

Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 21.119, 141.782)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(66, 21.119, 141.782)
contains.

CIELCh(66, 21.238, 141.673)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(66, 21.238, 141.673)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8AA888
RGB	138, 168, 136
RGB Percent	54%, 66%, 53%
CMY	0.4577, 0.3400, 0.4656
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.19, 0.34
HSL	116°, 16%, 60%
HSV	116°, 19%, 66%
XYZ	29.0466, 35.3238, 28.6828
YIQ	155.3820, -7.6080, -16.3120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

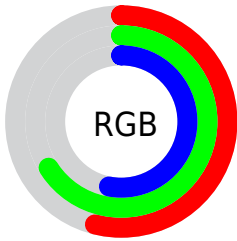
Format	Color
RYB	136, 168, 166
Decimal	9087112
CIELab	66.00, -16.66, 13.17
CIELCh	66, 21.238, 141.673
Yxy	35.3238, 0.3122, 0.3796
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287277192 (0xFF8AA888)
YUV	155.3820, -9.5553, -15.2440
Hunter-Lab	59.4338, -16.7723, 12.9903

Details

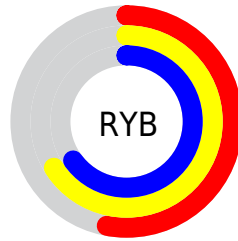
The CIELCh color **66, 21.238, 141.673** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **60, 21.303, 323.695**, and the grayscale version is **64, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86, 21.202, 141.217**, and **46, 21.285, 141.154** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65, 32.419, 140.959**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67, 10.026, 142.299**.

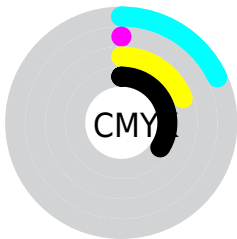
Distribution



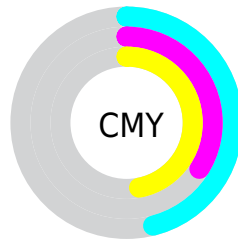
- Red (54%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (34%)





- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (47%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 21.238, 141.673 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 21.238, 141.673 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 66, 21.238,
141.673


 66, 21.238,
141.673


 100, 21.238,
141.673


 56, 21.238,
141.673


 86, 21.238,
141.673

 46, 21.238,
141.673

 96, 21.238,
141.673

 36, 21.238,
141.673

 26, 21.238,
141.673

 16, 21.238,
141.673

 6, 21.238, 141.673

 0, 21.238, 141.673

66, 21.238,
141.673

66, 21.238,
141.673

65, 32.419,
140.959

67, 10.026,
142.299

64, 43.382,
140.150

69, 1.087, 322.607

63, 53.888,
139.255

71, 12.004,
323.233

62, 63.628,
138.309

73, 22.663,
323.622

61, 72.220,
137.384

75, 33.026,
323.948

61, 79.219,
136.588

77, 43.071,
324.223


60, 84.193,
136.055

79, 52.793,
324.457

60, 87.146,

80, 54.143,
326.290

135.769

 60, 87.391,
135.726

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 21.238, 141.673



60, 21.303, 323.695

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 21.238, 141.673



66, 21.238, 191.673



66, 21.238, 321.673



66, 21.238, 11.673

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 21.240, 141.673



86, 8.251, 142.471



68, 16.369, 105.449



45, 5.468, 142.435



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 21.240, 141.673



83, 31.878, 141.371



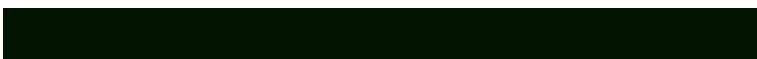
66, 15.804, 158.688



35, 6.290, 142.283



53, 79.427, 135.677



5, 11.472, 142.996

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 21.303, 323.695



75, 31.981, 323.915



60, 16.073, 341.731



33, 6.306, 323.198



33, 77.258, 325.828



2, 11.356, 322.085

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 21.238, 141.673 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 21.238, 141.673 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

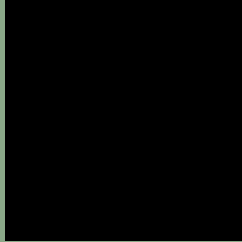
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 66, 21.238, 141.673

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 21.238, 141.673.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 21.238, 141.673.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

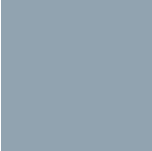
Dichromacy



Original Color
66, 21.238, 141.673

Protanopia
66, 15.857, 95.096

Deuteranopia
66, 14.542, 54.730



Tritanopia
66, 9.518, 248.444

Trichromacy



Original Color
66, 21.238, 141.673

Protanomaly
66, 16.076, 115.679

Deuteranomaly
66, 12.028, 93.363

Tritanomaly
66, 8.333, 187.189

Monochromacy



Original Color
66, 21.238, 141.673

Achromatopsia
64, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
65, 7.253, 141.653

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 21.238, 141.673 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 168, 136)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 168, 136)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 168, 136) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 168, 136) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 21.238, 141.673 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 168, 136) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 168, 136) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 168, 136)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 168, 136); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 168, 136);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 168,  
136) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 21.238, 141.673 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 168, 136) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138,  
168, 136) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor