

Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 62.182, 88.518)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(66, 62.182, 88.518) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(66, 62.241, 88.616)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C09D25
RGB	192, 157, 37
RGB Percent	75%, 62%, 15%
CMY	0.2482, 0.3853, 0.8561
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.81, 0.25
HSL	46°, 68%, 45%
HSV	46°, 81%, 75%
XYZ	34.0044, 35.3238, 6.7504
YIQ	153.7850, 59.3800, -29.9000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

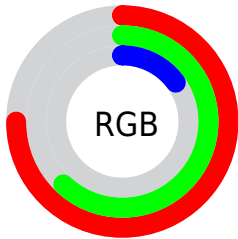
Format	Color
RYB	82, 192, 37
Decimal	12623141
CIELab	66.00, 1.50, 62.22
CIElCh	66, 62.241, 88.616
Yxy	35.3238, 0.4470, 0.4643
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290813221 (0xFFC09D25)
YUV	153.7850, -57.5750, 33.5146
Hunter-Lab	59.4338, -1.8823, 34.8696

Details

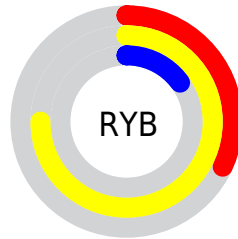
The CIELCh color **66, 62.241, 88.616** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9933**. The color can be described as dark muted orange. A complement of this color would be **36, 73.656, 296.023**, and the grayscale version is **64, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86, 62.178, 88.518**, and **46, 52.903, 87.567** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65, 66.225, 87.098**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67, 56.392, 90.013**.

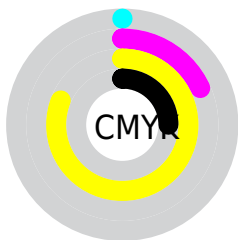
Distribution



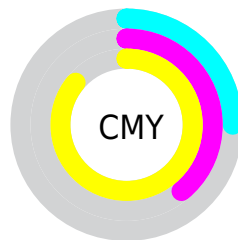
- Red (75%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (15%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (86%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 62.241, 88.616 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 62.241, 88.616 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 66, 62.241, 88.616

■ 66, 62.241, 88.616

■ 100, 62.241,
88.616

■ 56, 62.241, 88.616

■ 86, 62.241, 88.616

■ 46, 62.241, 88.616

■ 96, 62.241, 88.616

■ 36, 62.241, 88.616

■ 26, 62.241, 88.616

■ 16, 62.241, 88.616

■ 6, 62.241, 88.616

■ 0, 62.241, 88.616

■ 66, 62.241, 88.616

■ 66, 62.241, 88.616

■ 65, 66.225, 87.098

■ 67, 56.392, 90.013

64, 68.206, 85.570

69, 49.334, 91.343

70, 41.592, 92.638

71, 33.506, 93.911

73, 25.280, 95.159

74, 17.031, 96.378

76, 8.822, 97.559

77, 0.687, 98.486

79, 7.358, 279.859

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 62.241, 88.616



36, 73.656, 296.023

Rectangle

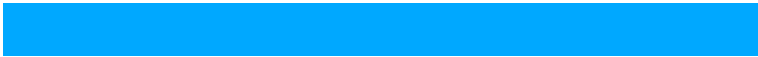
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 62.241, 88.616



66, 62.241, 138.616



66, 62.241, 268.616



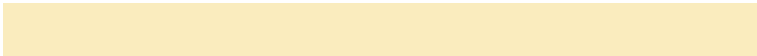
66, 62.241, 318.616

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 62.241, 88.619



94, 24.335, 95.952



43, 63.820, 17.377



49, 16.734, 95.513



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 62.241, 88.619



82, 82.647, 85.783



72, 74.767, 117.021



40, 4.642, 97.729



54, 59.905, 85.833



9, 14.063, 90.594

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36, 73.656, 296.023



39, 110.670, 301.300



31, 92.355, 307.469



38, 4.686, 279.980



23, 79.695, 301.250



2, 16.435, 284.188

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 62.241, 88.616 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 66, 62.241, 88.616 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 66, 62.241, 88.616

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 62.241, 88.616.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 62.241, 88.616.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66, 62.241, 88.616

Protanopia

66, 61.744, 95.110

Deuteranopia

66, 62.377, 81.981



Tritanopia
66, 22.111, 5.876

Trichromacy



Original Color
66, 62.241, 88.616

Protanomaly
66, 61.558, 92.469

Deuteranomaly
66, 62.275, 84.639

Tritanomaly
66, 29.289, 63.977

Monochromacy



Original Color
66, 62.241, 88.616

Achromatopsia
64, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
64, 24.916, 94.650

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 62.241, 88.616 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 157, 37)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 157, 37)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 157, 37) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 157, 37) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 62.241, 88.616 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 157, 37) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 157, 37) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 157, 37)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 157, 37); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 157, 37);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 157,  
37) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 62.241, 88.616 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 157, 37) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
157, 37) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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