

Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 12.996, 198.320)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(66, 12.996, 198.320)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(66, 12.850, 198.337)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	83A7A7
RGB	131, 167, 167
RGB Percent	51%, 65%, 65%
CMY	0.4857, 0.3445, 0.3445
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.00, 0.34
HSL	180°, 17%, 58%
HSV	180°, 22%, 66%
XYZ	30.2169, 35.3238, 41.8563
YIQ	156.2360, -21.4560, -7.6320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

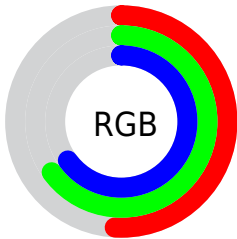
Format	Color
RYB	131, 149, 167
Decimal	8628135
CIELab	66.00, -12.20, -4.04
CIElCh	66, 12.850, 198.337
Yxy	35.3238, 0.2814, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286818215 (0xFF83A7A7)
YUV	156.2360, 5.3067, -22.1320
Hunter-Lab	59.4338, -13.2577, -0.1513

Details

The CIELCh color `66, 12.850, 198.337` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `669999`. A complement of this color would be `58, 14.779, 20.940`, and the grayscale version is `64, 0.008, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `86, 12.703, 198.565`, and `46, 13.006, 197.974` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `65, 18.156, 197.875`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `67, 7.089, 198.853`.

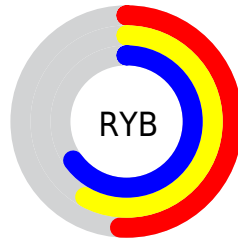
Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (65%)

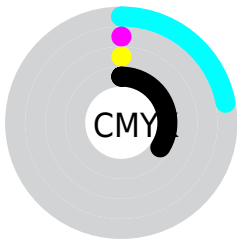
Blue (65%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (65%)

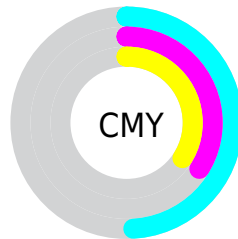


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (49%)


Magenta (34%)


Yellow (34%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 12.850, 198.337 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 12.850, 198.337 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 66, 12.850,
198.337


 66, 12.850,
198.337


 100, 12.850,
198.337


 56, 12.850,
198.337


 86, 12.850,
198.337

 46, 12.850,
198.337

 96, 12.850,
198.337

 36, 12.850,
198.337

 26, 12.850,
198.337

 16, 12.850,
198.337

 6, 12.850, 198.337

 0, 12.850, 198.337

66, 12.850,
198.337

66, 12.850,
198.337

65, 18.156,
197.875

67, 7.089, 198.853

64, 22.906,
197.477

68, 0.968, 199.814

70, 5.423, 19.788

64, 27.011,
197.139

71, 12.004, 20.421

63, 30.395,
196.865

73, 18.708, 21.038

75, 25.480, 21.657

63, 33.015,
196.655

76, 32.277, 22.278

62, 34.863,
196.508

77, 35.061, 22.531

77, 35.061, 22.530

62, 35.980,
196.420

62, 36.529,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 12.850, 198.337



58, 14.779, 20.940

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 12.850, 198.337



66, 12.850, 248.337



66, 12.850, 18.337



66, 12.850, 68.337

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 12.851, 198.331



86, 4.615, 199.196



65, 24.291, 142.662



46, 3.081, 199.152



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 12.851, 198.331



83, 18.845, 198.099



61, 11.645, 256.636



35, 3.516, 198.986



55, 33.389, 196.376



5, 6.572, 199.414

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 14.779, 20.940



71, 22.453, 21.444



63, 12.391, 71.013



33, 3.724, 19.901



30, 69.024, 39.357



1, 6.572, 19.400

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 12.850, 198.337 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

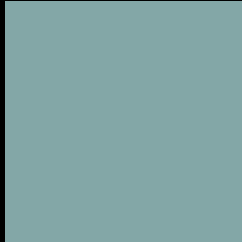
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 12.850, 198.337 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

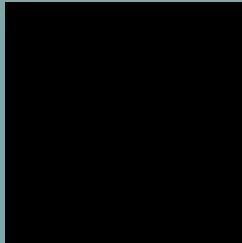
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 66, 12.850, 198.337

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 12.850, 198.337.

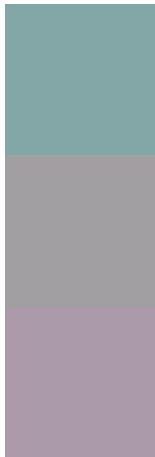


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 12.850, 198.337.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66, 12.850, 198.337

Protanopia

66, 2.034, 324.433

Deuteranopia

66, 10.321, 326.661



Tritanopia
66, 13.308, 234.531

Trichromacy



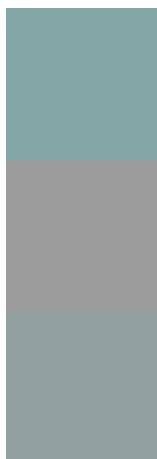
Original Color
66, 12.850, 198.337

Protanomaly
66, 4.220, 214.425

Deuteranomaly
66, 5.589, 283.154

Tritanomaly
66, 12.740, 221.690

Monochromacy



Original Color
66, 12.850, 198.337

Achromatopsia
64, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
65, 4.858, 199.066

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 12.850, 198.337 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 167, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 167, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 167, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 167, 167) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 12.850, 198.337 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 167, 167) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 167, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(131, 167, 167)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 167, 167); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 167, 167);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 167,  
167) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 12.850, 198.337 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 167, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131,  
167, 167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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