

Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 11.339, 248.491)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(66, 11.339, 248.491)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(66, 11.372, 250.510)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8EA3B3
RGB	142, 163, 179
RGB Percent	56%, 64%, 70%
CMY	0.4421, 0.3598, 0.2970
CMYK	0.21, 0.09, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	206°, 20%, 63%
HSV	206°, 21%, 70%
XYZ	32.5046, 35.3238, 47.8911
YIQ	158.5450, -17.6520, 0.5240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

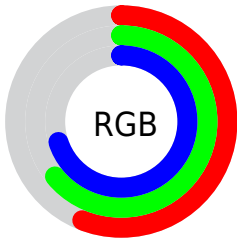
Format	Color
R_{YB}	142, 155, 179
Decimal	9348019
CIE _{Lab}	66.00, -3.79, -10.72
CIE _{LCh}	66, 11.372, 250.510
Yxy	35.3238, 0.2809, 0.3053
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287538099 (0xFF8EA3B3)
YUV	158.5450, 10.0843, -14.5100
Hunter-Lab	59.4338, -6.3870, -6.1715

Details

The CIELCh color $66, 11.372, 250.510$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $67, 12.284, 65.489$, and the grayscale version is $65, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $86, 11.469, 250.361$, and $46, 11.344, 251.074$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $63, 16.651, 252.224$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $69, 5.932, 249.097$.

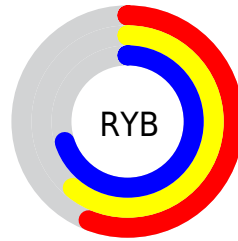
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (64%)

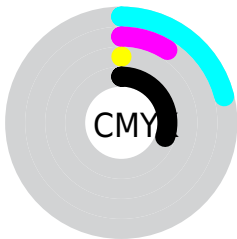
Blue (70%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (61%)

Blue (70%)

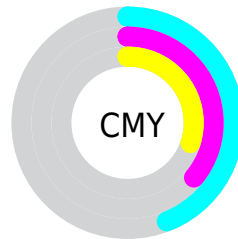


Cyan (21%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (44%)


Magenta (36%)


Yellow (30%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 11.372, 250.510 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 11.372, 250.510 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 66, 11.372,
250.510


 66, 11.372,
250.510


 100, 11.372,
250.510


 56, 11.372,
250.510


 86, 11.372,
250.510

 46, 11.372,
250.510

 96, 11.372,
250.510

 36, 11.372,
250.510

 26, 11.372,
250.510

 16, 11.372,
250.510

 6, 11.372, 250.510

 0, 11.372, 250.510

66, 11.372,
250.510

66, 11.372,
250.510

63, 16.651,
252.224

69, 5.932, 249.097

59, 21.737,
254.308

73, 0.368, 248.886

76, 5.289, 66.753

56, 26.603,
256.820

80, 11.008, 65.941

53, 31.241,
259.827

83, 16.765, 65.229

87, 22.540, 64.615

50, 35.669,
263.378

89, 24.874, 72.222

47, 39.946,
267.478

91, 26.533, 82.169

93, 28.894, 90.654

45, 44.171,
272.054

42, 48.219,

276.475

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 11.372, 250.510



67, 12.284, 65.489

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 11.372, 250.510



66, 11.372, 300.510



66, 11.372, 70.510



66, 11.372, 120.510

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 11.371, 250.503



89, 4.146, 248.573



70, 18.284, 157.743



48, 2.770, 248.640



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 11.371, 250.503



82, 16.880, 251.284



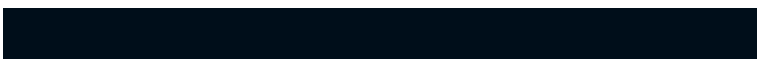
61, 19.115, 289.045



36, 3.150, 248.934



36, 42.439, 275.809



4, 8.304, 260.013

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 18.396, 341.837



77, 27.547, 342.276



71, 18.391, 104.476



35, 4.981, 340.858



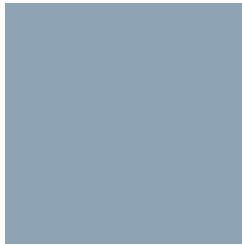
33, 59.048, 355.188



2, 11.055, 346.081

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 11.372, 250.510 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

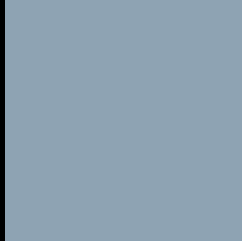
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 11.372, 250.510 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

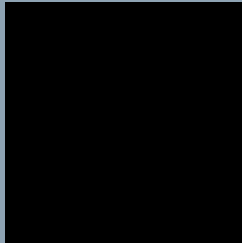
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

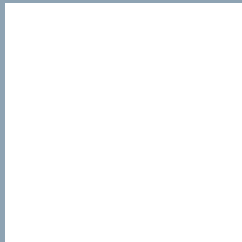
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 66, 11.372, 250.510

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 11.372, 250.510.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 11.372, 250.510.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66, 11.372, 250.510

Protanopia

66, 9.986, 289.140

Deuteranopia

66, 14.408, 306.204



Tritanopia
66, 10.451, 242.681

Trichromacy



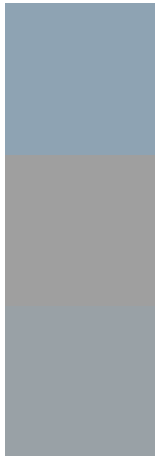
Original Color
66, 11.372, 250.510

Protanomaly
66, 9.886, 272.081

Deuteranomaly
66, 11.657, 287.857

Tritanomaly
66, 10.811, 244.992

Monochromacy



Original Color
66, 11.372, 250.510

Achromatopsia
65, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
66, 4.025, 242.929

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 11.372, 250.510 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 163, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 163, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 163, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 163, 179) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 11.372, 250.510 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 163, 179) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 163, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(142, 163, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 163, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 163, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 163,  
179) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 11.372, 250.510 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 163, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
163, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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