

Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 2.065, 102.575)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(66, 2.065, 102.575) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(66, 1.692, 96.855)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A1A09D
RGB	161, 160, 157
RGB Percent	63%, 63%, 62%
CMY	0.3672, 0.3712, 0.3829
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.02, 0.37
HSL	45°, 2%, 62%
HSV	45°, 2%, 63%
XYZ	33.5167, 35.3238, 37.1068
YIQ	159.9570, 1.5590, -0.7210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

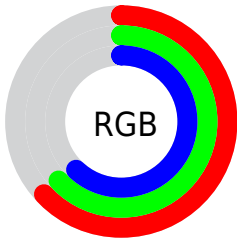
Format	Color
RYB	158, 161, 157
Decimal	10592413
CIELab	66.00, -0.20, 1.68
CIElCh	66, 1.692, 96.855
Yxy	35.3238, 0.3164, 0.3334
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288782493 (0xFFA1A09D)
YUV	159.9570, -1.4578, 0.9147
Hunter-Lab	59.4338, -3.3472, 4.5867

Details

The CIELCh color **66, 1.692, 96.855** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **65, 1.711, 277.657**, and the grayscale version is **66, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86, 1.599, 96.893**, and **46, 1.816, 96.766** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65, 8.604, 95.816**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68, 5.131, 278.150**.

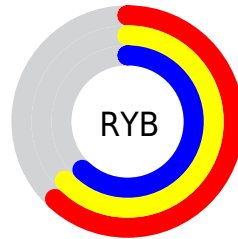
Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (63%)

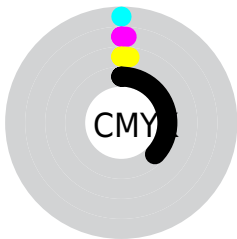
Blue (62%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (62%)

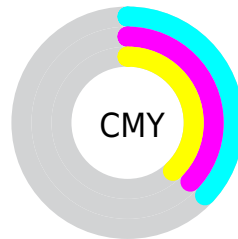


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 1.692, 96.855 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 1.692, 96.855 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 66, 1.692, 96.855  66, 1.692, 96.855

100, 1.692, 96.855  56, 1.692, 96.855

 86, 1.692, 96.855  46, 1.692, 96.855


 96, 1.692, 96.855  36, 1.692, 96.855

 26, 1.692, 96.855

 16, 1.692, 96.855

 6, 1.692, 96.855

 0, 1.692, 96.855

 66, 1.692, 96.855  66, 1.692, 96.855

 65, 8.604, 95.816  68, 5.131, 278.150

63, 15.591, 94.621

69, 11.864,
279.207

62, 22.625, 93.388

71, 18.506,
280.229

60, 29.655, 92.122

59, 36.582, 90.828

72, 25.062,
281.204

58, 43.231, 89.502

74, 31.534,
282.130

56, 49.309, 88.126

55, 54.362, 86.659

76, 37.926,
283.008

54, 57.816, 85.023

77, 36.330,
280.368

78, 34.392,
277.243

79, 32.566,
273.784

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 1.692, 96.855



65, 1.711, 277.657

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 1.692, 96.855



66, 1.692, 146.855



66, 1.692, 276.855



66, 1.692, 326.855

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 1.693, 96.904



84, 0.837, 96.935



65, 1.639, 359.483



44, 0.474, 96.927



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 1.693, 96.904



83, 2.532, 96.856



66, 2.241, 119.772



34, 1.563, 96.795



48, 55.243, 83.907



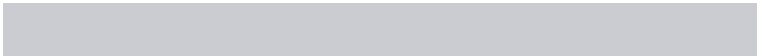
4, 5.759, 93.477

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65, 1.711, 277.657



82, 2.555, 277.708



65, 2.268, 300.048



34, 1.575, 277.772



21, 71.295, 300.046



1, 6.259, 278.811

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 1.692, 96.855 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 66, 1.692, 96.855 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

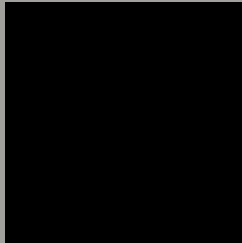
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

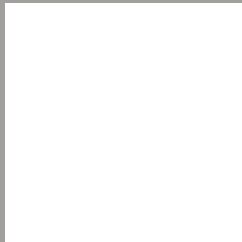
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 66, 1.692, 96.855

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 1.692, 96.855.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 1.692, 96.855.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


66, 1.692, 96.855

Protanopia

66, 2.248, 66.695

Deuteranopia

66, 8.341, 8.718



Tritanopia
66, 7.479, 305.314

Trichromacy



Original Color

66, 1.692, 96.855

Protanomaly

66, 2.005, 74.827

Deuteranomaly

66, 5.454, 14.026

Tritanomaly

66, 4.062, 306.710

Monochromacy



Original Color

66, 1.692, 96.855

Achromatopsia

66, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly

66, 0.545, 110.020

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 1.692, 96.855 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 160, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 160, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 160, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 160, 157) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 1.692, 96.855 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 160, 157) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 160, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 160, 157)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 160, 157); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 160, 157); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 160, 157) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 1.692, 96.855 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 160, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
160, 157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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