

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 7.899, 141.835)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(66, 7.899, 141.835) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(66, 7.908, 141.832)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	98A397
RGB	152, 163, 151
RGB Percent	60%, 64%, 59%
CMY	0.4022, 0.3590, 0.4061
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.07, 0.36
HSL	115°, 6%, 62%
HSV	115°, 7%, 64%
XYZ	31.8335, 35.3238, 34.6095
YIQ	158.3430, -2.7040, -6.0640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

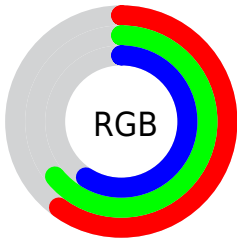
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	151, 163, 162
Decimal	10003351
CIELab	66.00, -6.22, 4.89
CIElCh	66, 7.908, 141.832
Yxy	35.3238, 0.3128, 0.3471
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288193431 (0xFF98A397)
YUV	158.3430, -3.6201, -5.5628
Hunter-Lab	59.4338, -8.4025, 7.0779

# Details

The CIELCh color  $66, 7.908, 141.832$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $64, 7.934, 322.511$ , and the grayscale version is  $65, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $86, 8.124, 142.082$ , and  $46, 7.764, 141.500$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $65, 18.777, 141.238$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $68, 2.844, 322.233$ .

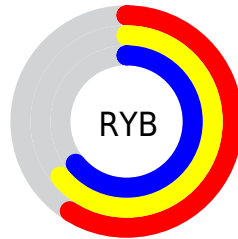
# Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (64%)

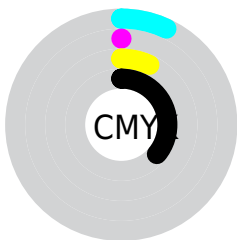
Blue (59%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (64%)

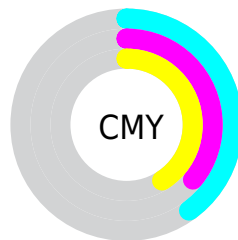


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (41%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 7.908, 141.832 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 7.908, 141.832 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 66, 7.908, 141.832

■ 66, 7.908, 141.832

■ 100, 7.908,  
141.832

■ 56, 7.908, 141.832

■ 86, 7.908, 141.832

■ 46, 7.908, 141.832

■ 96, 7.908, 141.832

■ 36, 7.908, 141.832

■ 26, 7.908, 141.832

■ 16, 7.908, 141.832

■ 6, 7.908, 141.832

■ 0, 7.908, 141.832

■ 66, 7.908, 141.832

■ 66, 7.908, 141.832

■ 65, 18.777,

■ 68, 2.844, 322.233

141.238

69, 13.402,  
322.714

63, 29.639,  
140.564

71, 23.708,  
323.081

62, 40.333,  
139.801

73, 33.729,  
323.391

61, 50.643,  
138.958

75, 43.448,  
323.652

60, 60.289,  
138.067

77, 52.861,  
323.875

60, 68.918,  
137.190

79, 57.065,  
326.388

59, 76.106,  
136.430

59, 81.420,  
135.916

59, 84.688,  
135.696



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 7.908, 141.832



64, 7.934, 322.511

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 7.908, 141.832



66, 7.908, 191.832



66, 7.908, 321.832



66, 7.908, 11.832

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 7.910, 141.833



84, 2.640, 142.175



67, 5.967, 105.042



45, 1.513, 142.187



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 7.910, 141.833



83, 11.973, 141.729



66, 6.098, 158.138



34, 6.090, 141.723



52, 78.290, 135.550



4, 9.472, 142.400



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64, 7.934, 322.511



80, 12.009, 322.604



64, 6.141, 339.121



32, 6.109, 322.609



32, 76.407, 325.048



1, 9.377, 321.475



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 7.908, 141.832 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 66, 7.908, 141.832 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

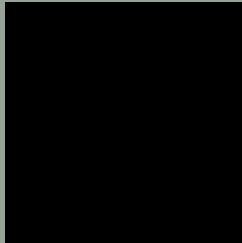
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

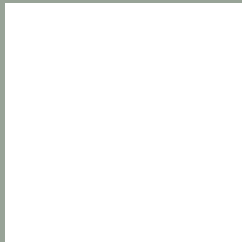
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 66, 7.908, 141.832**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 7.908, 141.832.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 7.908, 141.832.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

66, 7.908, 141.832

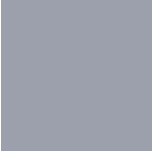
### Protanopia

66, 6.500, 88.233

### Deuteranopia

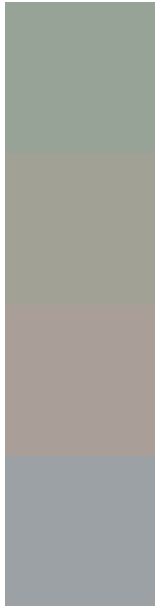
66, 9.140, 27.092





**Tritanopia**  
66, 7.328, 279.412

# Trichromacy



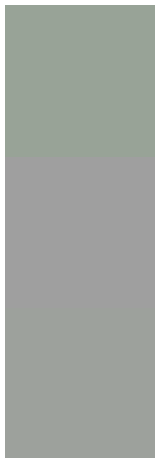
**Original Color**  
66, 7.908, 141.832

**Protanomaly**  
66, 6.068, 109.528

**Deuteranomaly**  
66, 5.427, 57.201

**Tritanomaly**  
66, 3.125, 244.657

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
66, 7.908, 141.832

**Achromatopsia**  
65, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
66, 3.172, 138.733

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 7.908, 141.832 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 163, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 163, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 163, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 163, 151) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 7.908, 141.832 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 163, 151) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 163, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 163, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 163, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 163, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 163,  
151) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 7.908, 141.832 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 163, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
163, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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