

Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 38.344, 241.270)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(66, 38.344, 241.270)
contains.

CIELCh(66, 38.344, 240.926)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(66, 38.344, 240.926)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	25ADDC
RGB	37, 173, 220
RGB Percent	15%, 68%, 86%
CMY	0.8534, 0.3227, 0.1385
CMYK	0.83, 0.21, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	195°, 72%, 50%
HSV	195°, 83%, 86%
XYZ	28.5394, 35.3238, 72.8078
YIQ	137.6940, -96.1430, -14.2150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

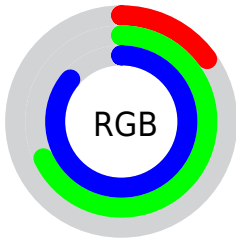
Format	Color
RYB	37, 115, 220
Decimal	2469340
CIELab	66.00, -18.63, -33.51
CIELCh	66, 38.344, 240.926
Yxy	35.3238, 0.2088, 0.2585
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280659420 (0xFF25ADDC)
YUV	137.6940, 40.5769, -88.3086
Hunter-Lab	59.4338, -18.2957, -31.0279

Details

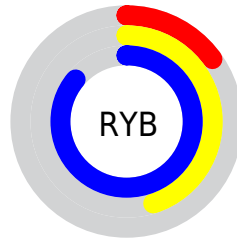
The CIELCh color **66, 38.344, 240.926** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. The color can be described as middle washed azure. A complement of this color would be **54, 73.016, 45.898**, and the grayscale version is **57, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85, 33.931, 221.527**, and **47, 33.600, 249.198** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64, 40.226, 245.165**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68, 35.929, 237.386**.

Distribution



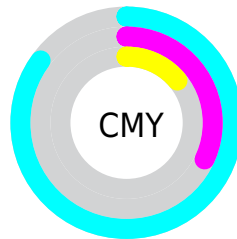
- Red (15%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (14%)





- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (14%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 38.344, 240.926 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 38.344, 240.926 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 66, 38.344,
240.926


 66, 38.344,
240.926


 100, 38.344,
240.926


 56, 38.344,
240.926


 86, 38.344,
240.926

 46, 38.344,
240.926

 96, 38.344,
240.926

 36, 38.344,
240.926

 26, 38.344,
240.926

 16, 38.344,
240.926

 6, 38.344, 240.926

 0, 38.344, 240.926

■ 66, 38.344,
240.926

■ 66, 38.344,
240.926

■ 64, 40.226,
245.165

■ 68, 35.929,
237.386

■ 63, 41.391,
248.429

■ 70, 32.869,
234.513

■ 73, 29.123,
232.227

■ 75, 24.716,
230.434

■ 78, 19.709,
229.044

■ 81, 14.186,
227.982

■ 84, 8.235, 227.192

■ 87, 1.939, 226.794

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 38.344, 240.926



54, 73.016, 45.898

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 38.344, 240.926



66, 38.344, 290.926



66, 38.344, 60.926



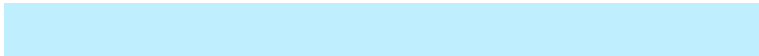
66, 38.344, 110.926

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 38.343, 240.926



92, 17.296, 228.193



77, 88.314, 142.545



48, 11.668, 228.559



0, 0.000, 0.000



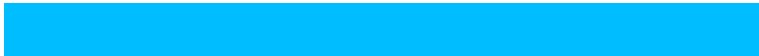
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 38.343, 240.926



72, 46.448, 248.873



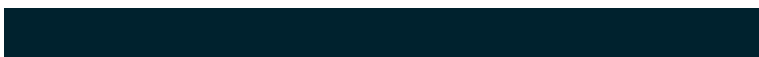
41, 81.887, 295.711



45, 3.625, 226.976



50, 34.520, 247.591



12, 13.310, 238.258

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 82.173, 339.627



57, 94.608, 342.232



73, 69.585, 86.241



43, 6.683, 333.218



39, 71.161, 341.801



6, 28.837, 338.937

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 38.344, 240.926 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 38.344, 240.926 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

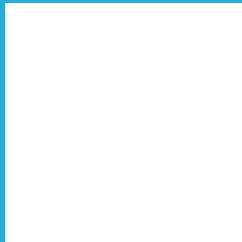
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 66, 38.344, 240.926

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 38.344, 240.926.

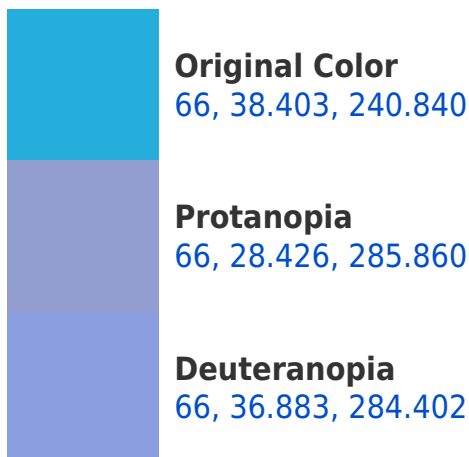


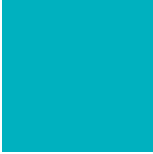
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 38.344, 240.926.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
66, 36.769, 209.005

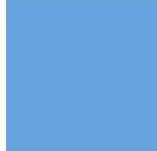
Trichromacy



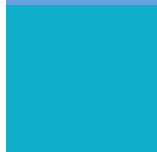
Original Color
66, 38.403, 240.840



Protanomaly
65, 31.002, 260.923



Deuteranomaly
65, 36.111, 264.884



Tritanomaly
66, 36.239, 220.716

Monochromacy



Original Color
66, 38.403, 240.840



Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
60, 18.726, 229.285

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 38.344, 240.926 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(37, 173, 220)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(37, 173, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(37, 173, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(37, 173, 220) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 38.344, 240.926 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(37, 173, 220) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(37, 173, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(37, 173, 220)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(37, 173, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 173, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 173,  
220) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 38.344, 240.926 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(37, 173, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(37, 173,  
220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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