

Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 44.109, 96.274)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(66, 44.109, 96.274) contains.

CIELCh(66, 43.985, 96.198)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(66, 43.985, 96.198)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B1A150
RGB	177, 161, 80
RGB Percent	69%, 63%, 31%
CMY	0.3067, 0.3694, 0.6870
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.55, 0.31
HSL	50°, 38%, 50%
HSV	50°, 55%, 69%
XYZ	32.2390, 35.3238, 12.6738
YIQ	156.5500, 35.5370, -21.7990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

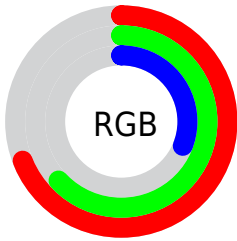
Format	Color
RYB	99, 177, 80
Decimal	11641168
CIELab	66.00, -4.75, 43.73
CIELCh	66, 43.985, 96.198
Yxy	35.3238, 0.4018, 0.4402
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289831248 (0xFFB1A150)
YUV	156.5500, -37.7391, 17.9347
Hunter-Lab	59.4338, -7.1844, 28.9606

Details

The CIELCh color **66, 43.985, 96.198** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **43, 48.584, 291.598**, and the grayscale version is **65, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86, 44.408, 96.230**, and **46, 44.036, 96.366** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65, 51.161, 95.041**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67, 36.281, 97.366**.

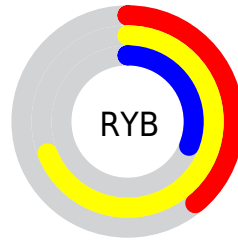
Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (63%)

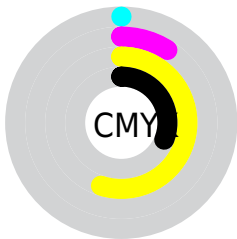
Blue (31%)



Red (39%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (31%)

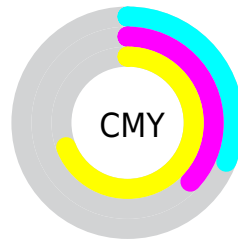


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (55%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (31%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 43.985, 96.198 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 43.985, 96.198 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

66, 43.985, 96.198

66, 43.985, 96.198

100, 43.985,
96.198

56, 43.985, 96.198

86, 43.985, 96.198

46, 43.985, 96.198

96, 43.985, 96.198

36, 43.985, 96.198

26, 43.985, 96.198

16, 43.985, 96.198

6, 43.985, 96.198

0, 43.985, 96.198

66, 43.985, 96.198

66, 43.985, 96.198

65, 51.161, 95.041

67, 36.281, 97.366

64, 57.417, 93.888

68, 28.298, 98.527

63, 62.227, 92.729

69, 20.190, 99.677

62, 65.062, 91.531

70, 12.046,
100.803

62, 66.066, 90.907

72, 3.919, 101.883

73, 4.163, 283.012

74, 12.183,
284.019

75, 20.132,
284.998

77, 28.008,
285.934

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 43.985, 96.198



43, 48.584, 291.598

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 43.985, 96.198



66, 43.985, 146.198



66, 43.985, 276.198



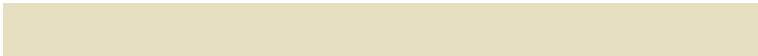
66, 43.985, 326.198

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 43.986, 96.201



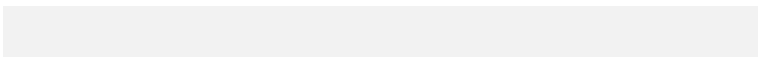
89, 16.050, 100.644



47, 42.266, 13.743



47, 10.829, 100.421



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 43.986, 96.201



82, 64.037, 94.778



68, 52.496, 120.202



37, 4.621, 101.409



54, 59.446, 91.061



7, 10.365, 98.120

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 48.584, 291.598



48, 73.869, 294.763



42, 58.955, 306.930



35, 4.685, 283.522



20, 81.862, 303.154



1, 11.665, 284.445

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 43.985, 96.198 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

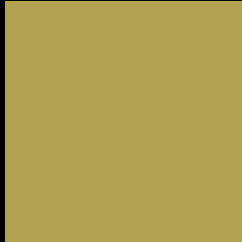
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 66, 43.985, 96.198 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 66, 43.985, 96.198

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 43.985, 96.198.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 43.985, 96.198.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66, 43.985, 96.198

Protanopia

66, 43.985, 96.198

Deuteranopia

66, 43.878, 79.068



Tritanopia
66, 14.139, 355.420

Trichromacy



Original Color
66, 43.985, 96.198

Protanomaly
66, 43.985, 96.198

Deuteranomaly
66, 43.604, 85.247

Tritanomaly
66, 16.604, 66.639

Monochromacy



Original Color
66, 43.985, 96.198

Achromatopsia
64, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
65, 16.738, 99.913

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 43.985, 96.198 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(177, 161, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(177, 161, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 161, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(177, 161, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 43.985, 96.198 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(177, 161, 80) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(177, 161, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(177, 161, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(177, 161, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 161, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 161,  
80) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 43.985, 96.198 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(177, 161, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(177,  
161, 80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor