

Converting Colors

CIELCh(67, 13.612, 214.518)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(67, 13.612, 214.518)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(67, 13.564, 212.597)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	84AAB0
RGB	132, 170, 176
RGB Percent	52%, 67%, 69%
CMY	0.4836, 0.3346, 0.3111
CMYK	0.25, 0.03, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	188°, 22%, 60%
HSV	188°, 25%, 69%
XYZ	31.5866, 36.6320, 46.3134
YIQ	159.3220, -24.5740, -6.1900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

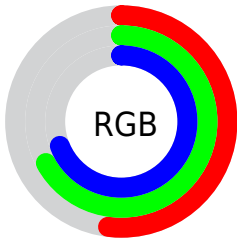
Format	Color
RYB	132, 152, 176
Decimal	8694448
CIELab	67.00, -11.43, -7.31
CIElCh	67, 13.564, 212.597
Yxy	36.6320, 0.2758, 0.3198
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286884528 (0xFF84AAB0)
YUV	159.3220, 8.2223, -23.9614
Hunter-Lab	60.5244, -12.7615, -3.0018

Details

The CIELCh color **67, 13.564, 212.597** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **61, 16.103, 32.849**, and the grayscale version is **65, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87, 13.534, 214.374**, and **47, 13.644, 213.243** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65, 18.264, 212.893**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69, 8.411, 212.454**.

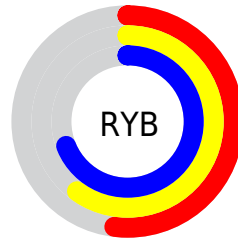
Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (67%)

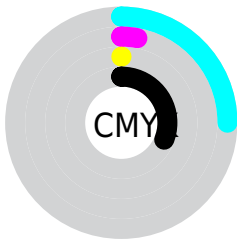
Blue (69%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (69%)

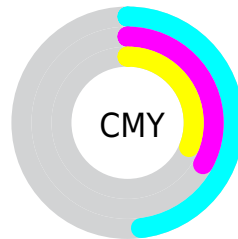


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (48%)


Magenta (33%)


Yellow (31%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 13.564, 212.597 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 13.564, 212.597 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 67, 13.564,
212.597


 67, 13.564,
212.597


 100, 13.564,
212.597


 57, 13.564,
212.597


 87, 13.564,
212.597

 47, 13.564,
212.597

 97, 13.564,
212.597

 37, 13.564,
212.597

 27, 13.564,
212.597

 17, 13.564,
212.597

 7, 13.564, 212.597

 0, 13.564, 212.597

67, 13.564,
212.597

67, 13.564,
212.597

65, 18.264,
212.893

69, 8.411, 212.454

64, 22.419,
213.389

71, 2.894, 212.527

73, 2.909, 32.233

62, 25.943,
214.120

75, 8.926, 32.475

61, 28.767,
215.136

77, 15.099, 32.677

79, 21.379, 32.906

60, 30.849,
216.493

82, 27.726, 33.160

59, 32.194,
218.246

82, 27.264, 35.923

83, 26.740, 38.855

58, 32.866,
220.441

58, 33.082,

221.619

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 13.564, 212.597



61, 16.103, 32.849

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 13.564, 212.597



67, 13.564, 262.597



67, 13.564, 32.597



67, 13.564, 82.597

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 13.564, 212.591



89, 5.666, 212.463



68, 26.956, 146.574



47, 4.007, 212.451



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 13.564, 212.591



84, 19.791, 212.735



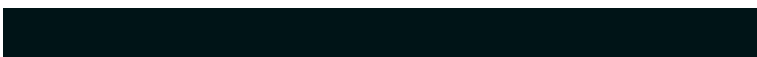
61, 16.482, 272.086



36, 3.183, 212.453



50, 29.530, 221.265



5, 6.645, 218.472

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 26.959, 329.877



74, 40.092, 330.213



66, 16.749, 85.168



34, 6.000, 328.917



34, 70.188, 334.408



2, 12.126, 330.219

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 13.564, 212.597 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 67, 13.564, 212.597 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

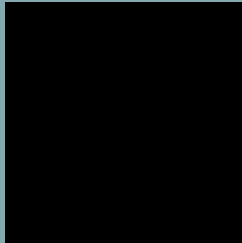
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

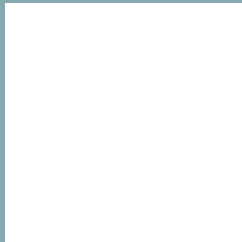
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 67, 13.564, 212.597

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 13.564, 212.597.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 13.564, 212.597.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


67, 13.564, 212.597

Protanopia

67, 4.999, 294.968

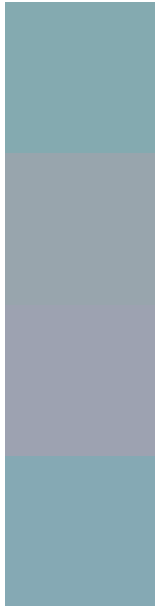
Deuteranopia

67, 12.126, 314.580



Tritanopia
67, 14.088, 229.362

Trichromacy



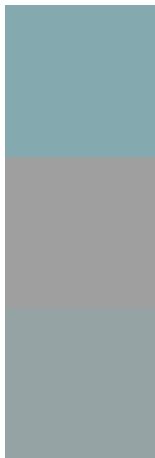
Original Color
67, 13.564, 212.597

Protanomaly
67, 6.402, 242.938

Deuteranomaly
67, 8.458, 278.653

Tritanomaly
67, 13.661, 225.068

Monochromacy



Original Color
67, 13.564, 212.597

Achromatopsia
65, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
66, 5.276, 211.205

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 13.564, 212.597 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 170, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 170, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 170, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 170, 176) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 13.564, 212.597 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 170, 176) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 170, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 170, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 170, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 170, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 170,  
176) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 13.564, 212.597 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 170, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
170, 176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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