

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 6.154, 59.158)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(66, 6.154, 59.158) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(66, 6.091, 58.967)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AA9E97
RGB	170, 158, 151
RGB Percent	67%, 62%, 59%
CMY	0.3326, 0.3797, 0.4071
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.11, 0.33
HSL	22°, 10%, 63%
HSV	22°, 11%, 67%
XYZ	34.4770, 35.3238, 34.3574
YIQ	160.7900, 9.3990, 0.3670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

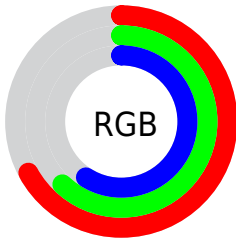
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">170, 162, 151</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11181719</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">66.00, 3.14, 5.22</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">66, 6.091, 58.967</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">35.3238, 0.3310, 0.3391</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289371799</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFAA9E97</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">160.7900, -4.8265, 8.0772</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">59.4338, -0.4630, 7.3295</a>

# Details

The CIELCh color  $66, 6.091, 58.967$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $66, 5.796, 241.265$ , and the grayscale version is  $66, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $86, 6.084, 62.912$ , and  $46, 6.261, 61.077$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $63, 11.939, 58.145$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $69, 0.612, 59.281$ .

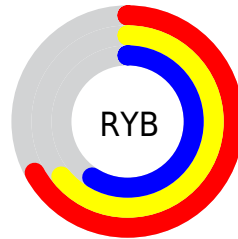
# Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (62%)

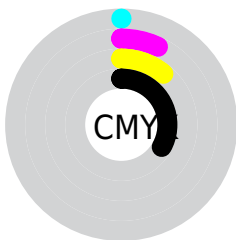
Blue (59%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (59%)

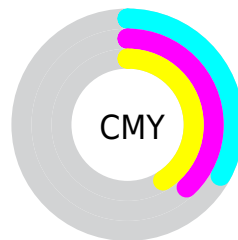


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (41%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 6.091, 58.967 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 6.091, 58.967 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 66, 6.091, 58.967       66, 6.091, 58.967

 100, 6.091, 58.967       56, 6.091, 58.967

 86, 6.091, 58.967       46, 6.091, 58.967

 96, 6.091, 58.967       36, 6.091, 58.967

 26, 6.091, 58.967

 16, 6.091, 58.967

 6, 6.091, 58.967

 0, 6.091, 58.967

 66, 6.091, 58.967       66, 6.091, 58.967

 63, 11.939, 58.145       69, 0.612, 59.281

60, 18.191, 57.321

73, 4.536, 240.960

56, 24.872, 56.546

76, 9.390, 241.826

53, 31.983, 55.832

79, 13.986,  
242.717

51, 39.483, 55.173

83, 18.353,  
243.598

48, 47.234, 54.527

45, 54.913, 53.771

86, 22.521,  
244.462

43, 61.838, 52.621

89, 22.391,  
228.669

41, 67.116, 51.378

92, 23.709,  
211.807

95, 26.670,  
197.882

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 6.091, 58.967



66, 5.796, 241.265

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 6.091, 58.967



66, 6.091, 108.967



66, 6.091, 238.967



66, 6.091, 288.967

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 6.091, 58.987



87, 1.974, 59.530



64, 9.909, 337.888



46, 1.513, 59.511



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 6.091, 58.987



83, 8.859, 58.814



69, 9.061, 102.941



34, 3.040, 59.141



36, 60.300, 51.818



3, 5.381, 53.689





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66, 5.796, 241.265



84, 8.344, 241.494



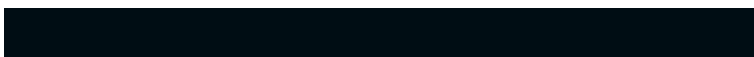
64, 9.224, 285.406



34, 2.920, 241.068



38, 36.428, 266.788



3, 5.571, 249.417



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 6.091, 58.967 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

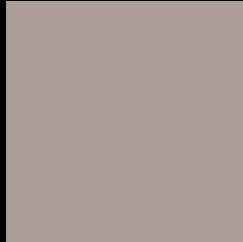
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 6.091, 58.967 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

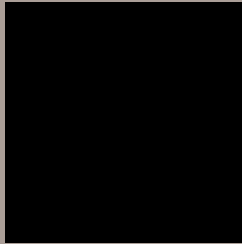
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 66, 6.091, 58.967**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 6.091, 58.967.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 6.091, 58.967.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


66, 6.091, 58.967

### Protanopia

66, 4.813, 85.781

### Deuteranopia

66, 9.644, 30.057



**Tritanopia**  
66, 9.035, 332.903



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
66, 6.091, 58.967

**Protanomaly**  
66, 4.958, 70.624

**Deuteranomaly**  
66, 8.198, 35.610

**Tritanomaly**  
66, 6.062, 352.803

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
66, 6.091, 58.967

**Achromatopsia**  
66, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
66, 2.248, 66.695

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 6.091, 58.967 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 158, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 158, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 158, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 158, 151) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 6.091, 58.967 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 158, 151) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 158, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 158, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 158, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 158, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 158,  
151) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 6.091, 58.967 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 158, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
158, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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