

Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 7.561, 162.891)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(66, 7.561, 162.891) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(66, 7.552, 162.896)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	94A49C
RGB	148, 164, 156
RGB Percent	58%, 64%, 61%
CMY	0.4190, 0.3562, 0.3876
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.05, 0.36
HSL	150°, 8%, 61%
HSV	150°, 10%, 64%
XYZ	31.5590, 35.3238, 36.6772
YIQ	158.3040, -6.9680, -5.8800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

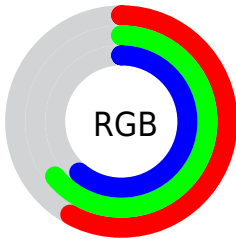
Format	Color
RYB	148, 159, 164
Decimal	9741468
CIELab	66.00, -7.22, 2.22
CIElCh	66, 7.552, 162.896
Yxy	35.3238, 0.3047, 0.3411
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287931548 (0xFF94A49C)
YUV	158.3040, -1.1359, -9.0366
Hunter-Lab	59.4338, -9.2268, 5.0152

Details

The CIELCh color **66, 7.552, 162.896** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **63, 7.651, 344.401**, and the grayscale version is **65, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86, 7.765, 161.525**, and **46, 7.406, 164.419** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65, 15.286, 161.963**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67, 0.200, 341.911**.

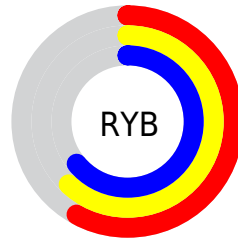
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (64%)

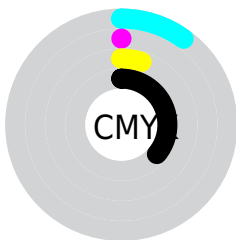
Blue (61%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (64%)

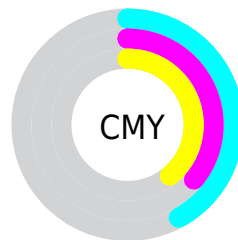


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 7.552, 162.896 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 7.552, 162.896 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 66, 7.552, 162.896

■ 66, 7.552, 162.896

■ 100, 7.552,
162.896

■ 56, 7.552, 162.896

■ 86, 7.552, 162.896

■ 46, 7.552, 162.896

■ 96, 7.552, 162.896

■ 36, 7.552, 162.896

■ 26, 7.552, 162.896

■ 16, 7.552, 162.896

■ 6, 7.552, 162.896

■ 0, 7.552, 162.896

■ 66, 7.552, 162.896

■ 66, 7.552, 162.896

■ 65, 15.286,

■ 67, 0.200, 341.911

161.963

69, 7.898, 344.366

63, 22.903,
160.947

71, 15.482,
345.074

62, 30.290,
159.811

73, 22.910,
345.715

62, 37.322,
158.530

75, 30.157,
346.309

61, 43.872,
157.082

77, 37.204,
346.863

60, 49.827,
155.443

78, 41.793,
344.619

60, 55.104,
153.601

78, 44.256,
339.952

59, 59.671,
151.555

78, 47.008,
335.856

59, 63.664,
149.412

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 7.552, 162.896



63, 7.651, 344.401

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 7.552, 162.896



66, 7.552, 212.896



66, 7.552, 342.896



66, 7.552, 32.896

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 7.554, 162.892



85, 2.879, 163.550



66, 9.340, 128.066



45, 2.180, 163.457



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 7.554, 162.892



84, 11.548, 162.667



66, 5.937, 197.533



34, 4.362, 162.936



53, 58.014, 149.616



4, 7.027, 161.201

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 7.651, 344.401



79, 11.728, 344.626



63, 6.295, 18.592



32, 4.416, 344.357



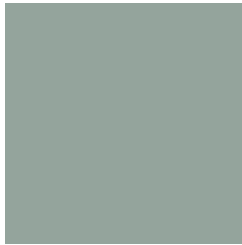
31, 55.840, 1.102



1, 6.583, 346.259

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 7.552, 162.896 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

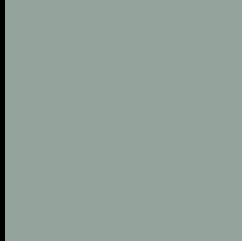
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 66, 7.552, 162.896 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

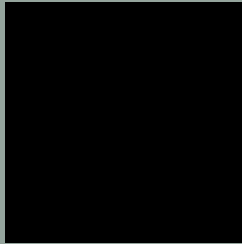
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

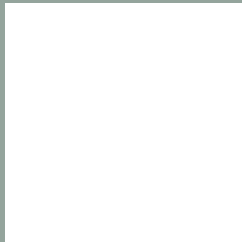
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 66, 7.552, 162.896

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 7.552, 162.896.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 7.552, 162.896.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
66, 7.552, 162.896

Protanopia
66, 3.598, 69.495

Deuteranopia
66, 8.341, 8.718



Tritanopia
66, 7.991, 263.965

Trichromacy



Original Color
66, 7.552, 162.896

Protanomaly
66, 3.406, 122.869

Deuteranomaly
66, 3.133, 29.685

Tritanomaly
66, 5.467, 236.722

Monochromacy



Original Color
66, 7.552, 162.896

Achromatopsia
65, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
65, 2.839, 163.473

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 7.552, 162.896 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 164, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 164, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 164, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 164, 156) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 7.552, 162.896 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 164, 156) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 164, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(148, 164, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 164, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 164, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 164,  
156) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 7.552, 162.896 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 164, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148,  
164, 156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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