

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 29.030, 267.699)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(66, 29.030, 267.699)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(66, 29.244, 268.145)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7BA3D4
RGB	123, 163, 212
RGB Percent	48%, 64%, 83%
CMY	0.5163, 0.3594, 0.1672
CMYK	0.42, 0.23, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	213°, 51%, 66%
HSV	213°, 42%, 83%
XYZ	33.3052, 35.3238, 67.5878
YIQ	156.6260, -39.5690, 6.7590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

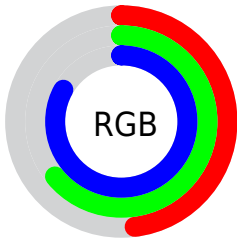
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">123, 151, 212</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8102868</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">66.00, -0.95, -29.23</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">66, 29.244, 268.145</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">35.3238, 0.2445, 0.2593</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286292948 (0xFF7BA3D4)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">156.6260, 27.2994, -29.4900</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">59.4338, -3.9824, -25.8205</a>

# Details

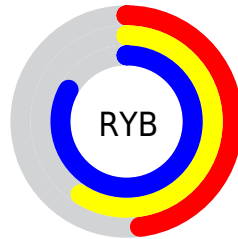
The CIELCh color **66, 29.244, 268.145** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **73, 31.738, 75.215**, and the grayscale version is **65, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85, 22.619, 258.675**, and **46, 28.895, 267.599** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62, 36.139, 270.810**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70, 22.312, 265.882**.

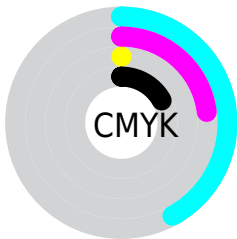
# Distribution



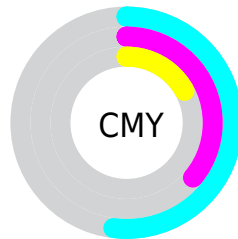
- Red (48%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (17%)




- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (17%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 29.244, 268.145 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 29.244, 268.145 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 66, 29.244,  
268.145


 66, 29.244,  
268.145


 100, 29.244,  
268.145


 56, 29.244,  
268.145


 86, 29.244,  
268.145

 46, 29.244,  
268.145

 96, 29.244,  
268.145

 36, 29.244,  
268.145

 26, 29.244,  
268.145

 16, 29.244,  
268.145

 6, 29.244, 268.145

 0, 29.244, 268.145

66, 29.244,  
268.145

66, 29.244,  
268.145

62, 36.139,  
270.810

70, 22.312,  
265.882

57, 43.023,  
273.919

75, 15.345,  
263.971

53, 49.942,  
277.480

80, 8.351, 262.364

49, 56.969,  
281.444

84, 1.348, 261.196

89, 5.648, 79.699

46, 64.172,  
285.678

93, 12.620, 78.715

43, 70.160,  
289.073

97, 17.109, 96.569

99, 21.544,  
108.546

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 29.244, 268.145



73, 31.738, 75.215

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 29.244, 268.145



66, 29.244, 318.145



66, 29.244, 88.145



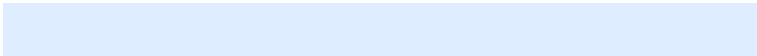
66, 29.244, 138.145

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 29.243, 268.144



93, 10.571, 262.545



79, 37.629, 162.144



49, 7.395, 262.887



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

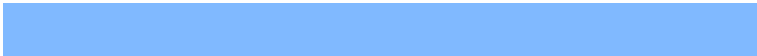


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 29.243, 268.144



74, 40.391, 270.414



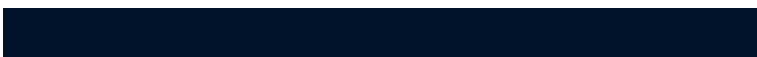
56, 51.027, 297.327



43, 4.008, 262.011



34, 58.734, 288.392



6, 18.457, 277.283





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 40.106, 350.993



70, 55.090, 352.333



83, 45.747, 108.452



42, 5.349, 347.251



36, 62.536, 6.573

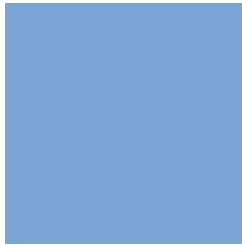


5, 23.074, 357.603



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 66, 29.244, 268.145 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

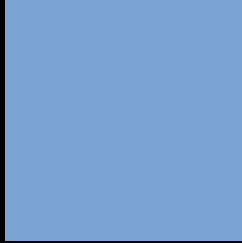
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 66, 29.244, 268.145 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

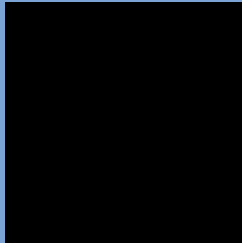
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

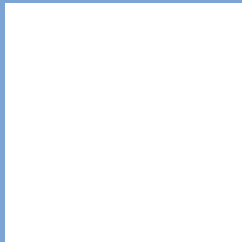
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 66, 29.244, 268.145

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 29.244, 268.145.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 29.244, 268.145.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

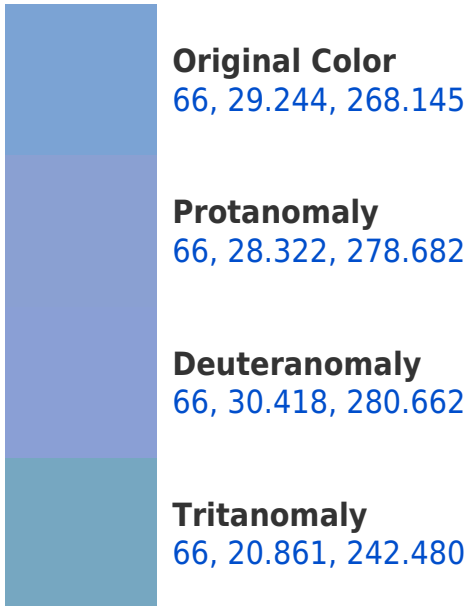




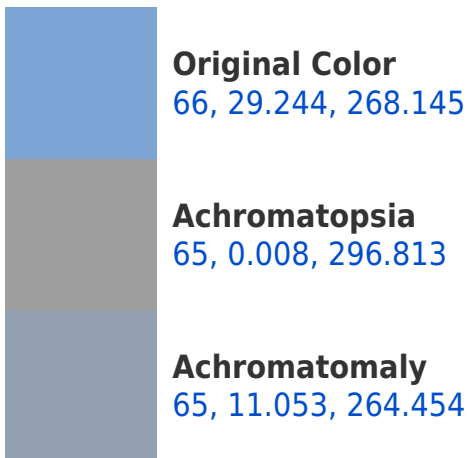
**Tritanopia**  
66, 18.954, 220.579



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 29.244, 268.145 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 163, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 163, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 163, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 163, 212) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 29.244, 268.145 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 163, 212) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 163, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 163, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 163, 212); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 163, 212); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 163, 212) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 29.244, 268.145 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 163, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
163, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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