

Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 36.880, 223.540)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(66, 36.880, 223.540)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(66, 36.900, 223.150)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	03B0CD
RGB	3, 176, 205
RGB Percent	1%, 69%, 80%
CMY	0.9875, 0.3112, 0.1975
CMYK	0.98, 0.14, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	189°, 97%, 41%
HSV	189°, 98%, 80%
XYZ	26.4720, 35.3238, 62.9531
YIQ	127.5790, -112.4170, -27.6570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

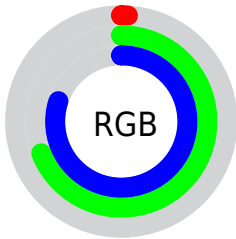
Format	Color
RYB	3, 96, 205
Decimal	241869
CIELab	66.00, -26.92, -25.24
CIELCh	66, 36.900, 223.150
Yxy	35.3238, 0.2122, 0.2832
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278431949 (0xFF03B0CD)
YUV	127.5790, 38.1686, -109.2558
Hunter-Lab	59.4338, -24.5048, -21.1971

Details

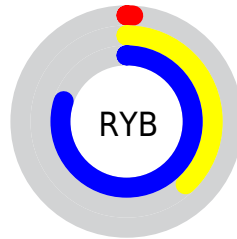
The CIELCh color **66, 36.900, 223.150** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCFF**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **44, 84.986, 41.671**, and the grayscale version is **53, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86, 36.335, 216.937**, and **47, 29.524, 231.752** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66, 36.966, 223.563**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67, 36.363, 220.596**.

Distribution



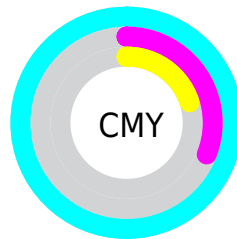
- Red (1%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)





- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (20%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 36.900, 223.150 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 36.900, 223.150 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 66, 36.900,
223.150


 66, 36.900,
223.150


 100, 36.900,
223.150


 56, 36.900,
223.150


 86, 36.900,
223.150

 46, 36.900,
223.150

 96, 36.900,
223.150

 36, 36.900,
223.150

 26, 36.900,
223.150

 16, 36.900,
223.150

 6, 36.900, 223.150

 0, 36.900, 223.150

■ 66, 36.900,
223.150

■ 66, 36.900,
223.150

■ 66, 36.966,
223.563

■ 67, 36.363,
220.596

■ 68, 35.163,
218.502

■ 69, 33.150,
216.859

■ 71, 30.293,
215.608

■ 73, 26.619,
214.686

■ 74, 22.196,
214.037

■ 76, 17.118,
213.611

■ 78, 11.488,

213.369

■ 80, 5.409, 213.305

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 36.900, 223.150



44, 84.986, 41.671

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 36.900, 223.150



66, 36.900, 273.150



66, 36.900, 43.150



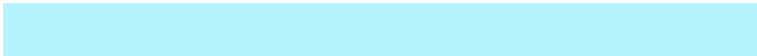
66, 36.900, 93.150

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 36.899, 223.150



92, 21.427, 213.678



72, 97.873, 137.418



48, 14.366, 213.852



0, 0.000, 0.000



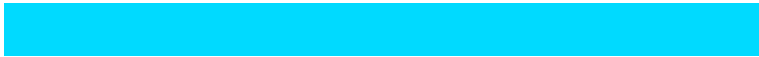
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 36.899, 223.150



80, 43.614, 223.963



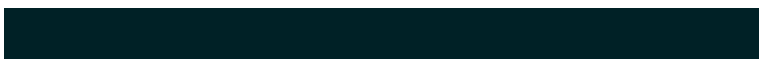
37, 77.700, 294.357



42, 3.618, 213.301



54, 31.622, 223.102



11, 11.926, 216.899

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 87.267, 334.873



58, 103.035, 335.086



61, 69.433, 72.655



40, 6.826, 329.176



38, 74.864, 334.869



5, 25.830, 332.818

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 66, 36.900, 223.150 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

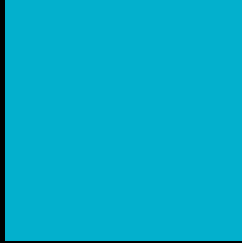
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 36.900, 223.150 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

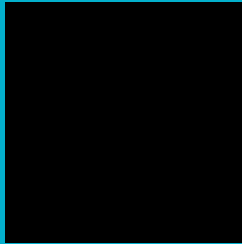
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 66, 36.900, 223.150

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 36.900, 223.150.

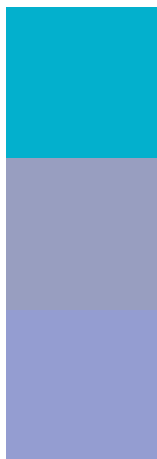


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 36.900, 223.150.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

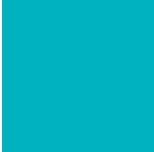
66, 36.955, 223.105

Protanopia

66, 18.935, 285.862

Deuteranopia

66, 28.917, 287.322



Tritanopia
66, 36.769, 209.005

Trichromacy



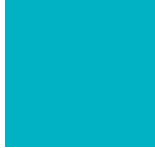
Original Color
66, 36.955, 223.105



Protanomaly
64, 26.273, 243.039



Deuteranomaly
65, 30.180, 251.414



Tritanomaly
66, 36.659, 213.674

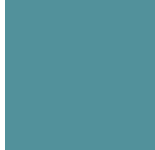
Monochromacy



Original Color
66, 36.955, 223.105



Achromatopsia
53, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
56, 20.986, 213.580

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 36.900, 223.150 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(3, 176, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(3, 176, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(3, 176, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(3, 176, 205) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 36.900, 223.150 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(3, 176, 205) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(3, 176, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(3, 176, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(3, 176, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 176, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 176,  
205) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 36.900, 223.150 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(3, 176, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(3, 176,  
205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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