

Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 37.820, 195.876)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(66, 37.820, 195.876)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(66, 37.636, 196.434)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	12B2B2
RGB	18, 178, 178
RGB Percent	7%, 70%, 70%
CMY	0.9290, 0.3007, 0.3007
CMYK	0.90, 0.00, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	180°, 82%, 39%
HSV	180°, 90%, 70%
XYZ	24.3021, 35.3238, 47.8224
YIQ	130.1600, -95.3600, -33.9200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

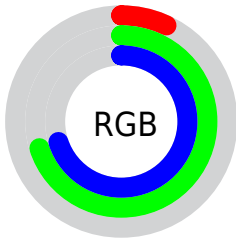
Format	Color
RYB	18, 98, 178
Decimal	1225394
CIELab	66.00, -36.10, -10.65
CIELCh	66, 37.636, 196.434
Yxy	35.3238, 0.2262, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279415474 (0xFF12B2B2)
YUV	130.1600, 23.5851, -98.3643
Hunter-Lab	59.4338, -31.0219, -6.1030

Details

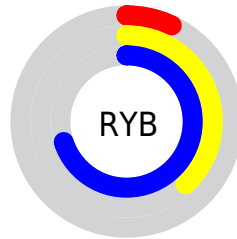
The CIELCh color **66, 37.636, 196.434** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **38, 74.152, 37.051**, and the grayscale version is **54, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86, 37.513, 196.971**, and **47, 29.554, 196.386** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66, 38.310, 196.382**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66, 36.364, 196.529**.

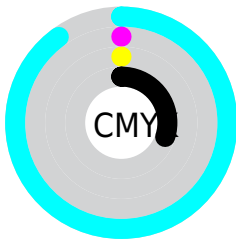
Distribution



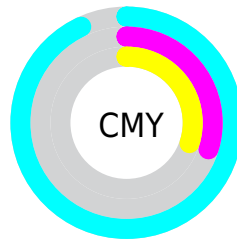
- Red (7%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 37.636, 196.434 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 37.636, 196.434 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 66, 37.636,
196.434


 66, 37.636,
196.434


 100, 37.636,
196.434


 56, 37.636,
196.434


 86, 37.636,
196.434

 46, 37.636,
196.434

 96, 37.636,
196.434

 36, 37.636,
196.434

 26, 37.636,
196.434

 16, 37.636,
196.434

 6, 37.636, 196.434

 0, 37.636, 196.434

■ 66, 37.636,
196.434

■ 66, 37.636,
196.434

■ 66, 38.310,
196.382

■ 66, 36.364,
196.529

■ 66, 38.319,
196.381

■ 66, 34.310,
196.684

■ 67, 31.437,
196.904

■ 68, 27.757,
197.188

■ 68, 23.325,
197.536

■ 69, 18.222,
197.945

■ 70, 12.548,
198.413

■ 71, 6.406, 198.952

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 37.636, 196.434



38, 74.152, 37.051

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 37.636, 196.434



66, 37.636, 246.434



66, 37.636, 16.434



66, 37.636, 66.434

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 37.635, 196.433



88, 20.600, 198.051



63, 88.776, 136.361



47, 13.816, 197.902



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 37.635, 196.433



84, 46.666, 196.381



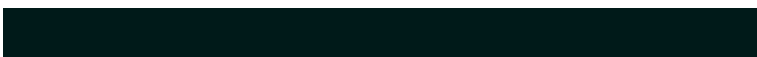
42, 47.973, 277.697



37, 3.691, 198.984



57, 34.227, 196.381



7, 9.138, 199.098

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38, 74.152, 37.051



48, 97.374, 39.999



49, 60.620, 61.705



35, 3.911, 19.910



31, 70.929, 39.525



2, 9.156, 19.403

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 66, 37.636, 196.434 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 66, 37.636, 196.434 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

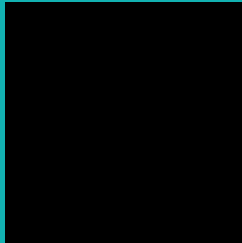
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

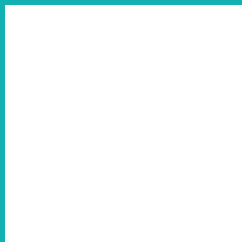
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 66, 37.636, 196.434

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 37.636, 196.434.

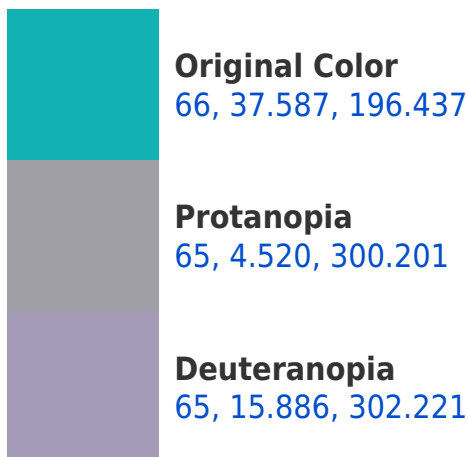


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 37.636, 196.434.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
66, 34.767, 210.839

Trichromacy



Original Color
66, 37.587, 196.437



Protanomaly
64, 19.247, 206.226



Deuteranomaly
64, 19.606, 229.195



Tritanomaly
66, 35.746, 204.784

Monochromacy



Original Color
66, 37.587, 196.437



Achromatopsia
54, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
58, 20.094, 197.561

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 37.636, 196.434 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(18, 178, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(18, 178, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(18, 178, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(18, 178, 178) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 37.636, 196.434 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(18, 178, 178) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(18, 178, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(18, 178, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(18, 178, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 178, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 178,  
178) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 37.636, 196.434 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(18, 178, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(18, 178,  
178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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