

Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 36.460, 128.986)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(66, 36.460, 128.986)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(66, 36.860, 128.764)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	89AB6C
RGB	137, 171, 108
RGB Percent	54%, 67%, 42%
CMY	0.4644, 0.3311, 0.5780
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.37, 0.33
HSL	92°, 27%, 55%
HSV	92°, 37%, 67%
XYZ	27.4176, 35.3238, 19.4504
YIQ	153.6520, -0.0410, -26.8010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

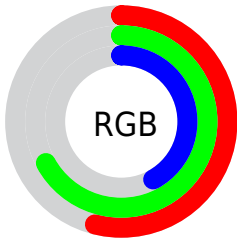
Format	Color
RYB	108, 171, 142
Decimal	9022316
CIELab	66.00, -23.08, 28.74
CIELCh	66, 36.860, 128.764
Yxy	35.3238, 0.3336, 0.4298
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287212396 (0xFF89AB6C)
YUV	153.6520, -22.5064, -14.6038
Hunter-Lab	59.4338, -21.6649, 22.2003

Details

The CIELCh color $66, 36.860, 128.764$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669966 . A complement of this color would be $51, 38.629, 312.164$, and the grayscale version is $63, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $86, 36.681, 128.777$, and $46, 37.220, 128.577$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $65, 46.464, 128.309$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $67, 26.982, 129.244$.

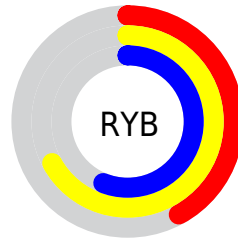
Distribution



Red (54%)

Green (67%)

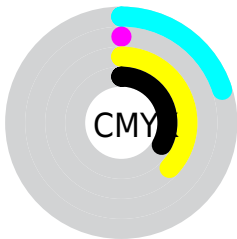
Blue (42%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (56%)

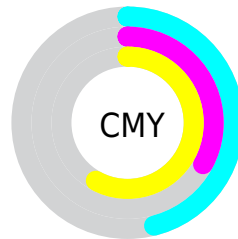


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (37%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (46%)


Magenta (33%)


Yellow (58%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 36.860, 128.764 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 36.860, 128.764 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 66, 36.860,
128.764


 66, 36.860,
128.764


 100, 36.860,
128.764


 56, 36.860,
128.764


 86, 36.860,
128.764

 46, 36.860,
128.764

 96, 36.860,
128.764

 36, 36.860,
128.764

 26, 36.860,
128.764

 16, 36.860,
128.764

 6, 36.860, 128.764

 0, 36.860, 128.764

■ 66, 36.860,
128.764

■ 66, 36.860,
128.764

■ 65, 46.464,
128.309

■ 67, 26.982,
129.244

■ 64, 55.586,
127.925

■ 68, 16.969,
129.718

■ 64, 63.937,
127.689

■ 69, 6.922, 130.174

■ 63, 71.138,
127.708

■ 70, 3.086, 310.533

■ 71, 13.006,
310.939

■ 63, 76.770,
128.105

■ 73, 22.801,
311.283

■ 62, 80.619,
128.944

■ 74, 32.446,
311.588

■ 62, 81.658,
129.205

■ 76, 41.925,
311.859

■ 77, 48.208,
313.290

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 36.860, 128.764



51, 38.629, 312.164

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 36.860, 128.764



66, 36.860, 178.764



66, 36.860, 308.764



66, 36.860, 358.764

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 36.861, 128.765



87, 13.651, 129.980



61, 22.936, 74.258



46, 9.248, 129.921



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 36.861, 128.765



83, 54.078, 128.402



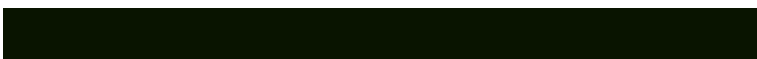
64, 41.440, 142.634



35, 5.606, 130.067



54, 73.387, 129.016



5, 10.397, 132.615

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 38.629, 312.164



61, 57.300, 312.553



54, 41.392, 327.341



33, 5.675, 310.829



23, 82.283, 313.039



1, 10.076, 307.859

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 36.860, 128.764 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 66, 36.860, 128.764 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

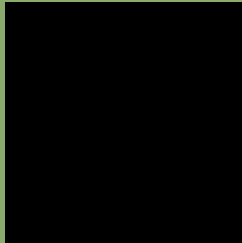
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 66, 36.860, 128.764

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 36.860, 128.764.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 36.860, 128.764.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

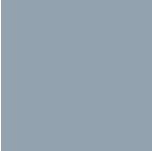
66, 36.860, 128.764

Protanopia

66, 31.710, 95.827

Deuteranopia

66, 28.727, 72.737



Tritanopia
66, 8.883, 253.589

Trichromacy



Original Color
66, 36.860, 128.764

Protanomaly
66, 32.068, 109.806

Deuteranomaly
65, 27.361, 96.481

Tritanomaly
66, 11.879, 154.097

Monochromacy



Original Color
66, 36.860, 128.764

Achromatopsia
63, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
64, 13.636, 129.205

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 36.860, 128.764 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 171, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 171, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 171, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 171, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 36.860, 128.764 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 171, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 171, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 171, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 171, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 171, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 171,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 36.860, 128.764 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 171, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
171, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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