

Converting Colors

CIELCh(66, 90.283, 133.214)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(66, 90.283, 133.214)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(66, 90.515, 133.286)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	36B901
RGB	54, 185, 1
RGB Percent	21%, 73%, 0%
CMY	0.7866, 0.2761, 0.9960
CMYK	0.71, 0.00, 0.99, 0.28
HSL	103°, 99%, 36%
HSV	103°, 99%, 72%
XYZ	18.8123, 35.3238, 5.8551
YIQ	124.8550, -19.0120, -84.9960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

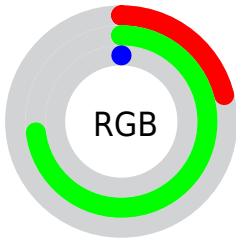
Format	Color
RYB	1, 185, 132
Decimal	3586305
CIELab	66.00, -62.06, 65.89
CIELCh	66, 90.515, 133.286
Yxy	35.3238, 0.3136, 0.5888
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281776385 (0xFF36B901)
YUV	124.8550, -61.0605, -62.1398
Hunter-Lab	59.4338, -47.5096, 35.7628

Details

The CIELCh color **66, 90.515, 133.286** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC33**. A complement of this color would be **35, 93.608, 317.681**, and the grayscale version is **53, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **86, 90.496, 133.341**, and **47, 72.660, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66, 90.695, 133.313**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66, 86.846, 132.714**.

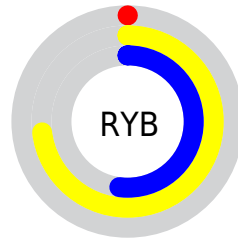
Distribution



Red (21%)

Green (73%)

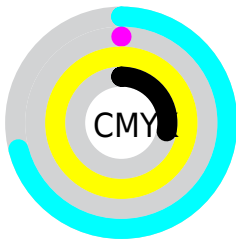
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (73%)

Blue (52%)

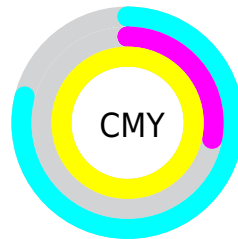


Cyan (71%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (79%)


Magenta (28%)


Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 66, 90.515, 133.286 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 66, 90.515, 133.286 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 66, 90.515,
133.286


 66, 90.515,
133.286


 100, 90.515,
133.286


 56, 90.515,
133.286


 86, 90.515,
133.286


 46, 90.515,
133.286


 96, 90.515,
133.286

 36, 90.515,
133.286

 26, 90.515,
133.286

 16, 90.515,
133.286

 6, 90.515, 133.286

 0, 90.515, 133.286

■ 66, 90.515,
133.286

■ 66, 90.515,
133.286

■ 66, 90.695,
133.313

■ 66, 86.846,
132.714

■ 67, 81.243,
132.477

■ 67, 73.713,
132.611

■ 68, 64.715,
132.992

■ 69, 54.705,
133.504

■ 70, 44.049,
134.064

■ 71, 33.018,
134.621

■ 72, 21.809,

135.147

■ 74, 10.563,
135.632

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66, 90.515, 133.286



35, 93.608, 317.681

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66, 90.515, 133.286



66, 90.515, 183.286



66, 90.515, 313.286



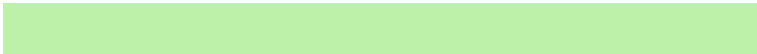
66, 90.515, 3.286

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66, 90.514, 133.287



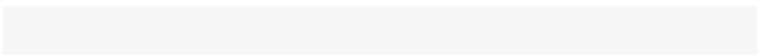
90, 41.575, 134.564



58, 64.838, 78.897



47, 28.309, 134.333



97, 0.011, 296.813



50, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66, 90.514, 133.287



84, 110.600, 133.515



65, 88.145, 138.635



38, 6.302, 135.638



56, 79.758, 133.147



8, 17.690, 138.431

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35, 93.608, 317.681



45, 114.178, 317.500



42, 77.584, 338.098



36, 6.352, 316.390



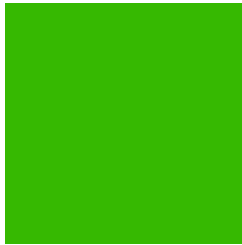
29, 82.585, 317.774



2, 16.719, 312.603

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 90.515, 133.286 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 66, 90.515, 133.286 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

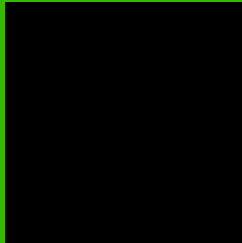
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 66, 90.515, 133.286

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 90.515, 133.286.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 66, 90.515, 133.286.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

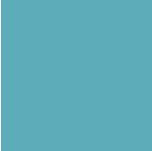
66, 90.726, 133.341

Protanopia

66, 69.060, 95.168

Deuteranopia

65, 61.835, 82.228



Tritanopia
66, 25.309, 214.233

Trichromacy



Original Color
66, 90.726, 133.341



Protanomaly
65, 73.180, 115.020



Deuteranomaly
64, 65.768, 109.538



Tritanomaly
65, 47.818, 153.055

Monochromacy



Original Color
66, 90.726, 133.341



Achromatopsia
52, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
56, 42.178, 133.977

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 66, 90.515, 133.286 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(54, 185, 1)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(54, 185, 1)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 185, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(54, 185, 1) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 66, 90.515, 133.286 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(54, 185, 1) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(54, 185, 1) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(54, 185, 1)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(54, 185, 1); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 185, 1);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 185, 1)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 66, 90.515, 133.286 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(54, 185, 1) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(54, 185,  
1) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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