

Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 13.353, 106.454)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(67, 13.353, 106.454)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(67, 13.198, 105.309)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A6A48C
RGB	166, 164, 140
RGB Percent	65%, 64%, 55%
CMY	0.3484, 0.3562, 0.4504
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.16, 0.35
HSL	55°, 13%, 60%
HSV	55°, 16%, 65%
XYZ	33.8101, 36.6320, 30.1607
YIQ	161.8620, 8.8960, -7.0400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

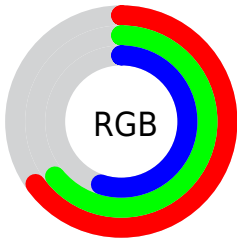
Format	Color
RYB	142, 166, 140
Decimal	10921100
CIELab	67.00, -3.48, 12.73
CIELCh	67, 13.198, 105.309
Yxy	36.6320, 0.3361, 0.3641
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289111180 (0xFFA6A48C)
YUV	161.8620, -10.7780, 3.6290
Hunter-Lab	60.5244, -6.2040, 12.8215

Details

The CIELCh color **67, 13.198, 105.309** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **60, 13.593, 288.664**, and the grayscale version is **67, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87, 13.033, 105.769**, and **47, 12.952, 104.521** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66, 21.594, 104.287**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68, 4.762, 106.320**.

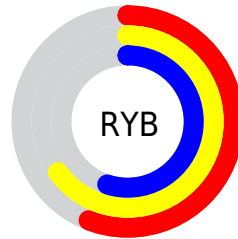
Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (64%)

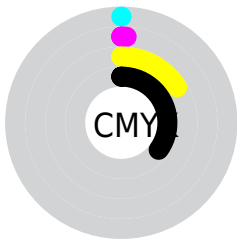
Blue (55%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (55%)

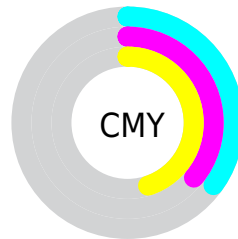


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (35%)


Magenta (36%)


Yellow (45%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 13.198, 105.309 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 13.198, 105.309 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 67, 13.198,
105.309


 67, 13.198,
105.309


 100, 13.198,
105.309


 57, 13.198,
105.309


 87, 13.198,
105.309

 47, 13.198,
105.309

 97, 13.198,
105.309

 37, 13.198,
105.309

 27, 13.198,
105.309

 17, 13.198,
105.309

 7, 13.198, 105.309

 0, 13.198, 105.309

67, 13.198,
105.309

67, 13.198,
105.309

66, 21.594,
104.287

68, 4.762, 106.320

66, 29.878,
103.255

69, 3.677, 287.352

65, 37.944,
102.235

69, 12.092,
288.297

65, 45.620,
101.245

70, 20.467,
289.217

64, 52.638,
100.308

71, 28.790,
290.100

64, 58.619, 99.447

72, 37.054,
290.940

63, 63.098, 98.682

73, 44.465,
291.613

63, 65.715, 98.017

73, 43.738,
290.985

■ 63, 66.585, 97.744

■ 74, 43.016,
290.337

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 13.198, 105.309



60, 13.593, 288.664

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 13.198, 105.309



67, 13.198, 155.309



67, 13.198, 285.309



67, 13.198, 335.309

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 13.199, 105.316



86, 5.230, 106.374



61, 10.456, 13.787



46, 3.598, 106.309



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 13.199, 105.316



85, 19.885, 104.937



67, 14.934, 125.362



35, 4.823, 105.959



56, 61.159, 97.796



6, 8.565, 105.521

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 13.593, 288.664



74, 20.626, 289.146



60, 15.309, 306.886



33, 4.911, 287.902



17, 85.363, 305.082



1, 8.932, 287.390

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 13.198, 105.309 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

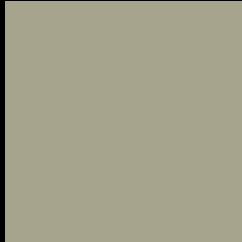
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 13.198, 105.309 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

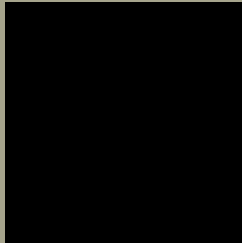
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

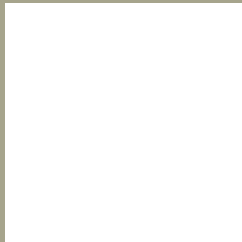
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 67, 13.198, 105.309

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 13.198, 105.309.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 13.198, 105.309.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


67, 13.198, 105.309

Protanopia

67, 13.570, 95.017

Deuteranopia

67, 14.479, 54.755



Tritanopia
67, 7.852, 322.493

Trichromacy



Original Color
67, 13.198, 105.309

Protanomaly
67, 13.401, 98.391

Deuteranomaly
67, 13.021, 72.814

Tritanomaly
67, 2.899, 41.761

Monochromacy



Original Color
67, 13.198, 105.309

Achromatopsia
67, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
67, 4.964, 105.167

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 13.198, 105.309 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 164, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 164, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 164, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 164, 140) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 13.198, 105.309 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 164, 140) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 164, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 164, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 164, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 164, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 164,  
140) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 13.198, 105.309 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 164, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
164, 140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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