

Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 4.711, 119.082)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(66, 4.711, 119.082) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(66, 4.490, 119.616)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9FA199
RGB	159, 161, 153
RGB Percent	62%, 63%, 60%
CMY	0.3751, 0.3673, 0.3987
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.05, 0.37
HSL	75°, 4%, 62%
HSV	75°, 5%, 63%
XYZ	32.9459, 35.3238, 35.3631
YIQ	159.4900, 1.3760, -2.9120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

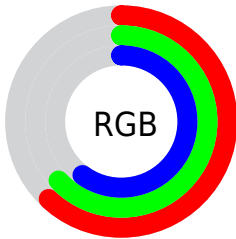
Format	Color
RYB	153, 161, 155
Decimal	10461593
CIELab	66.00, -2.22, 3.90
CIElCh	66, 4.490, 119.616
Yxy	35.3238, 0.3179, 0.3409
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288651673 (0xFF9FA199)
YUV	159.4900, -3.1996, -0.4297
Hunter-Lab	59.4338, -5.0616, 6.3262

Details

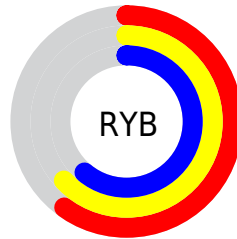
The CIELCh color $66, 4.490, 119.616$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $64, 4.549, 300.220$, and the grayscale version is $66, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $86, 4.765, 118.584$, and $46, 4.812, 119.490$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $65, 13.542, 119.008$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $67, 4.575, 300.210$.

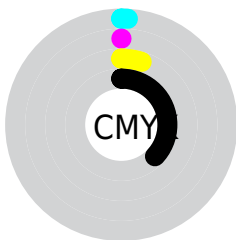
Distribution



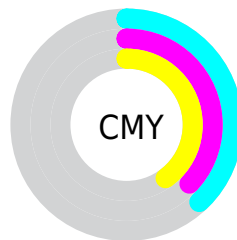
- Red (62%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 4.490, 119.616 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 4.490, 119.616 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 66, 4.490, 119.616

■ 66, 4.490, 119.616

■ 100, 4.490,
119.616

■ 56, 4.490, 119.616

■ 86, 4.490, 119.616

■ 46, 4.490, 119.616

■ 96, 4.490, 119.616

■ 36, 4.490, 119.616

■ 26, 4.490, 119.616

■ 16, 4.490, 119.616

■ 6, 4.490, 119.616

■ 0, 4.490, 119.616

■ 66, 4.490, 119.616

■ 66, 4.490, 119.616

■ 65, 13.542,

■ 67, 4.575, 300.210

119.008

68, 13.620,
300.781

65, 22.523,
118.383

68, 22.616,
301.316

64, 31.356,
117.767

69, 31.542,
301.817

63, 39.926,
117.187

70, 40.384,
302.284

63, 48.060,
116.685

71, 49.131,
302.716

63, 55.508,
116.321

72, 51.853,
303.807

62, 61.926,
116.174

72, 52.027,
305.197

62, 66.916,
116.342

73, 52.229,
306.591

62, 70.176,
116.908

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 4.490, 119.616



64, 4.549, 300.220

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 4.490, 119.616



66, 4.490, 169.616



66, 4.490, 299.616



66, 4.490, 349.616

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 4.492, 119.627



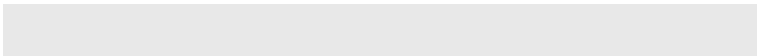
84, 1.110, 119.887



65, 2.567, 45.030



44, 0.629, 119.892



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 4.492, 119.627



83, 6.709, 119.556



66, 5.013, 137.119



34, 3.619, 119.533



56, 66.187, 117.144



5, 8.139, 121.951

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64, 4.549, 300.220



80, 6.804, 300.295



64, 5.042, 317.468



33, 3.672, 300.320



18, 85.921, 307.893



1, 8.059, 299.018

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 4.490, 119.616 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

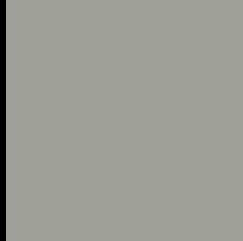
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 66, 4.490, 119.616 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

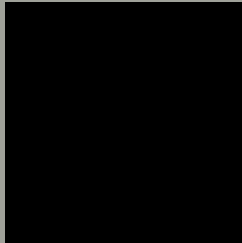
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

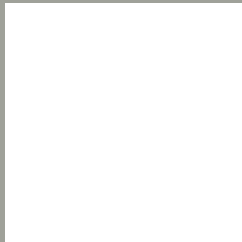
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 66, 4.490, 119.616

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 4.490, 119.616.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 4.490, 119.616.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


66, 4.490, 119.616

Protanopia

66, 4.813, 85.781

Deuteranopia

66, 9.029, 20.197



Tritanopia
66, 6.767, 300.346

Trichromacy



Original Color
66, 4.490, 119.616

Protanomaly
66, 4.558, 94.847

Deuteranomaly
66, 5.713, 36.626

Tritanomaly
66, 2.807, 298.192

Monochromacy



Original Color
66, 4.490, 119.616

Achromatopsia
66, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
66, 1.099, 110.012

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 4.490, 119.616 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 161, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 161, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 161, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 161, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 4.490, 119.616 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 161, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 161, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 161, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 161, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 161, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 161,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 4.490, 119.616 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 161, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
161, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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