

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 10.561, 142.120)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(67, 10.561, 142.120)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(67, 10.584, 142.267)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	21
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	27

# Color

**CIELCh(67, 10.584, 142.267)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	98A797
RGB	152, 167, 151
RGB Percent	60%, 65%, 59%
CMY	0.4033, 0.3444, 0.4072
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.10, 0.34
HSL	116°, 8%, 62%
HSV	116°, 10%, 66%
XYZ	32.4304, 36.6320, 34.7114
YIQ	160.6910, -3.8040, -8.1560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

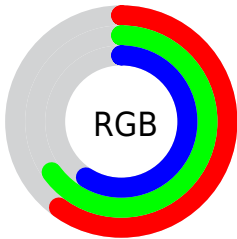
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">151, 167, 166</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10004375</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">67.00, -8.37, 6.48</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">67, 10.584, 142.267</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">36.6320, 0.3125, 0.3530</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288194455 (0xFF98A797)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">160.6910, -4.7777, -7.6220</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">60.5244, -10.2730, 8.3636</a>

# Details

The CIELCh color  $67, 10.584, 142.267$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $64, 10.613, 323.214$ , and the grayscale version is  $66, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $87, 10.664, 142.471$ , and  $47, 10.623, 141.974$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $66, 21.741, 141.638$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $69, 0.475, 322.330$ .

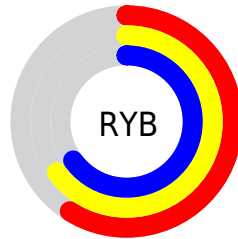
# Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (65%)

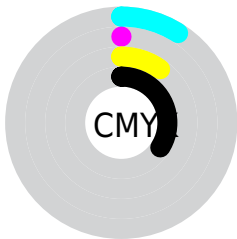
Blue (59%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (65%)

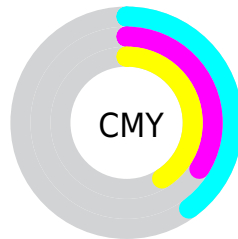


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (34%)


Yellow (41%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 10.584, 142.267 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 10.584, 142.267 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 67, 10.584,  
142.267


 67, 10.584,  
142.267


 100, 10.584,  
142.267


 57, 10.584,  
142.267


 87, 10.584,  
142.267

 47, 10.584,  
142.267

 97, 10.584,  
142.267

 37, 10.584,  
142.267

 27, 10.584,  
142.267

 17, 10.584,  
142.267

 7, 10.584, 142.267

 0, 10.584, 142.267

67, 10.584,  
142.267

67, 10.584,  
142.267

66, 21.741,  
141.638

69, 0.475, 322.330

64, 32.853,  
140.919

70, 11.347,  
323.211

63, 43.739,  
140.105

72, 21.964,  
323.603

62, 54.157,  
139.207

74, 32.288,  
323.932

61, 63.795,  
138.261

76, 42.297,  
324.210

61, 72.269,  
137.339


79, 51.985,  
324.446

60, 79.136,  
136.554

80, 54.820,  
326.313

60, 83.973,

136.037

 60, 86.854,  
135.743

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 10.584, 142.267



64, 10.613, 323.214

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 10.584, 142.267



67, 10.584, 192.267



67, 10.584, 322.267



67, 10.584, 12.267

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 10.586, 142.268



86, 4.073, 142.666



68, 8.199, 106.403



46, 3.116, 142.612



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 10.586, 142.268



84, 15.040, 142.170



67, 7.904, 159.524



35, 6.290, 142.285



53, 79.428, 135.677



5, 11.472, 142.997



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64, 10.613, 323.214



81, 15.079, 323.298



64, 7.979, 340.921



33, 6.306, 323.199



33, 77.258, 325.829

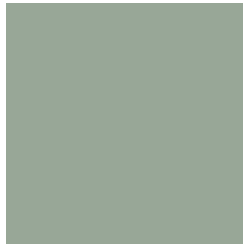


2, 11.356, 322.087



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 10.584, 142.267 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

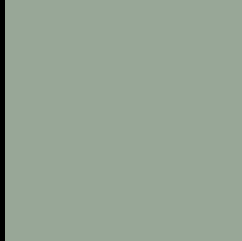
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 10.584, 142.267 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

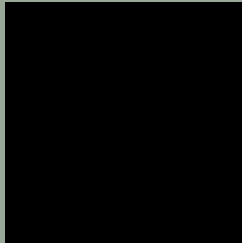
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

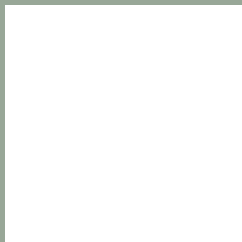
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 67, 10.584, 142.267**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 10.584, 142.267.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 10.584, 142.267.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

67, 10.584, 142.267

### Protanopia

67, 7.659, 88.281

### Deuteranopia

67, 10.147, 32.710





**Tritanopia**  
67, 7.573, 271.296

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
67, 10.584, 142.267

**Protanomaly**  
67, 7.711, 112.273

**Deuteranomaly**  
67, 6.312, 71.168

**Tritanomaly**  
67, 3.857, 215.888

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
67, 10.584, 142.267

**Achromatopsia**  
66, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
66, 3.839, 139.682

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 10.584, 142.267 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 167, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 167, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 167, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 167, 151) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 10.584, 142.267 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 167, 151) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 167, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 167, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 167, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 167, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 167,  
151) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 10.584, 142.267 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 167, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
167, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor