

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 37.683, 313.243)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(66, 37.683, 313.243)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(66, 37.809, 313.118)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B792D2
RGB	183, 146, 210
RGB Percent	72%, 57%, 82%
CMY	0.2820, 0.4271, 0.1761
CMYK	0.13, 0.30, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	275°, 42%, 70%
HSV	275°, 30%, 82%
XYZ	41.4902, 35.3238, 65.6689
YIQ	164.3590, 1.5080, 27.7480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	183, 146, 210
Decimal	12030674
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	66.00, 25.84, -27.60
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	66, 37.809, 313.118
Yxy	35.3238, 0.2912, 0.2479
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290220754 (0xFFB792D2)
YUV	164.3590, 22.5010, 16.3482
Hunter-Lab	59.4338, 20.5999, -23.9063

# Details

The CIELCh color  $66, 37.809, 313.118$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be  $80, 36.517, 130.363$ , and the grayscale version is  $67, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $86, 32.085, 317.519$ , and  $46, 37.647, 313.103$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $60, 50.572, 313.594$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $72, 25.136, 312.642$ .

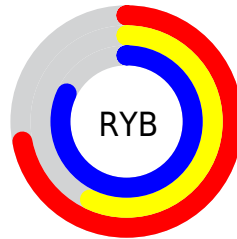
# Distribution



Red (72%)

Green (57%)

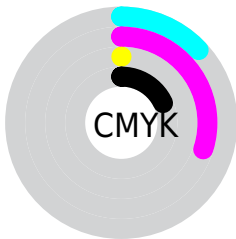
Blue (82%)



Red (72%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (82%)

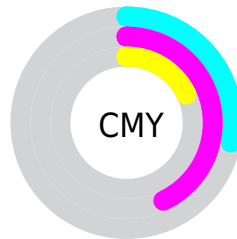


Cyan (13%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (28%)

Magenta (43%)


Yellow (18%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 37.809, 313.118 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 37.809, 313.118 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 66, 37.809,  
313.118


 66, 37.809,  
313.118


 100, 37.809,  
313.118


 56, 37.809,  
313.118


 86, 37.809,  
313.118

 46, 37.809,  
313.118

 96, 37.809,  
313.118

 36, 37.809,  
313.118

 26, 37.809,  
313.118

 16, 37.809,  
313.118

 6, 37.809, 313.118

 0, 37.809, 313.118

66, 37.809,  
313.118

66, 37.809,  
313.118

60, 50.572,  
313.594

72, 25.136,  
312.642

55, 63.196,  
314.040

78, 12.697,  
312.183

49, 75.300,  
314.411

84, 0.564, 311.507

45, 86.325,  
314.641

90, 11.230,  
131.396

41, 95.543,  
314.644

96, 22.672,  
131.038

38, 102.191,  
314.325

98, 23.796,  
125.250

36, 106.113,  
313.725

98, 23.012,  
117.574

99, 22.684,  
109.394

■ 99, 22.678,  
108.459

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 37.809, 313.118



80, 36.517, 130.363

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 37.809, 313.118



66, 37.809, 3.118



66, 37.809, 133.118



66, 37.809, 183.118

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 37.807, 313.118



94, 12.759, 312.121



70, 21.504, 267.155



49, 8.882, 312.187



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 37.807, 313.118



74, 54.021, 313.450



69, 39.734, 328.007



41, 6.850, 312.135



28, 89.837, 313.897



3, 27.251, 310.617



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68, 28.448, 351.182



77, 40.541, 352.097



79, 39.722, 144.105



41, 5.154, 348.877



36, 61.916, 9.160



5, 21.144, 358.823



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 37.809, 313.118 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

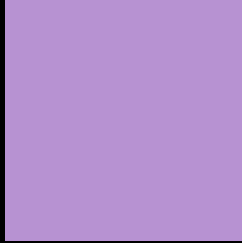
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 37.809, 313.118 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

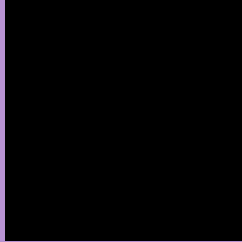
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 66, 37.809, 313.118**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 37.809, 313.118.

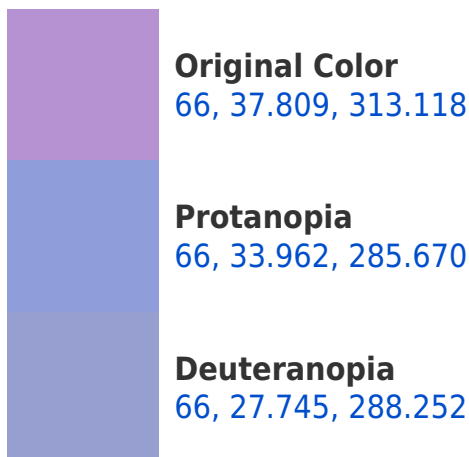


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 37.809, 313.118.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
66, 10.429, 340.887

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
66, 37.809, 313.118

**Protanomaly**  
66, 34.475, 295.811

**Deuteranomaly**  
66, 30.749, 298.872

**Tritanomaly**  
66, 19.915, 321.670

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
66, 37.809, 313.118

**Achromatopsia**  
67, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
67, 14.317, 312.476

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 37.809, 313.118 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(183, 146, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(183, 146, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(183, 146, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(183, 146, 210) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 37.809, 313.118 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(183, 146, 210) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(183, 146, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(183, 146, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(183, 146, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 146, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 146,  
210) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 37.809, 313.118 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(183, 146, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(183,  
146, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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