

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 30.334, 226.194)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(66, 30.334, 226.194)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(66, 30.410, 226.064)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	49ADC7
RGB	73, 173, 199
RGB Percent	29%, 68%, 78%
CMY	0.7147, 0.3224, 0.2205
CMYK	0.63, 0.13, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	192°, 53%, 53%
HSV	192°, 63%, 78%
XYZ	27.9131, 35.3238, 59.2452
YIQ	146.0640, -67.9460, -13.1140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

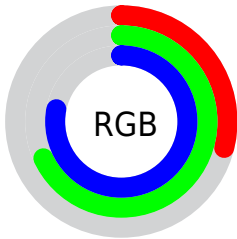
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	73, 129, 199
Decimal	4828615
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	66.00, -21.10, -21.90
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	66, 30.410, 226.064
Yxy	35.3238, 0.2279, 0.2884
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283018695 (0xFF49ADC7)
YUV	146.0640, 26.0974, -64.0771
Hunter-Lab	59.4338, -20.1767, -17.4981

# Details

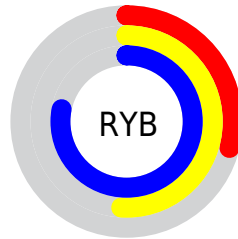
The CIELCh color **66, 30.410, 226.064** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **53, 50.160, 41.227**, and the grayscale version is **60, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86, 30.273, 224.836**, and **46, 28.597, 228.819** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64, 32.945, 228.313**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68, 27.147, 224.310**.

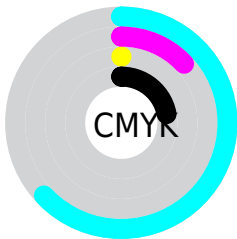
# Distribution



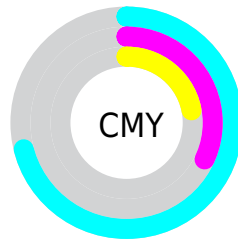
- Red (29%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)




- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (22%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 30.410, 226.064 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 30.410, 226.064 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 66, 30.410,  
226.064


 66, 30.410,  
226.064


 100, 30.410,  
226.064


 56, 30.410,  
226.064


 86, 30.410,  
226.064

 46, 30.410,  
226.064

 96, 30.410,  
226.064

 36, 30.410,  
226.064

 26, 30.410,  
226.064

 16, 30.410,  
226.064

 6, 30.410, 226.064

 0, 30.410, 226.064

66, 30.410,  
226.064

66, 30.410,  
226.064

64, 32.945,  
228.313

68, 27.147,  
224.310

63, 34.769,  
231.143

70, 23.195,  
222.970

61, 35.967,  
234.611

72, 18.624,  
221.965

60, 36.566,  
237.149

74, 13.520,  
221.233

77, 7.976, 220.729

79, 2.077, 220.554

82, 4.098, 39.925

85, 10.482, 39.866

87, 17.019, 39.824



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 30.410, 226.064



53, 50.160, 41.227

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 30.410, 226.064



66, 30.410, 276.064



66, 30.410, 46.064



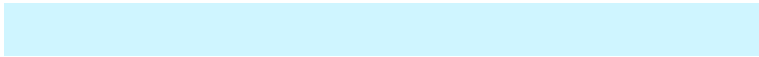
66, 30.410, 96.064

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 30.409, 226.063



94, 13.609, 220.999



72, 68.798, 144.255



49, 9.283, 221.160



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 30.409, 226.063



80, 40.655, 229.293



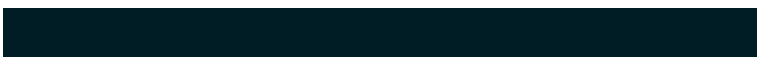
48, 52.162, 286.354



41, 3.411, 220.591



50, 31.535, 236.511



9, 11.151, 227.390



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 67.345, 335.118



61, 91.966, 336.264



68, 50.214, 85.305



39, 6.397, 331.301



37, 70.641, 338.421



4, 22.323, 335.333



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 30.410, 226.064 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

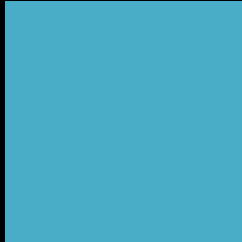
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 30.410, 226.064 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 66, 30.410, 226.064

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 30.410, 226.064.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 30.410, 226.064.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

66, 30.410, 226.064

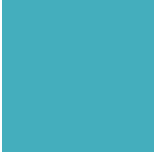
### Protanopia

66, 17.257, 286.174

### Deuteranopia

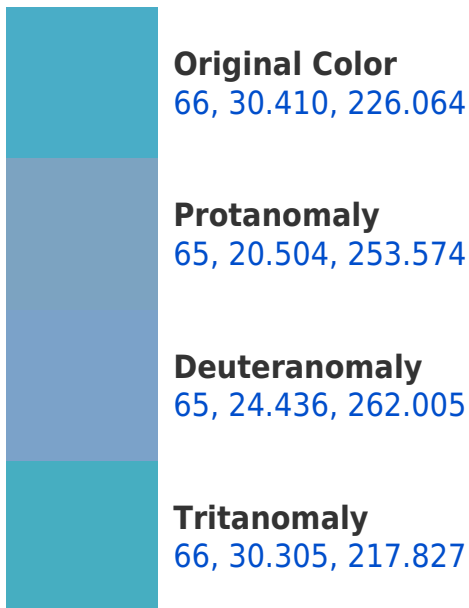
66, 25.558, 289.812





**Tritanopia**  
66, 30.436, 213.198

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 30.410, 226.064 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(73, 173, 199)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(73, 173, 199)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 173, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(73, 173, 199) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 30.410, 226.064 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(73, 173, 199) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(73, 173, 199) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(73, 173, 199)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(73, 173, 199); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 173, 199);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 173,  
199) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 30.410, 226.064 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(73, 173, 199) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(73, 173,  
199) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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