

Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 19.215, 90.548)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(66, 19.215, 90.548) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(66, 19.105, 90.490)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AD9F7E
RGB	173, 159, 126
RGB Percent	68%, 62%, 49%
CMY	0.3204, 0.3753, 0.5048
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.27, 0.32
HSL	42°, 22%, 59%
HSV	42°, 27%, 68%
XYZ	33.5277, 35.3238, 24.8819
YIQ	159.4240, 18.9370, -7.2950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

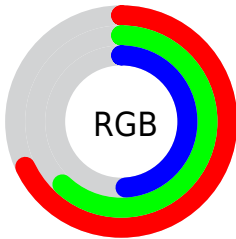
Format	Color
RYB	146, 173, 126
Decimal	11378558
CIELab	66.00, -0.16, 19.10
CIElCh	66, 19.105, 90.490
Yxy	35.3238, 0.3577, 0.3769
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289568638 (0xFFAD9F7E)
YUV	159.4240, -16.4780, 11.9062
Hunter-Lab	59.4338, -3.3142, 16.7820

Details

The CIELCh color **66, 19.105, 90.490** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **58, 19.205, 277.804**, and the grayscale version is **66, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86, 19.175, 90.957**, and **46, 19.090, 90.935** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64, 26.322, 89.191**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68, 11.967, 91.761**.

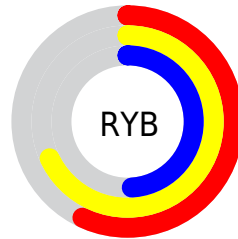
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (62%)

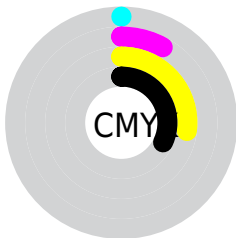
Blue (49%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (49%)

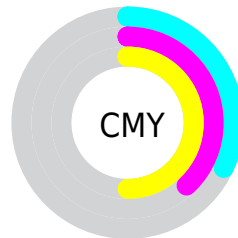


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 19.105, 90.490 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 19.105, 90.490 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 66, 19.105, 90.490

■ 66, 19.105, 90.490

■ 100, 19.105,
90.490

■ 56, 19.105, 90.490

■ 86, 19.105, 90.490

■ 46, 19.105, 90.490

■ 96, 19.105, 90.490

■ 36, 19.105, 90.490

■ 26, 19.105, 90.490

■ 16, 19.105, 90.490

■ 6, 19.105, 90.490

■ 0, 19.105, 90.490

■ 66, 19.105, 90.490

■ 66, 19.105, 90.490

■ 64, 26.322, 89.191

■ 68, 11.967, 91.761

63, 33.551, 87.848

70, 4.935, 92.968

61, 40.671, 86.464

71, 1.979, 274.293

60, 47.458, 85.020

73, 8.773, 275.355

58, 53.529, 83.473

75, 15.451,
276.434

57, 58.310, 81.736

77, 22.020,
277.468

55, 61.277, 79.698

79, 28.486,
278.452

55, 62.046, 79.113

81, 29.854,
276.182

82, 27.628,
270.925

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 19.105, 90.490



58, 19.205, 277.804

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 19.105, 90.490



66, 19.105, 140.490



66, 19.105, 270.490



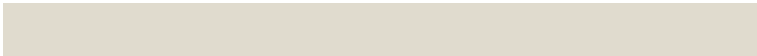
66, 19.105, 320.490

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 19.106, 90.496



88, 6.838, 92.851



58, 20.385, 358.834



46, 4.861, 92.678



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 19.106, 90.496



82, 28.804, 89.660



69, 25.745, 116.161



36, 3.928, 92.714



48, 55.949, 79.425



5, 7.539, 86.522

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 19.205, 277.804



71, 29.013, 279.002



55, 27.308, 300.164



34, 3.942, 275.060



24, 68.521, 297.903



2, 8.773, 277.702

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 19.105, 90.490 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 19.105, 90.490 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

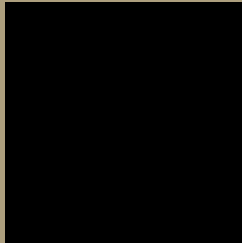
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 66, 19.105, 90.490

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 19.105, 90.490.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 19.105, 90.490.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66, 19.105, 90.490

Protanopia

66, 18.729, 94.160

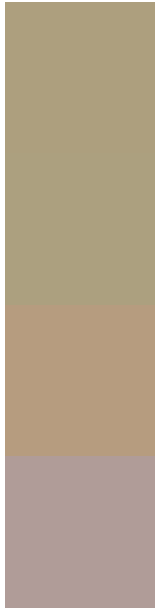
Deuteranopia

66, 20.535, 66.166



Tritanopia
66, 11.352, 344.753

Trichromacy



Original Color
66, 19.105, 90.490

Protanomaly
66, 18.838, 92.929

Deuteranomaly
66, 19.464, 74.498

Tritanomaly
66, 8.198, 35.610

Monochromacy



Original Color
66, 19.105, 90.490

Achromatopsia
66, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
66, 6.898, 92.879

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 19.105, 90.490 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 159, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 159, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 159, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 159, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 19.105, 90.490 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 159, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 159, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 159, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 159, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 159, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 159,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 19.105, 90.490 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 159, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
159, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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