

Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 10.541, 323.573)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(67, 10.541, 323.573)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(67, 10.734, 324.917)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AE9EAE
RGB	174, 158, 174
RGB Percent	68%, 62%, 68%
CMY	0.3167, 0.3794, 0.3167
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	300°, 9%, 65%
HSV	300°, 9%, 68%
XYZ	37.4456, 36.6320, 45.2703
YIQ	164.6080, 4.4000, 8.3680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

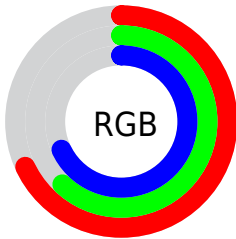
Format	Color
RYB	174, 158, 174
Decimal	11443886
CIELab	67.00, 8.78, -6.17
CIELCh	67, 10.734, 324.917
Yxy	36.6320, 0.3138, 0.3069
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289633966 (0xFFAE9EAE)
YUV	164.6080, 4.6303, 8.2368
Hunter-Lab	60.5244, 4.5181, -1.9800

Details

The CIELCh color $67, 10.734, 324.917$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $70, 10.715, 143.933$, and the grayscale version is $68, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $87, 10.390, 326.447$, and $47, 10.752, 325.069$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $63, 22.508, 325.468$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $72, 0.939, 144.648$.

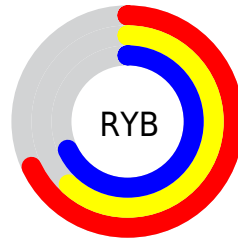
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (62%)

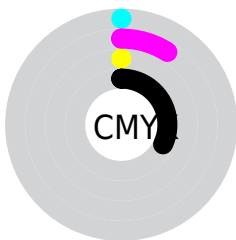
Blue (68%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (68%)

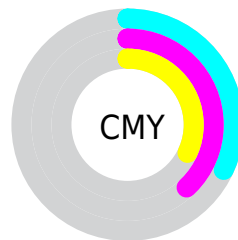


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (32%)


Magenta (38%)


Yellow (32%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 10.734, 324.917 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 10.734, 324.917 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 67, 10.734,
324.917


 67, 10.734,
324.917


 100, 10.734,
324.917


 57, 10.734,
324.917


 87, 10.734,
324.917

 47, 10.734,
324.917

 97, 10.734,
324.917

 37, 10.734,
324.917

 27, 10.734,
324.917

 17, 10.734,
324.917

 7, 10.734, 324.917

 0, 10.734, 324.917

67, 10.734,
324.917

67, 10.734,
324.917

63, 22.508,
325.468

72, 0.939, 144.648

58, 34.213,
326.001

76, 12.390,
143.891

54, 45.595,
326.509

81, 23.550,
143.371

51, 56.318,
326.975

86, 34.385,
142.879

48, 65.972,
327.385

91, 44.878,
142.414

45, 74.114,
327.722

93, 50.525,
142.168


43, 80.350,
327.975


93, 50.525,
142.169

42, 84.450,

93, 50.524,
142.169

328.139

 93, 50.524,
142.169

 41, 86.697,
328.228

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 10.734, 324.917



70, 10.715, 143.933

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 10.734, 324.917



67, 10.734, 14.917



67, 10.734, 144.917



67, 10.734, 194.917

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 10.732, 324.917



89, 4.333, 324.542



66, 8.885, 291.114



47, 3.312, 324.599



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 10.732, 324.917



84, 15.954, 325.030



67, 7.561, 344.358



34, 6.590, 324.924



35, 77.959, 328.234



2, 13.856, 324.440

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67, 10.732, 324.917



84, 15.954, 325.030



70, 7.468, 162.944



34, 6.590, 324.924



35, 77.959, 328.234



2, 13.856, 324.440

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 10.734, 324.917 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 10.734, 324.917 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

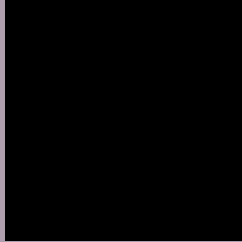
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 67, 10.734, 324.917

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 10.734, 324.917.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 10.734, 324.917.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

67, 10.734, 324.917

Protanopia

67, 8.294, 291.038

Deuteranopia

67, 10.734, 324.917



Tritanopia
67, 8.755, 331.024

Trichromacy



Original Color
67, 10.734, 324.917

Protanomaly
67, 8.527, 303.511

Deuteranomaly
67, 10.734, 324.917

Tritanomaly
67, 9.177, 328.779

Monochromacy



Original Color
67, 10.734, 324.917

Achromatopsia
68, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
68, 3.366, 324.535

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 10.734, 324.917 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 158, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 158, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 158, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 158, 174) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 10.734, 324.917 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 158, 174) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 158, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 158, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 158, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 158, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 158,  
174) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 10.734, 324.917 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 158, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
158, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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