

Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 2.102, 199.396)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(66, 2.102, 199.396) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(66, 2.259, 199.413)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9CA2A2
RGB	156, 162, 162
RGB Percent	61%, 64%, 64%
CMY	0.3898, 0.3663, 0.3663
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.00, 0.37
HSL	180°, 3%, 62%
HSV	180°, 4%, 63%
XYZ	32.9707, 35.3238, 39.0777
YIQ	160.2060, -3.5760, -1.2720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

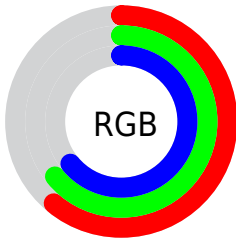
Format	Color
RYB	156, 159, 162
Decimal	10265250
CIELab	66.00, -2.13, -0.75
CIElCh	66, 2.259, 199.413
Yxy	35.3238, 0.3071, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288455330 (0xFF9CA2A2)
YUV	160.2060, 0.8844, -3.6887
Hunter-Lab	59.4338, -4.9869, 2.6206

Details

The CIELCh color $66, 2.259, 199.413$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $65, 2.313, 19.385$, and the grayscale version is $66, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $86, 2.499, 199.461$, and $46, 2.017, 199.345$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $65, 8.148, 198.703$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $67, 3.907, 19.601$.

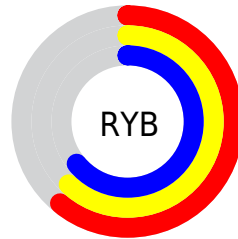
Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (64%)

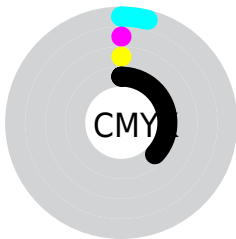
Blue (64%)



Red (61%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (64%)

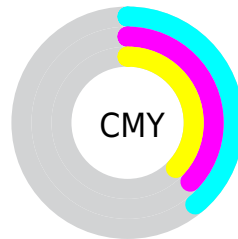


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 2.259, 199.413 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 2.259, 199.413 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 66, 2.259, 199.413

■ 66, 2.259, 199.413

■ 100, 2.259,
199.413

■ 56, 2.259, 199.413

■ 86, 2.259, 199.413

■ 46, 2.259, 199.413

■ 96, 2.259, 199.413

■ 36, 2.259, 199.413

■ 26, 2.259, 199.413

■ 16, 2.259, 199.413

■ 6, 2.259, 199.413

■ 0, 2.259, 199.413

■ 66, 2.259, 199.413

■ 66, 2.259, 199.413

■ 65, 8.148, 198.703

■ 67, 3.907, 19.601

64, 13.667,
198.197

69, 10.274, 20.255

63, 18.724,
197.752

70, 16.774, 20.871

62, 23.223,
197.366

72, 23.351, 21.488

61, 27.079,
197.040

76, 36.569, 22.726

61, 30.226,
196.776

76, 37.560, 22.814

61, 32.626,
196.577

76, 37.559, 22.808

60, 34.280,
196.438

76, 37.559, 22.803

60, 35.239,
196.356

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 2.259, 199.413



65, 2.313, 19.385

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 2.259, 199.413



66, 2.259, 249.413



66, 2.259, 19.413



66, 2.259, 69.413

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 2.260, 199.375



84, 0.754, 200.070



66, 4.031, 143.853



44, 0.428, 200.120



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 2.260, 199.375



83, 3.002, 199.337



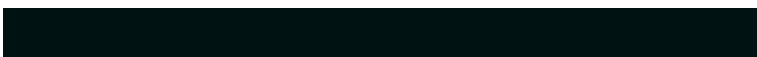
65, 1.978, 254.198



34, 1.732, 199.284



54, 32.976, 196.321



4, 5.463, 199.373

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65, 2.313, 19.385



82, 3.078, 19.425



65, 1.986, 72.997



33, 1.783, 19.483



30, 68.048, 39.247



1, 5.464, 19.372

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 2.259, 199.413 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 66, 2.259, 199.413 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

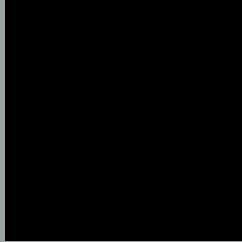
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 66, 2.259, 199.413

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 2.259, 199.413.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 2.259, 199.413.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66, 2.259, 199.413

Protanopia

66, 1.635, 359.479

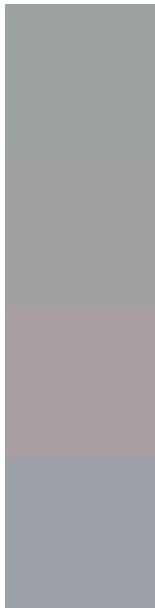
Deuteranopia

66, 8.554, 349.062



Tritanopia
66, 7.271, 282.238

Trichromacy



Original Color

66, 2.259, 199.413

Protanomaly

66, 0.562, 290.333

Deuteranomaly

66, 4.744, 344.060

Tritanomaly

66, 4.773, 267.847

Monochromacy



Original Color

66, 2.259, 199.413

Achromatopsia

66, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly

66, 1.135, 199.718

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 2.259, 199.413 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 162, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 162, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 162, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 162, 162) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 2.259, 199.413 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 162, 162) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 162, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 162, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 162, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 162, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 162,  
162) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 2.259, 199.413 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 162, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
162, 162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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