

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 10.078, 196.558)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(66, 10.078, 196.558)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(66, 10.208, 195.437)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8AA6A5
RGB	138, 166, 165
RGB Percent	54%, 65%, 65%
CMY	0.4594, 0.3496, 0.3535
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.01, 0.35
HSL	178°, 14%, 60%
HSV	178°, 17%, 65%
XYZ	30.8475, 35.3238, 40.7221
YIQ	157.5140, -16.3670, -6.2470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

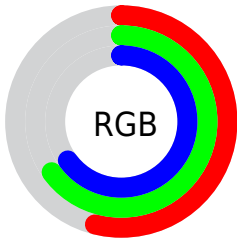
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">138, 152, 166</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9086629</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">66.00, -9.84, -2.72</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">66, 10.208, 195.437</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">35.3238, 0.2886, 0.3305</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287276709 (0xFF8AA6A5)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">157.5140, 3.6906, -17.1138</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">59.4338, -11.3636, 0.9802</a>

# Details

The CIELCh color **66, 10.208, 195.437** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **60, 11.286, 17.683**, and the grayscale version is **65, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86, 10.113, 195.766**, and **46, 10.360, 194.950** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65, 15.772, 194.822**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67, 4.263, 196.108**.

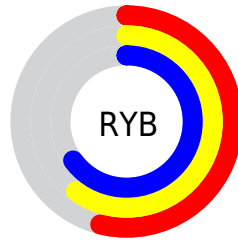
# Distribution



Red (54%)

Green (65%)

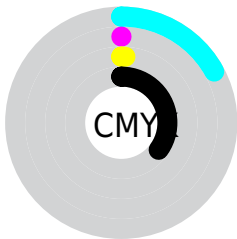
Blue (65%)



Red (54%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (65%)

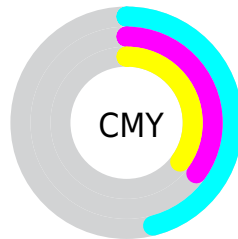


Cyan (17%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (46%)

Magenta (35%)


Yellow (35%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 10.208, 195.437 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 10.208, 195.437 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 66, 10.208,  
195.437


 66, 10.208,  
195.437


 100, 10.208,  
195.437


 56, 10.208,  
195.437


 86, 10.208,  
195.437

 46, 10.208,  
195.437

 96, 10.208,  
195.437

 36, 10.208,  
195.437

 26, 10.208,  
195.437

 16, 10.208,  
195.437

 6, 10.208, 195.437

 0, 10.208, 195.437

66, 10.208,  
195.437

66, 10.208,  
195.437

65, 15.772,  
194.822

67, 4.263, 196.108

64, 20.853,  
194.248

68, 1.973, 16.386

70, 8.414, 17.215

63, 25.354,  
193.702

71, 14.989, 17.893

63, 29.187,  
193.182

73, 21.640, 18.560

75, 28.318, 19.223

62, 32.288,  
192.683

77, 34.989, 19.880

62, 34.624,  
192.198

77, 35.371, 19.449

77, 35.340, 18.944

62, 36.206,  
191.719

61, 37.125,

191.233

■ 61, 37.364,  
191.083

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 10.208, 195.437



60, 11.286, 17.683

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 10.208, 195.437



66, 10.208, 245.437



66, 10.208, 15.437



66, 10.208, 65.437

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 10.209, 195.430



86, 3.866, 196.258



65, 18.689, 142.143



46, 2.655, 196.198



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 10.209, 195.430



84, 14.891, 195.213



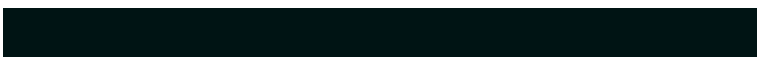
63, 8.872, 252.033



35, 3.529, 195.929



55, 34.338, 191.132



5, 6.595, 195.255



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 11.286, 17.683



75, 16.836, 18.024



63, 9.387, 67.887



33, 3.725, 17.007



30, 67.754, 37.921



1, 6.583, 16.842



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 10.208, 195.437 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

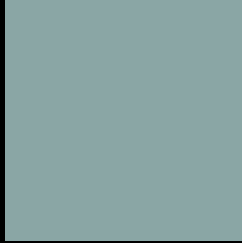
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 66, 10.208, 195.437 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

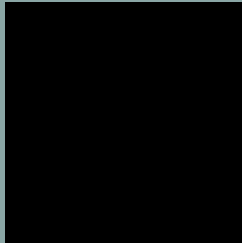
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

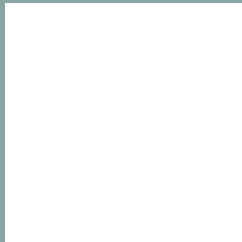
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 66, 10.208, 195.437**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 10.208, 195.437.

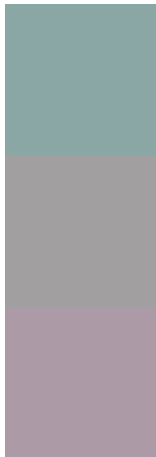


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 10.208, 195.437.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
66, 10.208, 195.437

**Protanopia**  
66, 1.607, 335.606

**Deuteranopia**  
66, 9.306, 334.679





**Tritanopia**  
66, 10.949, 240.209

# Trichromacy



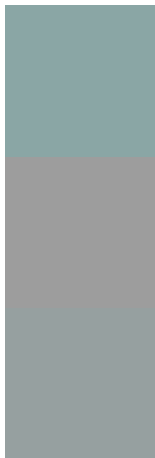
**Original Color**  
66, 10.208, 195.437

**Protanomaly**  
66, 3.042, 209.813

**Deuteranomaly**  
66, 3.911, 296.098

**Tritanomaly**  
66, 10.151, 224.735

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
66, 10.208, 195.437

**Achromatopsia**  
65, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
65, 3.753, 199.193

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 10.208, 195.437 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 166, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 166, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 166, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 166, 165) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 10.208, 195.437 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 166, 165) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 166, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 166, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 166, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 166, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 166,  
165) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 10.208, 195.437 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 166, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138,  
166, 165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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