

Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 6.351, 274.499)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(66, 6.351, 274.499) contains.

CIELCh(66, 6.331, 273.967)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(66, 6.331, 273.967)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9CA1AC
RGB	156, 161, 172
RGB Percent	61%, 63%, 67%
CMY	0.3899, 0.3703, 0.3272
CMYK	0.09, 0.06, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	221°, 9%, 64%
HSV	221°, 9%, 67%
XYZ	33.6992, 35.3238, 43.8499
YIQ	160.7590, -6.5110, 2.3610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

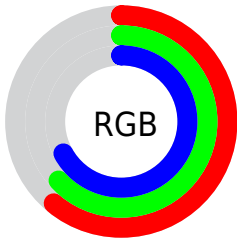
Format	Color
RYB	156, 160, 172
Decimal	10265004
CIELab	66.00, 0.44, -6.32
CIElCh	66, 6.331, 273.967
Yxy	35.3238, 0.2986, 0.3130
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288455084 (0xFF9CA1AC)
YUV	160.7590, 5.5418, -4.1736
Hunter-Lab	59.4338, -2.7991, -2.1401

Details

The CIELCh color $66, 6.331, 273.967$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $68, 6.317, 91.584$, and the grayscale version is $66, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $86, 6.002, 273.692$, and $46, 6.206, 272.739$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $62, 13.231, 275.408$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $70, 0.448, 92.207$.

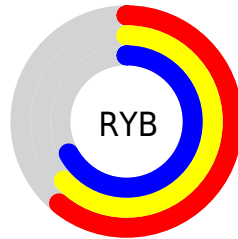
Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (63%)

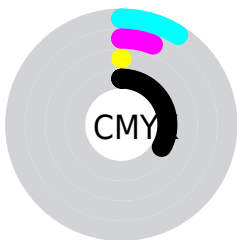
Blue (67%)



Red (61%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (67%)

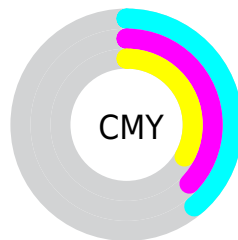


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 6.331, 273.967 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 6.331, 273.967 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 66, 6.331, 273.967

■ 66, 6.331, 273.967

■ 100, 6.331,
273.967

■ 56, 6.331, 273.967

■ 86, 6.331, 273.967

■ 46, 6.331, 273.967

■ 96, 6.331, 273.967

■ 36, 6.331, 273.967

■ 26, 6.331, 273.967

■ 16, 6.331, 273.967

■ 6, 6.331, 273.967

■ 0, 6.331, 273.967

■ 66, 6.331, 273.967

■ 66, 6.331, 273.967

■ 62, 13.231,

■ 70, 0.448, 92.207

275.408

75, 7.104, 91.536

57, 20.260,
277.116

79, 13.640, 90.598

53, 27.429,
279.112

84, 20.056, 89.768

48, 34.754,
281.435

88, 26.352, 89.035

44, 42.263,
284.111

95, 36.548, 99.980

40, 49.982,
287.137

98, 41.729,
106.938

36, 57.921,
290.459

98, 41.775,
106.988

32, 66.016,
293.945

29, 74.084,
297.312

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 6.331, 273.967



68, 6.317, 91.584

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 6.331, 273.967



66, 6.331, 323.967



66, 6.331, 93.967



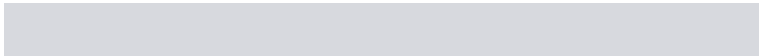
66, 6.331, 143.967

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 6.330, 273.956



87, 2.503, 273.207



69, 6.616, 174.034



46, 1.913, 273.286



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 6.330, 273.956



82, 9.220, 274.208



65, 8.988, 298.024



34, 3.878, 273.954



24, 67.008, 297.136



2, 8.659, 276.894

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66, 6.770, 355.895



82, 9.882, 356.093



70, 8.807, 116.713



34, 4.147, 355.894



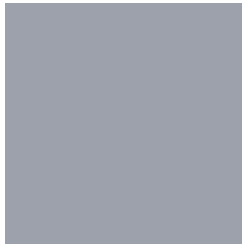
31, 58.533, 18.954



2, 8.357, 359.148

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 6.331, 273.967 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

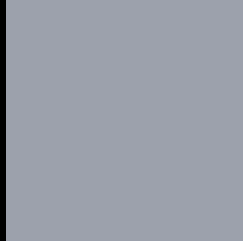
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 66, 6.331, 273.967 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

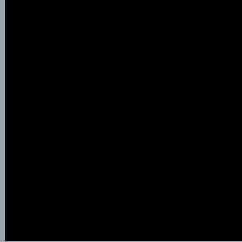
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

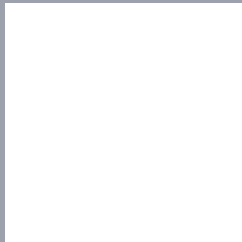
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 66, 6.331, 273.967

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 6.331, 273.967.

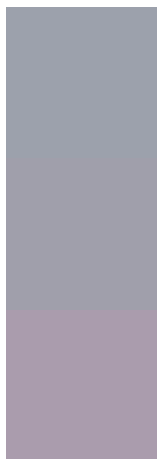


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 6.331, 273.967.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

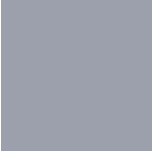
66, 6.331, 273.967

Protanopia

66, 6.676, 294.059

Deuteranopia

66, 10.834, 319.928



Tritanopia
66, 7.328, 279.412

Trichromacy



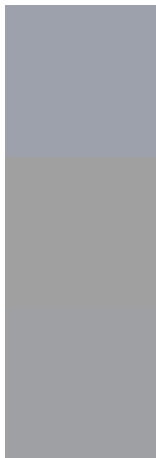
Original Color
66, 6.331, 273.967

Protanomaly
66, 6.131, 283.910

Deuteranomaly
66, 8.227, 309.412

Tritanomaly
66, 6.787, 278.390

Monochromacy



Original Color
66, 6.331, 273.967

Achromatopsia
66, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
66, 2.335, 271.661

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 6.331, 273.967 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 161, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 161, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 161, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 161, 172) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 6.331, 273.967 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 161, 172) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 161, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 161, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 161, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 161, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 161,  
172) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 6.331, 273.967 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 161, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
161, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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