

Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 32.128, 164.662)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(66, 32.128, 164.662)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(66, 32.110, 164.455)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	63AF90
RGB	99, 175, 144
RGB Percent	39%, 69%, 56%
CMY	0.6118, 0.3137, 0.4353
CMYK	0.43, 0.00, 0.18, 0.31
HSL	156°, 32%, 54%
HSV	156°, 43%, 69%
XYZ	25.5076, 35.3238, 31.8573
YIQ	148.7420, -35.3450, -25.7530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

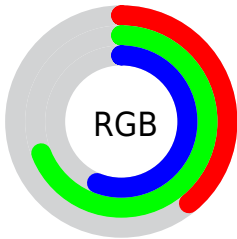
Format	Color
RYB	99, 147, 175
Decimal	6533008
CIELab	66.00, -30.94, 8.61
CIElCh	66, 32.110, 164.455
Yxy	35.3238, 0.2752, 0.3811
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284723088 (0xFF63AF90)
YUV	148.7420, -2.3378, -43.6237
Hunter-Lab	59.4338, -27.4013, 9.8235

Details

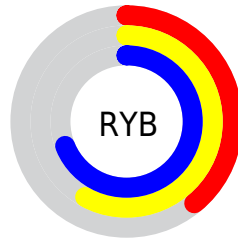
The CIELCh color **66, 32.110, 164.455** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **51, 34.803, 353.813**, and the grayscale version is **62, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86, 32.139, 164.662**, and **46, 31.939, 164.699** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65, 38.645, 163.096**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67, 25.120, 165.669**.

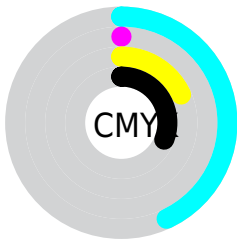
Distribution



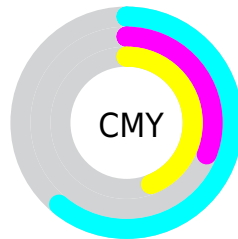
- Red (39%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (31%)





- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (44%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 32.110, 164.455 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 32.110, 164.455 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 66, 32.110,
164.455


 66, 32.110,
164.455


 100, 32.110,
164.455


 56, 32.110,
164.455


 86, 32.110,
164.455

 46, 32.110,
164.455

 96, 32.110,
164.455

 36, 32.110,
164.455

 26, 32.110,
164.455

 16, 32.110,
164.455

 6, 32.110, 164.455

 0, 32.110, 164.455

■ 66, 32.110,
164.455

■ 66, 32.110,
164.455

■ 65, 38.645,
163.096

■ 67, 25.120,
165.669

■ 64, 44.603,
161.570

■ 68, 17.797,
166.766

■ 64, 49.890,
159.853

■ 69, 10.263,
167.771

■ 63, 54.455,
157.931

■ 71, 2.623, 168.787

■ 73, 5.033, 349.390

■ 63, 58.308,
155.806

■ 74, 12.636,
350.212

■ 63, 60.592,
154.382

■ 76, 20.133,
350.948

■ 78, 27.486,
351.634

■ 80, 34.197,
351.741

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 32.110, 164.455



51, 34.803, 353.813

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 32.110, 164.455



66, 32.110, 214.455



66, 32.110, 344.455



66, 32.110, 34.455

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 32.111, 164.454



88, 12.273, 167.791



67, 44.607, 129.930



47, 8.649, 167.578



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 32.111, 164.454



83, 46.525, 163.172



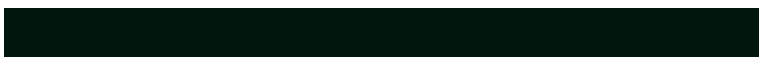
65, 22.655, 206.616



36, 4.299, 168.171



55, 53.906, 154.685



6, 9.732, 163.456

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 34.803, 353.813



61, 51.110, 355.412



52, 31.227, 29.691



34, 4.377, 349.704



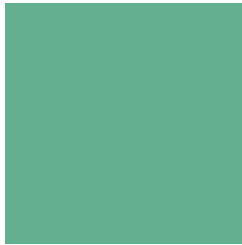
32, 57.067, 9.990



2, 8.713, 353.730

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 32.110, 164.455 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 32.110, 164.455 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 66, 32.110, 164.455

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 32.110, 164.455.

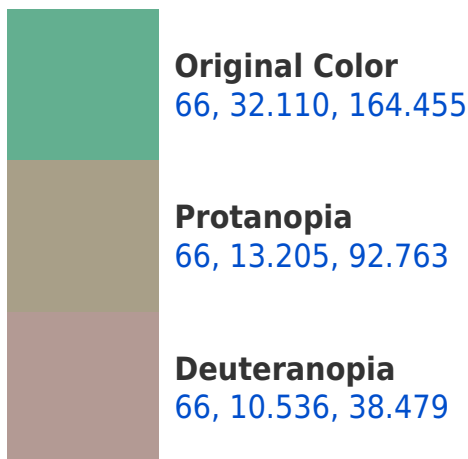



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 32.110, 164.455.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
66, 20.765, 218.379

Trichromacy



Original Color
66, 32.110, 164.455



Protanomaly
65, 16.795, 139.400



Deuteranomaly
65, 9.554, 138.412

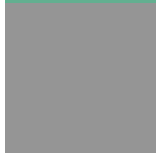


Tritanomaly
66, 22.556, 193.272

Monochromacy



Original Color
66, 32.110, 164.455



Achromatopsia
62, 0.008, 296.813



Achromatomaly
63, 11.991, 167.455

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 32.110, 164.455 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 175, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 175, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 175, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 175, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 32.110, 164.455 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 175, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 175, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 175, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 175, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 175, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 175,  
144) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 32.110, 164.455 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 175, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 175,  
144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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