

Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 21.699, 351.124)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(66, 21.699, 351.124)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(66, 21.803, 351.369)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C493A7
RGB	196, 147, 167
RGB Percent	77%, 58%, 65%
CMY	0.2320, 0.4241, 0.3457
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.15, 0.23
HSL	336°, 29%, 67%
HSV	336°, 25%, 77%
XYZ	40.0994, 35.3238, 41.1943
YIQ	163.9310, 22.7840, 16.6080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

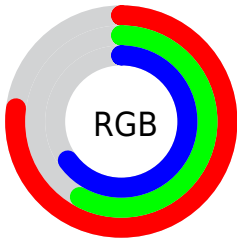
Format	Color
R _Y B	196, 147, 167
Decimal	12882855
CIE Lab	66.00, 21.56, -3.27
CIE LCh	66, 21.803, 351.369
Yxy	35.3238, 0.3439, 0.3029
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291072935 (0xFFC493A7)
YUV	163.9310, 1.5130, 28.1245
Hunter-Lab	59.4338, 16.4227, 0.5091

Details

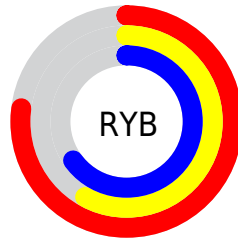
The CIELCh color $66, 21.803, 351.369$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9999`. A complement of this color would be $75, 20.793, 166.564$, and the grayscale version is $67, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $86, 21.901, 351.171$, and $46, 21.895, 351.864$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $61, 30.736, 352.627$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $71, 12.926, 350.276$.

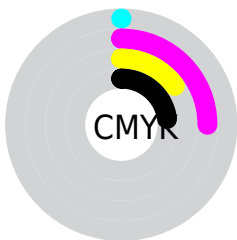
Distribution



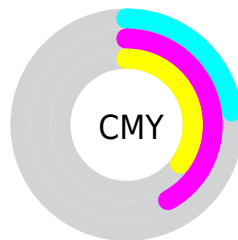
- Red (77%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (23%)





- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (35%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 21.803, 351.369 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 21.803, 351.369 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 66, 21.803,
351.369


 66, 21.803,
351.369


 100, 21.803,
351.369


 56, 21.803,
351.369


 86, 21.803,
351.369

 46, 21.803,
351.369

 96, 21.803,
351.369

 36, 21.803,
351.369

 26, 21.803,
351.369

 16, 21.803,
351.369

 6, 21.803, 351.369

 0, 21.803, 351.369

66, 21.803,
351.369

66, 21.803,
351.369

61, 30.736,
352.627

71, 12.926,
350.276

56, 39.509,
354.102

76, 4.252, 349.255

82, 4.145, 168.610

52, 47.797,
355.879

87, 12.230,
167.773

49, 55.188,
358.072

93, 19.997,
167.061

46, 61.245, 0.831

96, 22.375,
172.729

43, 65.645, 4.330

42, 68.369, 8.722

96, 20.036,
187.793

42, 69.464, 11.109

96, 19.359,
198.228

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 21.803, 351.369



75, 20.793, 166.564

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 21.803, 351.369



66, 21.803, 41.369



66, 21.803, 171.369



66, 21.803, 221.369

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 21.801, 351.371



95, 8.448, 349.579



65, 29.190, 313.022



50, 6.018, 349.732



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 21.801, 351.371



81, 32.547, 352.033



66, 18.355, 28.042



38, 4.800, 349.703



34, 59.903, 10.276



3, 15.149, 357.701

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66, 21.801, 351.371



81, 32.547, 352.033



75, 15.446, 206.543



38, 4.800, 349.703



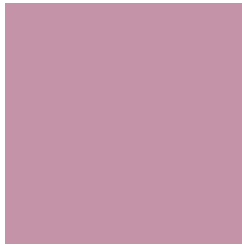
34, 59.903, 10.276



3, 15.149, 357.701

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 21.803, 351.369 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

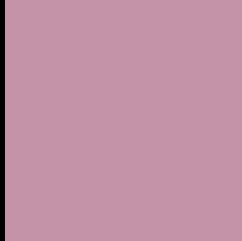
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 21.803, 351.369 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

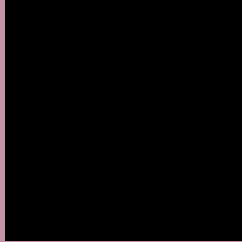
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 66, 21.803, 351.369

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 21.803, 351.369.

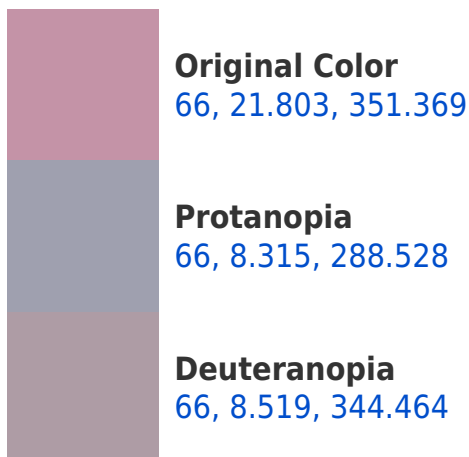


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 21.803, 351.369.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
66, 19.513, 1.666

Trichromacy



Original Color
66, 21.803, 351.369

Protanomaly
66, 11.434, 324.955

Deuteranomaly
66, 13.255, 347.936

Tritanomaly
66, 19.830, 358.622

Monochromacy



Original Color
66, 21.803, 351.369

Achromatopsia
67, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
67, 7.923, 350.980

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 21.803, 351.369 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 147, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 147, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 147, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 147, 167) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 21.803, 351.369 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 147, 167) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 147, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 147, 167)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 147, 167); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 147, 167);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 147,  
167) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 21.803, 351.369 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 147, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
147, 167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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