

Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 42.623, 119.399)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(66, 42.623, 119.399)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(66, 42.337, 119.186)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	92A95C
RGB	146, 169, 92
RGB Percent	57%, 66%, 36%
CMY	0.4269, 0.3367, 0.6387
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.46, 0.34
HSL	78°, 31%, 51%
HSV	78°, 46%, 66%
XYZ	28.0278, 35.3238, 15.4949
YIQ	153.3450, 11.0090, -28.8230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

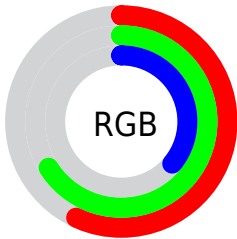
Format	Color
RYB	92, 169, 115
Decimal	9611612
CIELab	66.00, -20.65, 36.96
CIELCh	66, 42.337, 119.186
Yxy	35.3238, 0.3555, 0.4480
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287801692 (0xFF92A95C)
YUV	153.3450, -30.2431, -6.4416
Hunter-Lab	59.4338, -19.8322, 26.1463

Details

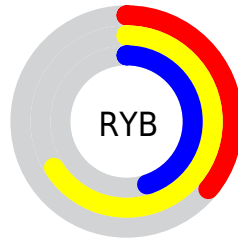
The CIELCh color **66, 42.337, 119.186** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **45, 46.642, 305.085**, and the grayscale version is **64, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86, 42.037, 119.215**, and **46, 42.436, 119.058** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65, 50.847, 118.737**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67, 33.366, 119.722**.

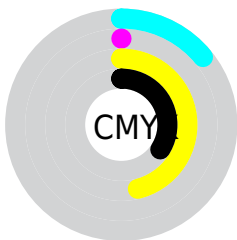
Distribution



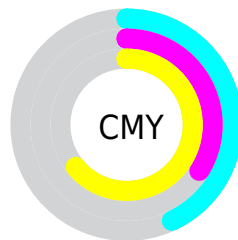
- Red (57%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (34%)




- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (64%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 42.337, 119.186 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 42.337, 119.186 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 66, 42.337,
119.186

 66, 42.337,
119.186


 100, 42.337,
119.186

 56, 42.337,
119.186


 86, 42.337,
119.186

 46, 42.337,
119.186

 96, 42.337,
119.186

 36, 42.337,
119.186

 26, 42.337,
119.186

 16, 42.337,
119.186

 6, 42.337, 119.186

 0, 42.337, 119.186

■ 66, 42.337,
119.186

■ 66, 42.337,
119.186

■ 65, 50.847,
118.737

■ 67, 33.366,
119.722

■ 65, 58.624,
118.434

■ 67, 24.116,
120.295

■ 64, 65.307,
118.369

■ 68, 14.712,
120.877

■ 64, 70.479,
118.647

■ 69, 5.239, 121.454

■ 64, 73.853,
119.354

■ 70, 4.245, 301.986

■ 64, 75.079,
119.723

■ 71, 13.699,
302.514

■ 72, 23.093,
303.005

■ 73, 32.405,
303.461

■ 74, 41.619,
303.884

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 42.337, 119.186



45, 46.642, 305.085

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 42.337, 119.186



66, 42.337, 169.186



66, 42.337, 299.186



66, 42.337, 349.186

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 42.338, 119.188



86, 16.385, 120.952



53, 28.373, 47.535



45, 11.291, 120.831



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 42.338, 119.188



83, 62.157, 118.719



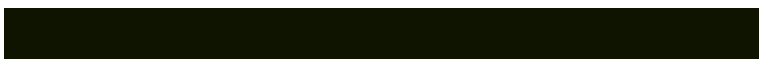
64, 48.197, 135.807



35, 5.341, 121.238



56, 67.964, 119.565



6, 9.899, 124.532

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 46.642, 305.085



51, 70.450, 306.042



49, 49.203, 320.227



33, 5.440, 302.292



19, 86.351, 308.470



1, 9.729, 300.178

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 42.337, 119.186 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 42.337, 119.186 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 66, 42.337, 119.186

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 42.337, 119.186.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 42.337, 119.186.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

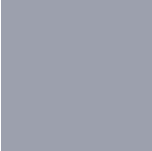
Dichromacy



Original Color
66, 42.337, 119.186

Protanopia
66, 39.071, 95.633

Deuteranopia
66, 36.571, 76.981



Tritanopia
66, 7.328, 279.412

Trichromacy



Original Color
66, 42.337, 119.186

Protanomaly
66, 39.286, 104.707

Deuteranomaly
66, 35.751, 93.663

Tritanomaly
66, 11.368, 131.300

Monochromacy



Original Color
66, 42.337, 119.186

Achromatopsia
63, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
64, 15.823, 120.250

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 42.337, 119.186 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 169, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 169, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 169, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 169, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 42.337, 119.186 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 169, 92) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 169, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 169, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 169, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 169, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 169,  
92) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 42.337, 119.186 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 169, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
169, 92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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