

Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 43.925, 309.027)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(66, 43.925, 309.027)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(66, 43.739, 309.040)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B492DE
RGB	180, 146, 222
RGB Percent	71%, 57%, 87%
CMY	0.2959, 0.4291, 0.1312
CMYK	0.19, 0.34, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	267°, 53%, 72%
HSV	267°, 34%, 87%
XYZ	42.0529, 35.3238, 73.3837
YIQ	164.8300, -4.1320, 30.8440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

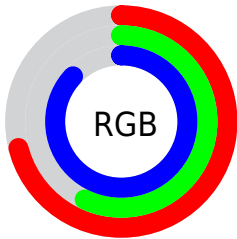
Format	Color
R _Y B	180, 146, 222
Decimal	11834078
CIE Lab	66.00, 27.55, -33.97
CIE LCh	66, 43.739, 309.040
Yxy	35.3238, 0.2789, 0.2343
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290024158 (0xFFB492DE)
YUV	164.8300, 28.1848, 13.3041
Hunter-Lab	59.4338, 22.2899, -31.6024

Details

The CIELCh color $66, 43.739, 309.040$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99FF`. A complement of this color would be $84, 41.403, 125.541$, and the grayscale version is $67, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $85, 31.682, 315.786$, and $46, 44.004, 309.002$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60, 57.082, 309.654$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $72, 30.577, 308.448$.

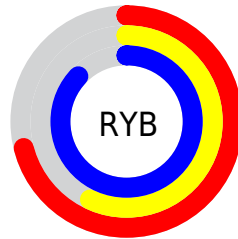
Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (57%)

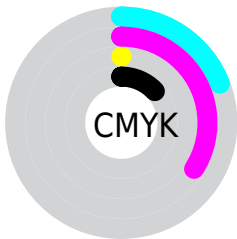
Blue (87%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (87%)

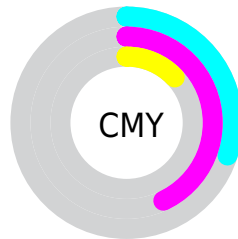


Cyan (19%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (30%)


Magenta (43%)


Yellow (13%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 43.739, 309.040 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 43.739, 309.040 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 66, 43.739,
309.040


 66, 43.739,
309.040


 100, 43.739,
309.040


 56, 43.739,
309.040


 86, 43.739,
309.040

 46, 43.739,
309.040

 96, 43.739,
309.040

 36, 43.739,
309.040

 26, 43.739,
309.040

 16, 43.739,
309.040

 6, 43.739, 309.040

 0, 43.739, 309.040

66, 43.739,
309.040

66, 43.739,
309.040

60, 57.082,
309.654

72, 30.577,
308.448

54, 70.373,
310.257

79, 17.727,
307.897

48, 83.191,
310.790

86, 5.245, 307.383

43, 94.868,
311.166

92, 6.847, 126.973

38, 104.477,
311.262

98, 17.767,
125.780

35, 111.047,
310.949

99, 16.947,
111.350

34, 113.631,
310.634

99, 16.924,
108.898

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 43.739, 309.040



84, 41.403, 125.541

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 43.739, 309.040



66, 43.739, 359.040



66, 43.739, 129.040



66, 43.739, 179.040

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 43.737, 309.040



93, 13.818, 307.678



75, 22.010, 253.151



48, 9.447, 307.751



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 43.737, 309.040



70, 59.071, 309.471



70, 47.917, 324.348



43, 6.934, 307.644



26, 94.459, 310.817



3, 30.874, 307.339

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 36.085, 343.994



75, 48.199, 344.791



82, 47.739, 140.392



43, 5.844, 341.623



37, 64.319, 356.901



6, 25.676, 350.728

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 43.739, 309.040 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

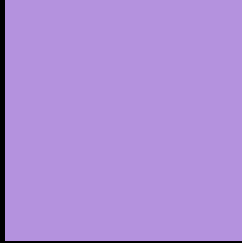
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 43.739, 309.040 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

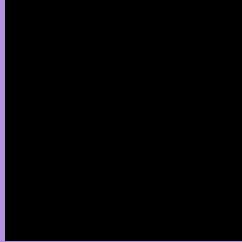
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 66, 43.739, 309.040

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 43.739, 309.040.

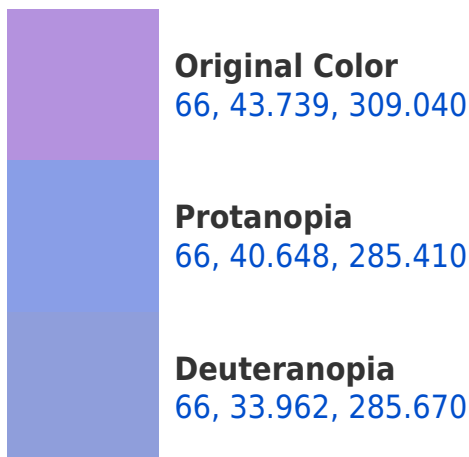


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 43.739, 309.040.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
66, 9.208, 328.788

Trichromacy



Original Color
66, 43.739, 309.040

Protanomaly
66, 41.619, 293.937

Deuteranomaly
66, 37.250, 295.407

Tritanomaly
66, 21.603, 313.662

Monochromacy



Original Color
66, 43.739, 309.040

Achromatopsia
67, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
67, 16.283, 308.522

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 43.739, 309.040 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 146, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 146, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 146, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 146, 222) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 43.739, 309.040 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

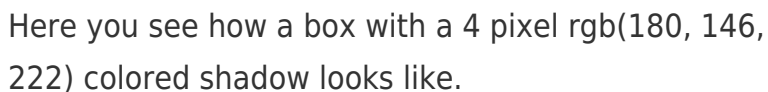
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 146, 222) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 146, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 146, 222)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 146, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 146, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 146,  
222) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 43.739, 309.040 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 146, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
146, 222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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