

Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 71.902, 341.758)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(66, 71.902, 341.758)
contains.

CIELCh(66, 71.524, 341.720)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(66, 71.524, 341.720)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF67CA
RGB	255, 103, 202
RGB Percent	100%, 40%, 79%
CMY	0.0000, 0.5952, 0.2070
CMYK	0.00, 0.60, 0.21, 0.00
HSL	321°, 100%, 70%
HSV	321°, 60%, 100%
XYZ	56.8849, 35.3238, 59.8301
YIQ	159.7340, 58.8130, 63.0130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

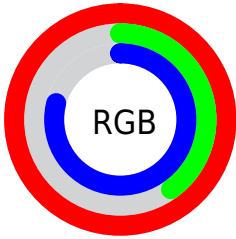
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 103, 202
Decimal	16738250
CIE _{Lab}	66.00, 67.91, -22.43
CIE _{LCh}	66, 71.524, 341.720
Yxy	35.3238, 0.3741, 0.2323
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294928330 (0xFFFF67CA)
YUV	159.7340, 20.8371, 83.5483
Hunter-Lab	59.4338, 66.8355, -18.0816

Details

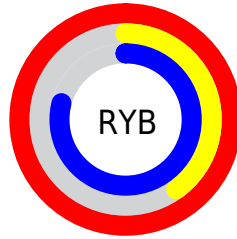
The CIELCh color **66, 71.524, 341.720** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF66CC**. A complement of this color would be **90, 71.001, 149.962**, and the grayscale version is **66, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78, 58.540, 326.437**, and **46, 71.535, 341.687** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62, 79.907, 343.002**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71, 61.131, 340.510**.

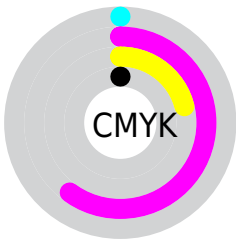
Distribution



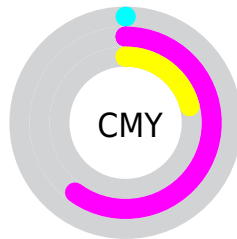
- Red (100%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (21%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 71.524, 341.720 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 71.524, 341.720 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 66, 71.524,
341.720


 66, 71.524,
341.720


 100, 71.524,
341.720


 56, 71.524,
341.720


 86, 71.524,
341.720

 46, 71.524,
341.720

 96, 71.524,
341.720

 36, 71.524,
341.720

 26, 71.524,
341.720

 16, 71.524,
341.720

 6, 71.524, 341.720

 0, 71.524, 341.720

66, 71.524,
341.720

66, 71.524,
341.720

62, 79.907,
343.002

71, 61.131,
340.510

59, 85.826,
344.609

76, 49.510,
339.493

57, 88.885,
346.581

82, 37.166,
338.575

56, 89.369,
348.990

88, 24.523,
337.731

56, 89.370,
349.112

94, 11.876,
336.938

100, 0.012,
296.813

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 71.524, 341.720



90, 71.001, 149.962

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 71.524, 341.720



66, 71.524, 31.720



66, 71.524, 161.720



66, 71.524, 211.720

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 71.476, 341.662



89, 22.599, 337.608



56, 86.461, 307.425



45, 15.726, 337.845



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 71.476, 341.662



62, 80.955, 343.222



64, 61.907, 15.342



50, 7.094, 336.937



42, 72.222, 348.625



11, 34.060, 345.383

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66, 71.476, 341.662



62, 80.955, 343.222



92, 46.159, 179.954



50, 7.094, 336.937



42, 72.222, 348.625



11, 34.060, 345.383

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 71.524, 341.720 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

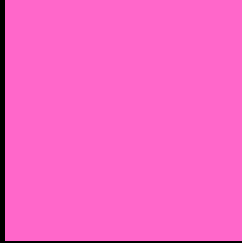
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 71.524, 341.720 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

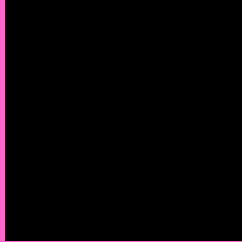
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 66, 71.524, 341.720

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 71.524, 341.720.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 71.524, 341.720.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66, 71.524, 341.720

Protanopia

66, 47.287, 285.599

Deuteranopia

66, 20.584, 295.191



Tritanopia
66, 52.701, 20.944

Trichromacy



Original Color
66, 71.524, 341.720



Protanomaly
64, 51.708, 308.558



Deuteranomaly
65, 39.088, 325.124



Tritanomaly
66, 55.889, 3.606

Monochromacy



Original Color
66, 71.524, 341.720



Achromatopsia
66, 0.008, 296.813



Achromatomaly
64, 28.902, 338.899

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 71.524, 341.720 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 103, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 103, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 103, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 103, 202) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 71.524, 341.720 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 103, 202) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 103, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 103, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 103, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 103, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 103,  
202) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 71.524, 341.720 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 103, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
103, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor