

Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 30.180, 251.993)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(66, 30.180, 251.993)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(66, 30.016, 251.492)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	64A8D3
RGB	100, 168, 211
RGB Percent	39%, 66%, 83%
CMY	0.6086, 0.3419, 0.1733
CMYK	0.53, 0.20, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	203°, 56%, 61%
HSV	203°, 53%, 83%
XYZ	30.9315, 35.3238, 66.6825
YIQ	152.5700, -54.3310, -1.0430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

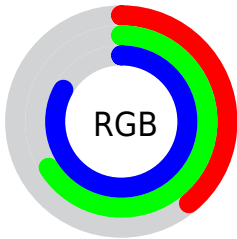
Format	Color
RYB	100, 142, 211
Decimal	6596819
CIELab	66.00, -9.53, -28.46
CIELCh	66, 30.016, 251.492
Yxy	35.3238, 0.2327, 0.2657
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284786899 (0xFF64A8D3)
YUV	152.5700, 28.8060, -46.1039
Hunter-Lab	59.4338, -11.1114, -24.9174

Details

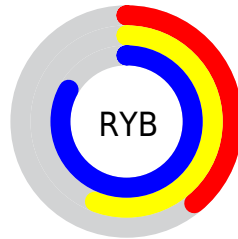
The CIELCh color **66, 30.016, 251.492** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **65, 39.375, 57.542**, and the grayscale version is **63, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86, 25.635, 239.679**, and **46, 29.893, 251.415** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63, 34.718, 254.573**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69, 24.950, 248.950**.

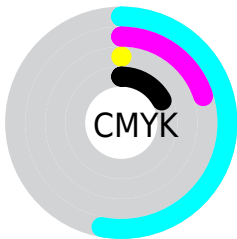
Distribution



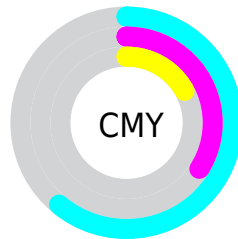
- Red (39%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (17%)





- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (17%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 30.016, 251.492 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 30.016, 251.492 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 66, 30.016,
251.492


 66, 30.016,
251.492


 100, 30.016,
251.492


 56, 30.016,
251.492


 86, 30.016,
251.492

 46, 30.016,
251.492


 96, 30.016,
251.492

 36, 30.016,
251.492

 26, 30.016,
251.492

 16, 30.016,
251.492

 6, 30.016, 251.492

 0, 30.016, 251.492

66, 30.016,
251.492

66, 30.016,
251.492

63, 34.718,
254.573

69, 24.950,
248.950

60, 39.079,
258.254

73, 19.539,
246.872

57, 43.174,
262.545

76, 13.823,
245.181

54, 47.137,
267.371

80, 7.851, 243.816

52, 50.093,
271.041

84, 1.676, 242.897

87, 4.656, 61.575

91, 11.101, 60.854

94, 14.099, 73.771

96, 16.384, 90.729

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 30.016, 251.492



65, 39.375, 57.542

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 30.016, 251.492



66, 30.016, 301.492



66, 30.016, 71.492



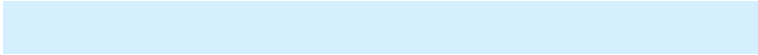
66, 30.016, 121.492

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 30.015, 251.491



93, 11.517, 244.261



77, 53.063, 152.536



49, 7.749, 244.542



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 30.015, 251.491



75, 40.614, 254.924



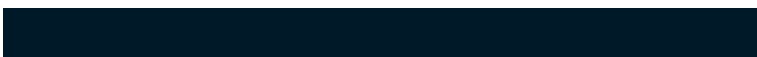
51, 56.969, 293.475



42, 3.513, 243.441



42, 41.854, 270.168



8, 13.907, 258.574

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 54.059, 342.862



64, 72.945, 344.328



79, 50.824, 99.261



41, 5.859, 338.706



37, 64.475, 351.586



5, 23.232, 346.429

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 30.016, 251.492 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

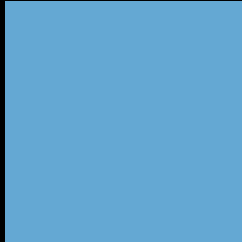
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 66, 30.016, 251.492 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

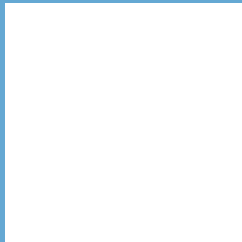
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 66, 30.016, 251.492

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 30.016, 251.492.

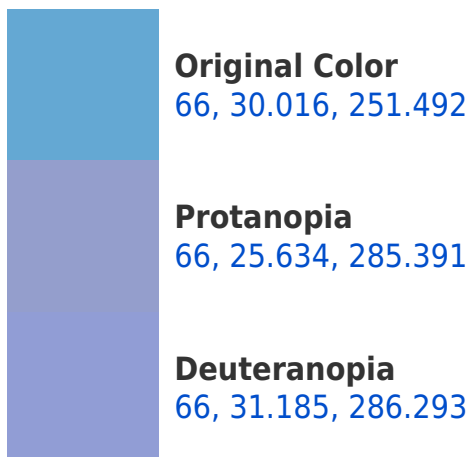



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 30.016, 251.492.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
66, 25.589, 215.358

Trichromacy



Original Color
66, 30.016, 251.492

Protanomaly
66, 26.009, 269.687

Deuteranomaly
66, 29.551, 273.418

Tritanomaly
66, 26.023, 230.347

Monochromacy



Original Color
66, 30.016, 251.492

Achromatopsia
63, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
64, 11.938, 243.610

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 30.016, 251.492 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 168, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 168, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 168, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 168, 211) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 30.016, 251.492 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 168, 211) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 168, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(100, 168, 211)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 168, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 168, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 168,  
211) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 30.016, 251.492 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 168, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100,  
168, 211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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