

Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 0.735, 254.153)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(67, 0.735, 254.153) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(67, 0.671, 256.036)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A2A3A4
RGB	162, 163, 164
RGB Percent	64%, 64%, 64%
CMY	0.3641, 0.3602, 0.3563
CMYK	0.01, 0.01, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	210°, 1%, 64%
HSV	210°, 1%, 64%
XYZ	34.7703, 36.6320, 40.4330
YIQ	162.8150, -0.9170, 0.0990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	162, 163, 164
Decimal	10658724
CIELab	67.00, -0.16, -0.65
CIELCh	67, 0.671, 256.036
Yxy	36.6320, 0.3109, 0.3276
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288848804 (0xFFA2A3A4)
YUV	162.8150, 0.5842, -0.7148
Hunter-Lab	60.5244, -3.3720, 2.7587

Details

The CIELCh color $67, 0.671, 256.036$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $67, 0.660, 74.642$, and the grayscale version is $67, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $87, 0.637, 256.145$, and $47, 0.716, 255.959$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $64, 6.092, 256.769$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $71, 4.787, 74.231$.

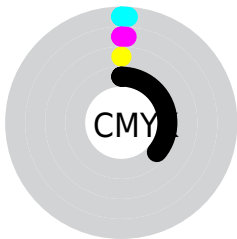
Distribution



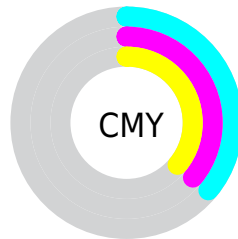
- Red (64%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 0.671, 256.036 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 0.671, 256.036 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 67, 0.671, 256.036

■ 67, 0.671, 256.036

100, 0.671,
256.036

■ 57, 0.671, 256.036

■ 87, 0.671, 256.036

■ 47, 0.671, 256.036

■ 97, 0.671, 256.036

■ 37, 0.671, 256.036

■ 27, 0.671, 256.036

■ 17, 0.671, 256.036

■ 7, 0.671, 256.036

■ 0, 0.671, 256.036

■ 67, 0.671, 256.036

■ 67, 0.671, 256.036

■ 64, 6.092, 256.769

■ 71, 4.787, 74.231

60, 11.459,
258.288

74, 10.260, 73.312

57, 16.748,
260.109

78, 15.733, 72.499

53, 21.943,
262.277

81, 21.191, 71.787

50, 27.033,
264.849

88, 30.605, 73.933

47, 32.025,
267.876

90, 32.372, 82.440

44, 36.947,
271.383

92, 34.779, 89.859

41, 41.856,
275.351

94, 37.689, 96.160

38, 46.832,
279.686

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 0.671, 256.036



67, 0.660, 74.642

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 0.671, 256.036



67, 0.671, 306.036



67, 0.671, 76.036



67, 0.671, 126.036

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 0.670, 255.886



86, 0.010, 296.813



67, 0.949, 163.032



45, 0.006, 296.813



93, 0.011, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 0.670, 255.886



85, 0.684, 255.954



67, 1.095, 289.682



35, 0.310, 255.999



31, 46.491, 282.992



2, 4.969, 260.218

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67, 0.952, 343.305



85, 0.970, 343.218



67, 1.076, 109.338



34, 0.440, 343.167



31, 55.854, 0.981



1, 6.589, 346.191

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 0.671, 256.036 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 67, 0.671, 256.036 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

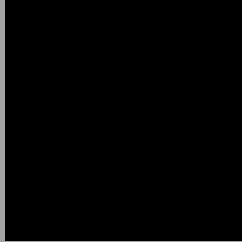
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

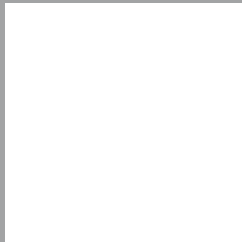
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 67, 0.671, 256.036

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 0.671, 256.036.

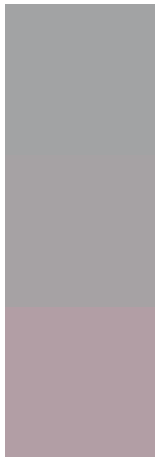


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 0.671, 256.036.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


67, 0.671, 256.036

Protanopia

67, 1.894, 343.657

Deuteranopia

67, 8.608, 353.590



Tritanopia
67, 6.688, 297.211

Trichromacy



Original Color

67, 0.671, 256.036

Protanomaly

67, 1.602, 335.601

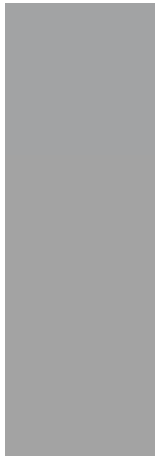
Deuteranomaly

67, 5.368, 348.937

Tritanomaly

67, 4.448, 295.454

Monochromacy



Original Color

67, 0.671, 256.036

Achromatopsia

67, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly

67, 0.008, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 0.671, 256.036 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 163, 164)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 163, 164)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 163, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 163, 164) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 0.671, 256.036 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 163, 164) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 163, 164) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(162, 163, 164)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 163, 164); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 163, 164);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 163,  
164) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 0.671, 256.036 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 163, 164) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162,  
163, 164) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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