0.382, 18.216 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 160, 160) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 160, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 160, 160)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 160, 160); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 160, 160);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 160,  
160) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 0.382, 18.216 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 160, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
160, 160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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