

Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 66.141, 151.523)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(66, 66.141, 151.523)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(66, 65.975, 151.634)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	06B865
RGB	6, 184, 101
RGB Percent	2%, 72%, 40%
CMY	0.9777, 0.2778, 0.6034
CMYK	0.97, 0.00, 0.45, 0.28
HSL	152°, 94%, 37%
HSV	152°, 97%, 72%
XYZ	19.5991, 35.3238, 18.1324
YIQ	121.3160, -79.4450, -63.5490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

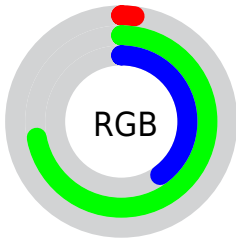
Format	Color
RYB	6, 122, 184
Decimal	440421
CIELab	66.00, -58.05, 31.34
CIElCh	66, 65.975, 151.634
Yxy	35.3238, 0.2683, 0.4835
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278630501 (0xFF06B865)
YUV	121.3160, -10.0158, -101.1321
Hunter-Lab	59.4338, -45.1463, 23.5151

Details

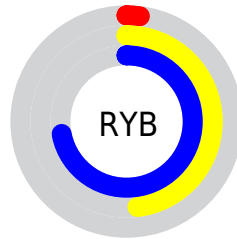
The CIELCh color **66, 65.975, 151.634** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC66**. A complement of this color would be **40, 65.626, 4.036**, and the grayscale version is **51, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86, 65.794, 151.650**, and **47, 58.019, 145.503** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66, 67.205, 150.971**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66, 61.776, 153.837**.

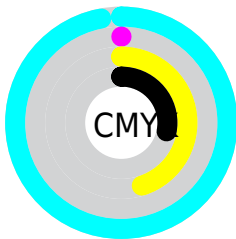
Distribution



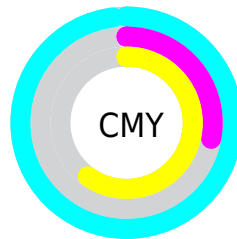
- Red (2%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (2%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Black (28%)





- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (60%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 65.975, 151.634 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 65.975, 151.634 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 66, 65.975,
151.634


 66, 65.975,
151.634


 100, 65.975,
151.634


 56, 65.975,
151.634


 86, 65.975,
151.634

 46, 65.975,
151.634

 96, 65.975,
151.634

 36, 65.975,
151.634

 26, 65.975,
151.634

 16, 65.975,
151.634

 6, 65.975, 151.634

 0, 65.975, 151.634

■ 66, 65.975,
151.634

■ 66, 65.975,
151.634

■ 66, 67.205,
150.971

■ 66, 61.776,
153.837

■ 67, 56.855,
155.861

■ 67, 51.162,
157.674

■ 68, 44.741,
159.284

■ 69, 37.686,
160.708

■ 70, 30.123,
161.970

■ 71, 22.190,
163.096

■ 72, 14.022,

164.112

■ 74, 5.737, 165.060

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 65.975, 151.634



40, 65.626, 4.036

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 65.975, 151.634



66, 65.975, 201.634



66, 65.975, 331.634



66, 65.975, 21.634

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 65.975, 151.634



90, 29.555, 162.819



67, 85.293, 128.815



47, 20.181, 162.344



97, 0.011, 296.813



50, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 65.975, 151.634



84, 82.578, 150.554



66, 37.349, 201.641



38, 4.690, 164.830



56, 58.942, 151.298



8, 14.106, 159.121

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 65.626, 4.036



51, 80.562, 6.193



39, 79.656, 39.454



36, 4.758, 346.320



33, 58.400, 4.668



2, 11.981, 352.779

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 65.975, 151.634 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

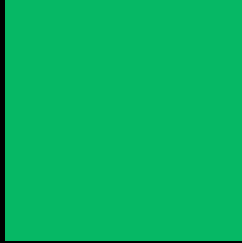
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 65.975, 151.634 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 66, 65.975, 151.634

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 65.975, 151.634.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 65.975, 151.634.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
66, 65.942, 151.612

Protanopia
66, 37.081, 95.306

Deuteranopia
65, 29.233, 73.221



Tritanopia
66, 30.250, 212.191

Trichromacy



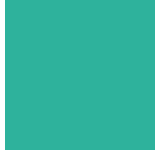
Original Color
66, 65.942, 151.612



Protanomaly
64, 45.416, 135.123



Deuteranomaly
63, 35.918, 134.247



Tritanomaly
66, 39.990, 178.291

Monochromacy



Original Color
66, 65.942, 151.612



Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
55, 29.716, 161.254

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 65.975, 151.634 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(6, 184, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(6, 184, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(6, 184, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(6, 184, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 65.975, 151.634 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(6, 184, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(6, 184, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(6, 184, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(6, 184, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(6, 184, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(6, 184,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 65.975, 151.634 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(6, 184, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(6, 184,  
101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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