

Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 21.465, 26.856)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(66, 21.465, 26.856) contains.

CIELCh(66, 21.377, 27.253)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(66, 21.377, 27.253)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C89490
RGB	200, 148, 144
RGB Percent	78%, 58%, 56%
CMY	0.2170, 0.4208, 0.4365
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.28, 0.22
HSL	4°, 34%, 67%
HSV	4°, 28%, 78%
XYZ	39.2862, 35.3238, 31.0129
YIQ	163.0920, 32.2760, 9.7800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

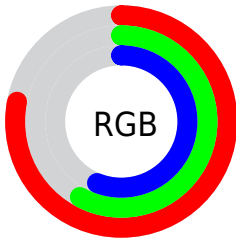
Format	Color
R _Y B	200, 148, 144
Decimal	13145232
CIE Lab	66.00, 19.00, 9.79
CIE LCh	66, 21.377, 27.253
Yxy	35.3238, 0.3719, 0.3344
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291335312 (0xFFC89490)
YUV	163.0920, -9.4124, 32.3683
Hunter-Lab	59.4338, 13.9807, 10.6659

Details

The CIELCh color **66, 21.377, 27.253** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **76, 17.577, 205.227**, and the grayscale version is **67, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86, 20.365, 26.745**, and **46, 21.413, 26.818** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61, 30.163, 28.205**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71, 13.203, 26.555**.

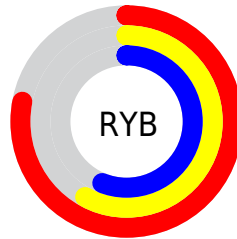
Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (58%)

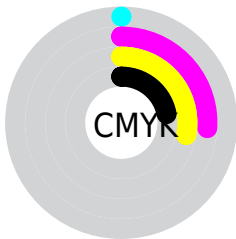
Blue (56%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (56%)

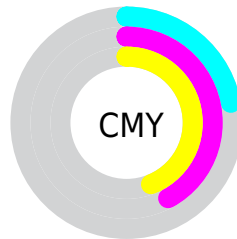


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (28%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 21.377, 27.253 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 21.377, 27.253 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

66, 21.377, 27.253

66, 21.377, 27.253

100, 21.377,
27.253

56, 21.377, 27.253

86, 21.377, 27.253

46, 21.377, 27.253

96, 21.377, 27.253

36, 21.377, 27.253

26, 21.377, 27.253

16, 21.377, 27.253

6, 21.377, 27.253

0, 21.377, 27.253

66, 21.377, 27.253

66, 21.377, 27.253

61, 30.163, 28.205

71, 13.203, 26.555

■ 57, 39.518, 29.471

■ 76, 5.646, 26.002

■ 52, 49.316, 31.134

■ 82, 1.328, 206.167

■ 49, 59.336, 33.243

■ 87, 7.768, 205.576

■ 46, 69.198, 35.747

■ 92, 13.728,
205.382

■ 44, 78.154, 38.312

■ 96, 18.200,
198.301

■ 42, 84.823, 40.244

■ 42, 85.996, 40.709

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 21.377, 27.253



76, 17.577, 205.227

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 21.377, 27.253



66, 21.377, 77.253



66, 21.377, 207.253



66, 21.377, 257.253

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 21.375, 27.259



95, 6.860, 26.007



67, 35.116, 327.864



50, 4.906, 26.088



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 21.375, 27.259



79, 32.439, 27.838



73, 19.874, 78.646



39, 3.995, 26.074



34, 73.669, 40.731



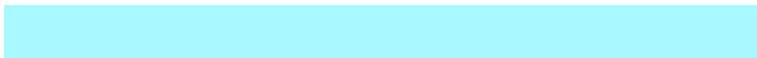
4, 15.198, 23.286

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76, 17.577, 205.227



93, 25.328, 205.184



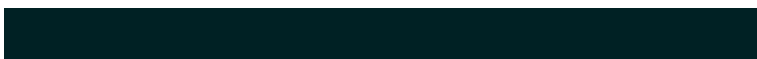
68, 18.988, 266.655



41, 3.762, 205.622



57, 32.812, 208.503



11, 12.074, 205.620

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 21.377, 27.253 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 66, 21.377, 27.253 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

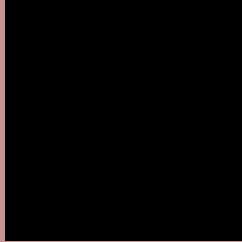
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 66, 21.377, 27.253

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 21.377, 27.253.

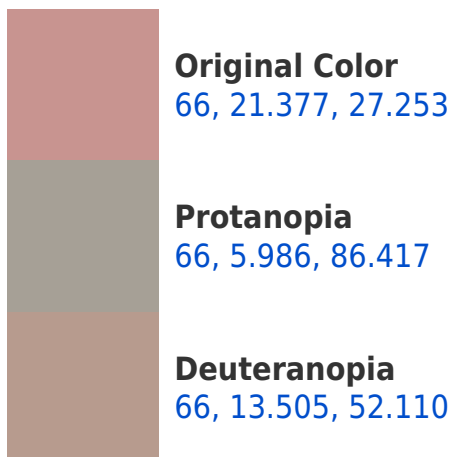


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 21.377, 27.253.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
66, 22.498, 6.206

Trichromacy



Original Color
66, 21.377, 27.253

Protanomaly
66, 9.843, 46.605

Deuteranomaly
66, 15.917, 38.721

Tritanomaly
66, 21.756, 14.374

Monochromacy



Original Color
66, 21.377, 27.253

Achromatopsia
67, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
66, 7.449, 24.253

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 21.377, 27.253 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 148, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 148, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 148, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 148, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 21.377, 27.253 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 148, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 148, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 148, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 148, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 148, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 148,  
144) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 21.377, 27.253 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 148, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
148, 144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor